

Los Angeles Unified School District Budget Services & Financial Planning Division



INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

Los Angeles Unified School District Office of the Superintendent

TO: All Members of the LAUSD Educational Community **DATE:** June 17, 2010

Revised

FROM: Ramon Cortines

SUBJECT: 2010-11 Final Budget (Board Report 463-09/10 – Tab 27)

California's financial crisis has continued to have a devastating impact on us here at the Los Angeles Unified School District. Since joining the district in 2008, I have made it a priority to use our resources to serve our students. I understand the depth of the State's deficit and the value of living within our means, but we must continue to fight for our students, classrooms and schools. Amidst it all, our decisions must be focused on our students.

Please find attached the three-year budget with proposals for the 2010-2011 through 2012-13 years. In short, the 2010-2011 year has been balanced using a combination of reductions made possible by shared commitments from the majority of our bargaining units and a line by line review of department reductions, structural changes and efficiencies. In addition, we have had some minimal increase in revenues and cost savings. When we receive new information, we are making some adjustments as necessary. As such, we have used savings from furlough days to save class sizes and retain some of our employees.

We have also preserved our athletic program due to the generous support of our sports community. In addition, I have restored a portion of the arts funding that was due to be cut. I have always stated that arts are core to our instructional program, and I feel that we cannot allow the magnitude of the original cuts to be implemented. I am continuing to work with the arts community to build partnerships so that we can restore our arts program to the level our students deserve.

We have worked to ensure senior high and middle schools will have library services available in every school. In addition, we are continuing to work with California School Employee Association (CSEA), Unit D, to try and keep some library services in all elementary schools. I am following this issue closely to see how it develops.

This budget strategy comes with some risks: the Governor's May Revise proposal has not been finalized so we have created a contingency plan should those additional cuts be enacted. We may indeed face an Early Childhood education cut as proposed by the Governor or other funding shortfalls at some point. I urge all of you to continue to join me in our advocacy at the State level to preserve funding for our youngest students.

Through our shared commitments, increased attendance, and increased federal revenues, we have been able to generate some anticipated savings for the 2010-11 school year. Given the uncertainty of the State's budget, I propose using any realized savings from the 2010-2011 year to address the additional sizeable deficits for the 2011-13 out years. We have discussed the looming funding cliff where even deeper cuts will be necessary. For now, we are submitting a balanced plan for 2010-11 and we are focusing on 2011-13 solutions.

Some critics have faulted us for being conservative in our budget projections over the past two years, but thus far our estimates have proven to be a reality. This fiscally sound strategy has helped LAUSD maintain a semblance of stability throughout these extremely difficult times. Where other districts in the State are increasing class sizes to 30:1 in K-3, we are maintaining class sizes of 24:1. In addition, we have been able to accomplish a feat that our City and State agencies have not been able to do - we have maintained our strong credit rating, which has allowed us to save millions of dollars over the last several years.

Throughout this crisis we have pursued multiple options to minimize the impacts on our schools. Rest assured we will continue to aggressively pursue all options available to us. As you all know, one option we pursued was a parcel tax. The majority of voters supported Measure E, the District's limited parcel tax, on the June 8 ballot, but unfortunately we did not garner the 66 percent we needed to pass the measure. Therefore, we will not be able to restore another 200 custodians to our schools; we will not be able to reduce core academic class sizes at the high school level; and, we will not be able to improve security on our campuses.

We will continue to advocate at the federal and state level for increased funding for our students. In addition, we have submitted applications for competitive federal grants including Investing in Innovation, Race to the Top, and School Improvement Grant. I am asking the Board to approve this budget which I believe is our best opportunity to preserve a quality education for our students with the resources we currently have.

Thousands of our dedicated employees are being laid off because of these painful cuts. Offices are shrinking; Programs are being halved. We are continuing to look at structural change to avoid duplication and to work more effectively. Some counselors, librarians and administrators are returning to the classroom for the first time in several years. We must continue to fight and find creative ways to protect our students. The vote that you take on Tuesday is not the end of our fight it is merely a point along the way. We must continue to come together and convince the federal and state officials that our students deserve adequate resources.

I choose to stand up to the economic challenges day-by-day, month-by-month. The budget I am proposing represents both the balance and the battle necessary while honoring our commitment to students, classrooms and schools.

c: James Morris Michelle King Judy Elliott David Holmquist Jefferson Crain

LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET

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Yumi Takahashi Budget Director

Prepared by
Budget Services and Financial Planning Division
Budget Services Branch

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET

GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION DISTINGUISHED BUDGET PRESENTATION AWARD FOR 2009-10

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to Los Angeles Unified School District, California for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

This award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current budget continues to conform to program requirements, and we will submit the District's Adopted 2010-11 Final Budget document to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.



GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

PRESENTED TO

Los Angeles Unified School District California

For the Fiscal Year Beginning

July 1, 2009

President

Executive Director

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I. Introduction and Summary

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LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Education Report



Report Number: 463-09/10

Date: June 22, 2010

Subject: Adoption of the 2010-11 Final Budget; Proposed Use of Tier 3

Categorical Funds

Responsible Staff:

Name Yumi Takahashi

Office/Division Budget Services and Financial Planning Division

Telephone No. 213-241-2100

BOARD REPORT

Action Proposed:

- (1) That the Board adopt the Superintendent's 2010-11 Final Budget, including the Budget Adjustment and Balancing Proposals for Board Approval set forth in Attachment A, and that the Final Budget be filed as adopted with the County Superintendent of Schools on State Form SACS-2010 in the manner prescribed by law.
- (2) That the Board adopt the recommendations for the proposed use of Tier III categorical funds set forth in Attachment B.
- (3) That the Budget Services and Financial Planning Division and the Accounting and Disbursements Division be authorized to take actions necessary to implement the provisions of this Board Report, and that the Budget Policies (Attachment C) as set forth in this Board Report be adopted.

Background:

Education Code Section 42127 requires that the Board of Education each year hold a public hearing, adopt a budget that indicates the District can meet its financial obligations for the next fiscal year and two subsequent fiscal years, and file the budget with the Los Angeles County Office of Education (LACOE) on or before July 1.

Under the terms of SBX3 4 and AB4X 2, state categorical programs listed as "Tier III" may be transferred for any "educational purpose" (includes unrestricted General Fund or other categorical programs) for the period from 2008-09 through 2012-13. As a condition of the receipt of these categorical funds, section 42605 of the Education Code requires that the Board conduct an annual public hearing on the proposed uses of these Tier III funds, receive testimony from members of the public, discuss the

LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Education Report

proposed uses of the funds, and approve or disapprove the proposed use of the funds. The proposed uses of the Tier III categorical funds are set forth in Attachment B and are also contained in the proposed final budget for the 2010-2011 fiscal year.

Expected Outcomes:

The outcome of this Board action is an adopted budget for the 2010-11 fiscal year that will enable the district to comply with Education Code Section 42127 which requires that the Board of Education adopt a budget and file with the County Superintendent of Schools.

Board Options and Consequences:

The District will meet the requirements of Education Code Section 42127 should the Board vote to approve. Should the Board not vote to approve, the District will not meet the requirements of Education Code Section 42127. Non-compliance could result in penalties under Education Code Section 42128.

Policy Implications:

Budget Impact:

Adoption of a Final Budget for 2010-11.

Issues and Analysis:

Attachments:

☐ Informative

☐ Desegregation Impact Statement



LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Education Report

Respectfully submitted,

RAMON C. CORTINES Superintendent of School

APPROVED & PRESENTED BY:

Yumi Takahashi Budget Director

Budget Services and Financial Planning Division

APPROVED BY:

JAMES MORRIS
Chief Operating Officer

REVIEWED BY:

DAVID HOLMQUIST General Counsel

No Legal Issues

☐ Legal Informative

Budget Adjustments and Balancing Proposals for Board Approval - Final Budget 2010-11								
	FY 2	010-11	FY 2011-1	2	FY 2012-13	Tot	al	
Second Interim Non-Cumulative Deficit	\$	(619.99)		8.33)				
Board Approved Fiscal Stabilization Plan D	\$	619.96		4.58				
Second Interim Revised Non-Cumulative Balance (after Fiscal Stabilization Plan)	\$	(0.03)	\$ (26	3.70)				
Undesignated Beginning Balance per Third Interim	\$	94.85						
Changes Via Furlough Agreements								
Furlough savings (UTLA, AALA, District Represented)	\$	77.68	\$	51				
Restorations Due to Union Agreements (see below for details)	\$	(130.05)	\$ (13	(0.05				
Total Furlough Agreements Changes	\$	(52.37)		0.05)				
Changes in Revenues								
Additional State Fiscal Stabilization Funds	¢	48.91	ċ	2				
Increase of 2009-10 P2 ADA over previous estimates	\$							
	\$	16.63		0.56				
Other Revenue Changes (technical corrections)	\$	2.28	23	2.92				
Increase in Medi-Cal Administrative Activities revenue via new reimbursement method	\$		\$	10.0				
Total Revenue Changes	\$	67.82	> 4	3.47				
Changes in Expenditures								
Special Augmentations								
Arts Program restoration	\$	(5.00)	\$	70				
\$85,000 allocation to each Non-Title I school	\$	(4.51)	\$	77				
\$50/ADA allocation to each Per Pupil school	\$	(3.07)	\$	-				
Reserve for contingencies	\$	(2.50)	\$	2				
Total Special Augmentations	\$	(15.07)	\$	-				
Changes to Fiscal Stabilization Plan D								
Assistant Principals - reverse proposal to exclude magnet enrollment in administrator calculation	\$	(4.18)	\$	4.18)				
Reduction in day to day sub account not realized	\$	(3.11)	\$ (3.11)				
Overpayment reduction less than anticipated	\$	(3.00)	\$ (3.00)				
Fewer closures of small schools (from 11 to 3 sites)	\$	(2.20)	\$ (2.20)				
Fewer Special Education classes closed than anticipated (from 216 to 199 classes)	\$	(2.00)	\$ (2.00)				
Reverse proposal to staff small Options Schools with 0.5 principal instead of 1.0 principal	\$	(1.61)	\$	1.61)				
Central Office reductions less than anticipated	\$	(1.14)		0.17)				
Fewer SRLDP classes closed than anticipated (from 100 to 93 classes)	\$	(0.72)	- 63 · . · . · . · . · . · . · . · . ·	0.72)				
Reduced number of year round schools converting to traditional calendar (from 30 to 34 remaining year round schools)	\$	(0.69)		79				
Beaudry Parking fees not implemented in 2010-11	\$	(0.55)		-				
School Police vacancies not closed	\$	(0.50)		0.50)				
Total Changes to Fiscal Stabilization Plan D	\$	(19.69)		7.48)				
Other Expenditure Changes		1-3.45/						
Increase in CDE-approved indirect cost rate charged to categorical programs	\$	9.00	\$ 3	0.81				
Debt Service for COPs charged to bond	\$	8.24	87	8.24				
Other Expenditure Changes (technical corrections)	\$	2.17		7.57)				
Increased subsidy for Cafeteria Fund from \$4.0 million to \$17.4 million	Ś	(13.47)	Mari	3.59)				
Increase in delay in implementation of classified reduction in force from \$30 million to \$48.2 million	Ś	(18.18)		-				
Total Other Expenditure Changes	5	(12.23)	1100	7.89				
Total Expenditure Changes	\$	(46.99)		0.41				
Cumulative Deficit	\$	63.3		86.6)	\$ 1900	.3) \$	(809.3	5)
Non-Cumulative Deficit	\$	63.3		49.8)		.7) \$	(809.3	

ATTACHMENT A Subject to change

Budget Adjustments and Balancing Proposals for Board Approval - Final Budget 2010-11		FY 2010-11		2011-12		FY 2012-13		tal
Balancing Proposals Affecting only 2011-12 and 2012-13								
Implement reductions that were reversed per 2010-11 UTLA and AALA collective bargaining agreements								
Reduction of school site administrators restored by AALA agreement	\$		\$	11.86	\$	11.86	\$	23.72
Increase of K-3 Class Size from 24:1 to 29:1	\$	72	\$	56.71	\$	56.71	\$	113.42
Increase Grade 6-8 Class Size (+2)	\$	-	\$	14.57	\$	14.57	\$	29.15
Increase Grade 4-5 Class Size (+2)	\$	20=1	\$	14.10	\$	14.10	\$	28.20
Reduce 85 Counselor Positions	\$	· -	\$	7.47	\$	7.47	\$	14.94
Reduce 80 ROC-ROP Instructors	\$	-	\$	7.09	\$	7.09	\$	14.17
Reduce 69 Librarian Positions	\$	-	\$	6.55	\$	6.55	\$	13.11
Adjustment to Teacher Staffing Ranges for K-8	\$	-	\$	6.38	\$	6.38	\$	12.76
Reduce 56 Nursing Positions	\$	_	\$	5.32	\$	5.32	\$	10.64
Total implementation of reductions that were reversed per collective bargaining agreements	\$	-	\$	130.05	\$	130.05	\$	260.11
Cumulative Balance	\$	63.28	\$	(156.51)	\$	(549.17)	\$	(549.17)
Non-Cumulative Balance	\$	63.28	\$	(219.79)	\$	(392.66)	\$	(549.17)
May Revision Contingency Plan								
Potential May Revision Reduction in Revenue	\$	(77.97)	\$	(84.97)	\$	(84.97)	\$	(247.90)
Early Education expenditure reductions contingent upon May Revision revenue reduction materializing	\$	14.69	\$	14.69	\$	14.69	\$	44.06
Total May Revision Contingency Plan	\$	(63.28)	\$	(70.28)	\$	(70.28)	\$	(203.85)
Cumulative Balance	\$		\$	(290.07)	\$	(753.01)	\$	(753.01)
Non-Cumulative Balance	\$		\$	(290.07)	\$	(462.94)	\$	(753.01)

ATTACHMENT A Subject to change

2010-11 REVENUES AND PROPOSED USES FOR TIER III CATEGORICAL PROGRAMS

50ie 403	T A	mount		roposed rogram-	ı	Proposed General	
Resource Name		millions)	s	pecific enditures		Program penditures	Description of Proposed Use of Funds
Supplemental Hourly Programs	\$	57.20	\$	18.50	\$	38.70	Summer school and general education programs
Unrestricted - OSR-Def Maint Fundng	\$	24.85	\$	-	\$	24.85	General education programs
Charter School Categorical Block Grant	\$	3.28	\$	3.28	\$	-	General education programs for affiliated charter schools
Advance Placement Grant	\$	0.40	\$	0.40	\$	1.61	Advance placement fees
Child Oral Assessments	\$	0.35	\$	0.35	\$	-	Oral health programs
Class Size Reduction, Grade Nine	\$	12.24	\$		\$	12.24	General education programs
Community Day Schools	\$	6.98	\$	6.98	\$	-	Community day school expenses and general education programs
Cal-SAFE Academic and Supportive Services	\$	0.10	\$	0.10	\$	-	Student health expenses
Alternative Credentialing Block Grant	\$	1.96	-	0.56	\$	1.40	Teacher intern programs and general education programs
Paraprofessional Teacher Training (CTC)	\$	0.71	\$	0.71	\$	-	Paraeduator training
National Board Certification	\$	1.42	\$	1.42	\$	-	Incentive funding for California National Board Certified teachers
Certificated Staff Mentoring	\$	2.13	\$	-	\$	2.13	General Education Programs
ROC/P Apportionment	\$	53.30	\$	46.28	\$	7.02	ROC/ROP programs and general education programs
School Safety & Violence Prevention, Grades 8-12	\$	7.62	\$	4.26	\$	3.36	School safety, student health, and general education programs
Arts and Music Block Grant	\$	8.72	\$	8.72	\$	-	District Arts Program
CAHSEE Intensive Instruction and Services	\$	6.07	_	-	\$	6.07	General education programs
Supplemental School Counseling Program	\$	16.60	\$	16.60	\$	-	To fund district counseling programs
Gifted & Talented Education (GATE)	\$	4.49	\$	3.57	\$	0.92	To fund districtwide gifted programs and general education programs
Instructional Materials Realignment, IMFRP (AB 1781)	\$	35.42	\$	20.97	\$	14.45	District instructional material requirements and general education programs
California Peer Assistance & Review Program for Teacher (CPARP)	\$	2.58	\$	2.21	\$	0.37	District California Peer Assistance & Review program and general education programs
Staff Development: Mathematics and Reading (AB 466)	\$	5.34	\$	-	\$	5.34	General education programs
Staff Development: Reading Services for Blind Teachers	\$	0.06	\$	-	\$	0.06	General education programs
Pupil Retention Block Grant	\$	4.26	\$	0.54	\$	3.72	Pupil support services and general education programs
School Community Violence Prevention Grant	\$	0.11	\$	0.11	\$		School site violence prevention program
Teacher Credentialing Block Grant	\$	11.07	\$	3.07	\$	8.0	District teacher credentialing and general education programs
Professional Development Block Grant	\$	23.12	\$	2.99	\$	20.12	Professional development and general education programs
Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant	\$	457.16	\$	356.60	\$	100.56	Classroom teachers, magnet school costs, travelling program costs, child development support costs, School Readiness Language Development Program, and general education programs
School and Library Improvement Block Grant	\$	43.39	\$		\$	43.39	General education programs
Community-Based English Tutoring	\$	8.57	\$	8.57	\$	-	English Learners' parent tutoring and support programs
Adult Education Apportionment	\$	164.08	\$	147.78	\$	16.30	Adult education and general education programs
TOTAL TIER III Categorical Program	\$	963.57	\$	654.60	\$	308.98	
			-				

BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS AND POLICIES

The Superintendent's 2010-11 Final Budget reflects the following:

2010-11 Fiscal Year:

- 1. -0.39% COLA and 18.355% deficit factor on the Base Revenue Limit, or a net funded COLA of -0.39%;
- 2. Additional 3.85% reduction to undeficited revenue limit (\$244.92 per ADA).
- 3. ADA of 573,462 from 2009-10 P2 ADA
- -0.38% COLA and 18.355% deficit factor on the State-funded portion of Special Education's AB 602 funding; included in AB602 funding is \$20.1 million for the 2009-10 and \$15 million for 2010-11 Special Disabilities Adjustment (SDA) anticipated to be received in 2010-11.
- 5. -0.38% COLA for Tier I, II and III categorical programs.
- 6. An enrollment decline of 17,458 from 2009-10 for non-charter school enrollment. Charter school enrollment will increase by approximately 5,819.
- 7. A California Consumer Price Index (CPI) of 2% on other operating expenditures, except utilities which was projected to increase by 7%.
- 8. Implementation of balancing solutions adopted by the Board with the Second Interim Financial Report on March 9, 2010. Restoration of positions specified in bargaining unit agreements with UTLA and AALA have been implemented.
- 9. A Reserve for Economic Uncertainties totaling \$65.4 million, reflecting the statutory 1% requirement for districts over 400,000 ADA.
- 10. Seven furlough days for AALA and UTLA members and eight furlough days for District represented employees.
- 11. Funding for employee health and medical benefits at the level currently agreed to the 2009-2011 health and welfare agreement.
- 12. Ongoing and major maintenance resources totaling \$122.6 million, reflecting 2% of budgeted General Fund expenditures.
- 13. Inclusion of 2010-11 beginning balances in each General Fund District Defined Program and each Special Fund, reflecting estimated ending balances as of June 30, 2010 based on the District's Third Period Interim Financial Report.

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June 22, 2010

- 14. Estimated 2010-11 ending balances for each District Defined Program and for selected Special Funds, reflecting the difference between anticipated 2010-11 revenue and expenditure levels.
- 15. Inclusion of amounts in the bond measure funds reflecting projected 2010-11 expenditures.
- 16. Authority to transfer amounts, as necessary, to implement technical adjustments related to development of the 2010-11 budget.
- 17. Authority to implement new 2010-11 grants and increase budgeted appropriations.
- 18. Use of Tier 3 categorical program funds as indicated in Attachment B.

2011-12 and 2012-13 Fiscal Years:

- 1. For 2011-12, there is a statutory COLA of 2.10% with a deficit factor of 20.033% for an effective COLA of 0%. For 2012-13, a statutory COLA of 2.4% with a deficit factor of 20.033% for a net funded COLA of 2.4% has been assumed.
- 2. Additional reduction of 3.85% for both years was applied to the undeficited revenue limit.
- 3. 0% and 2.4% COLA on the State portion of Special Education's AB602 funding for 2011-12 and 2012-13.
- 4. 0% and 2.4% COLA for Tier I, II and III categorical programs for 2011-12 and 2012-13.
- 5. Projected ADA of 556,336.9 for 2011-12 and 541,089.13 for 2012-12
- 6. For 2011-12, an enrollment decline of 18,368 for non-charter schools while charter school enrollment increase of 9,381; for 2012-13, an enrollment decline of 17,508 for non-charter schools while charter school enrollment increase of 9,077.
- 7. CPI of 2.4% in 2011-12 and 2.7% in 2012-13 on other operating expenditures, except utilities which was projected to increase by 7% for each fiscal year.
- 8. No Federal Stimulus funds are assumed in 2011-12 and 2012-13.
- 9. Reduction of \$90 million in K-3 CSR revenue in 2012-13 to reflect the end of K-3 CSR flexibility.
- 10. Increase in per participant contribution of 3% for calendar 2012 and 2013 per 2009-2011 Health and Welfare agreement.

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June 22, 2010

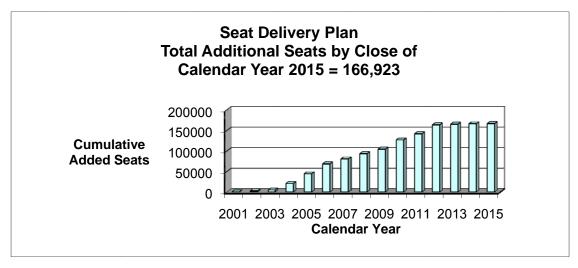
Multi-Year Projection General Fund, Regular Program

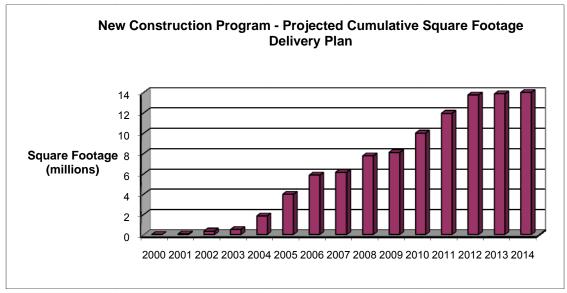
				1				
		2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
		Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated
		Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts
Beginning Balance		\$410.2	\$592.9	\$573.3	\$669.9	\$390.4	\$307.7	-\$40.8
Revenues and Other Financing Source	es							
Revenue Limit Sources	8010-8099	\$3,723.6	\$3,624.1	\$3,444.9	\$2,983.3	\$2,877.2	\$2,777.3	\$2,754.2
Federal Revenues	8100-8299	\$151.0	\$161.0	\$505.0	\$279.9	\$208.2	\$164.7	\$162.9
Other State Revenues	8300-8599	\$1,948.7	\$1,947.2	\$1,781.8	\$1,712.1	\$1,802.6	\$1,733.8	\$1,636.5
Other Local Revenues	8600-8799	\$106.5	\$112.2	\$134.8	\$90.9	\$106.4	\$123.7	\$112.5
Other Financing Sources	8910-8999	\$20.2	\$106.0	\$108.9	\$71.6	\$17.9	\$6.0	\$5.7
Total Revenues		\$5,949.9	\$5,950.5	\$5,975.4	\$5,137.7	\$5,012.2	\$4,805.6	\$4,671.9
Total Sources of Funds		\$6,360.1	\$6,543.4	\$6,548.6	\$5,807.7	\$5,402.6	\$5,113.2	\$4,631.1
Expenditures and Other Financing Us	es							
Certificated Salaries	1000-1999	\$2,792.1	\$2,907.0	\$2,848.3	\$2,428.7	\$2,280.1	\$2,341.6	\$2,333.1
Classified Salaries	2000-2999	\$885.7	\$952.0	\$904.6	\$836.7	\$769.5	\$720.7	\$725.7
Employee Benefits	3000-3999	\$1,185.3	\$1,194.9	\$1,179.5	\$1,303.0	\$1,196.4	\$1,270.8	\$1,299.5
Books & Supplies	4000-4999	\$256.1	\$273.5	\$180.0	\$199.7	\$114.9	\$83.8	\$80.2
Services, Other Operating Expenses	5000-5999	\$544.1	\$573.3	\$593.6	\$601.6	\$541.9	\$564.5	\$584.7
Capital Outlay	6000-6999	\$33.0	\$34.0	\$23.7	\$23.9	\$33.6	\$23.1	\$12.6
Other Outgo	7100-7299	\$46.9	\$0.9	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Other Outgo	7400-7499	\$4.4	\$3.5	\$2.5	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$1.9
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	7300-7399	-\$36.0	-\$32.8	-\$43.4	-\$38.0	-\$37.3	-\$44.4	-\$45.9
Other Financing Uses	7610-7699	\$55.7	\$63.9	\$86.2	\$59.4	\$193.9	\$191.9	\$196.5
Total Expenditures		\$5,767.1	\$5,970.2	\$5,775.3	\$5,417.3	\$5,095.0	\$5,154.0	\$5,188.4
Ending Fund Balance		\$592.9	\$573.3	\$773.4	\$390.4	\$307.7	-\$40.8	-\$557.4
Total Uses of Funds		\$6,360.1	\$6,543.4	\$6,548.6	\$5,807.7	\$5,402.6	\$5,113.2	\$4,631.1
Change in Fund Balance		\$182.8	-\$19.6	\$200.1	-\$279.6	-\$82.7	-\$348.5	-\$516.6
Components of Ending Balance:								
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties		\$71.5	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$59.8	\$59.2
Reserve for Cash/Stores/General Reserve	ve	\$10.9	\$14.5	\$11.5	\$11.5	\$11.5	\$11.5	\$11.5
Legally Restricted Balances		\$219.9	\$305.1	\$476.7	\$175.7	\$130.6	\$127.3	\$128.0
Other Designations/Carryovers		\$207.0	\$100.5	\$56.4	\$43.0	\$36.9	\$47.3	\$53.3
Other Designations/Carryovers-Tier III		\$0.0	\$0.0	\$22.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Undesignated Balance		\$83.6	\$80.8	\$133.5	\$94.9	\$63.3	-\$286.6	-\$809.3
Total Ending Balance		\$592.9	\$573.3	\$773.4	\$390.4	\$307.7	-\$40.8	-\$557.4

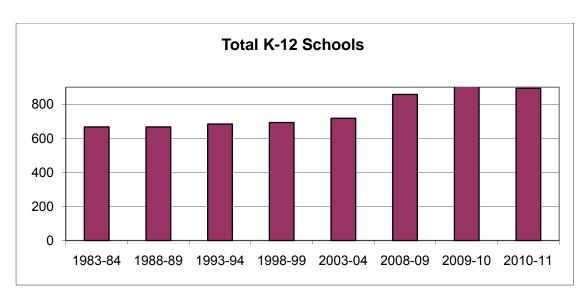
KEY TRENDS AFFECTING LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGET DEVELOPMENT

The following charts identify and quantify a variety of important financial and demographic trends that significantly impact the District's projected revenues and expenditures for the 2010-11 fiscal year. Many of these trends are discussed in more detail in other sections of the 2010-11 Final Budget:

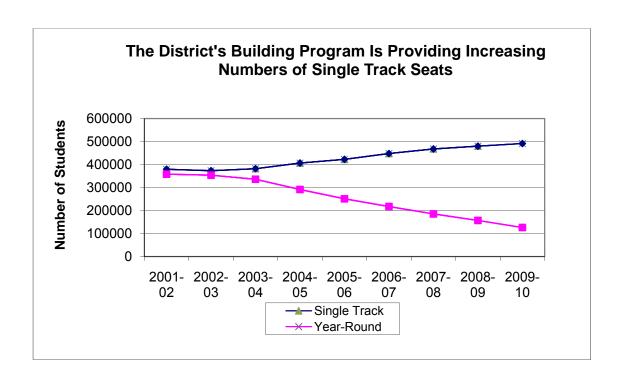
1. <u>Classroom space is increasing</u>. In its ongoing effort to reduce overcrowding and return students to single-track calendars in their own neighborhoods, the District is utilizing voter-approved bond revenues to build additional schools, creating additional seats for students. The District's Strategic Execution Plan describes in detail the overall plan for building, renovating, and modernizing District schools.



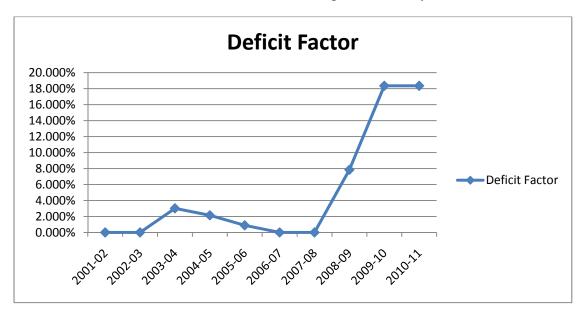


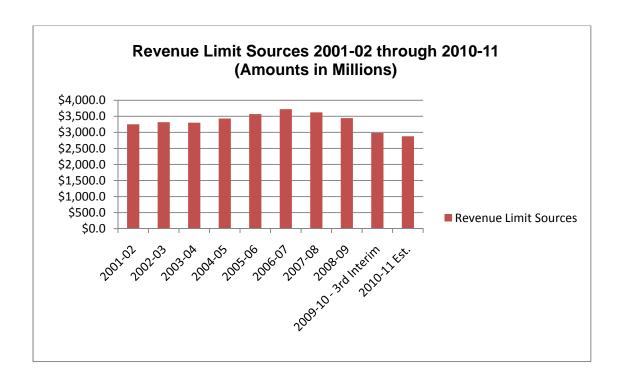


2. <u>The number of students on calendars other than traditional single-track calendar is decreasing</u>. The District's building program is also resulting in fewer students assigned to multi-track, year-round schools, returning more students to traditional, single-track calendars.



3. Following an increase from 2003-04 to 2006-07, unrestricted revenues to the District have dramatically decreased. The deficit factor, the percentage by which funds allocated to school districts is reduced, was zero in the 2006-07 and 2007-08 fiscal years. The revenue limit deficit factor was 18.355 percent for 2009-10, and proposed to remain at 18.355 percent for 2010-11. The assumed deficit factor for the 2011-12 and 2012-13 fiscal year is 20.033 percent. The impact of the deficit factor has contributed to the dramatic decrease in unrestricted revenues. The following graphs display the Deficit Factor and General Fund, Revenue Limit Sources for the past 10 fiscal years.

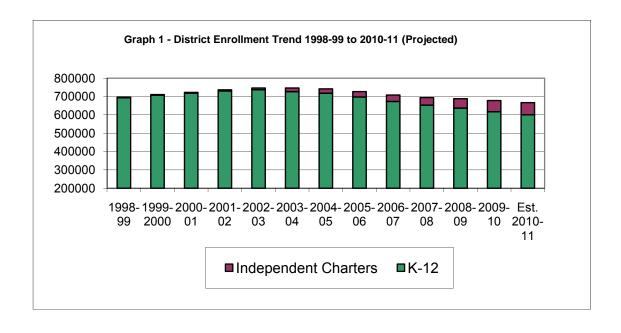




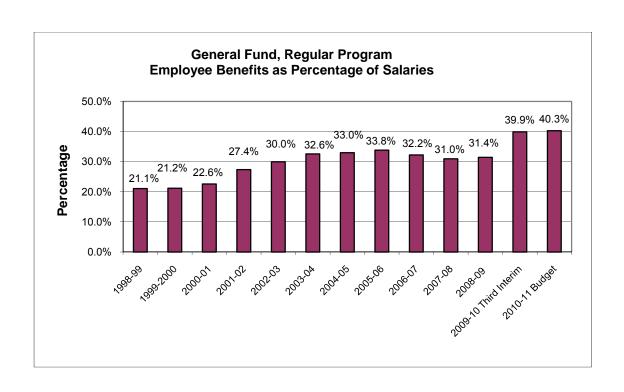
4. <u>District enrollment affects ongoing revenues and expenditures</u>. Enrollment peaked in 2002-03 at 746,831, and has declined each year since, due to a variety of complex factors that include the reduced birth rate in Los Angeles County and the increasing cost of living, including housing, in southern California.

Declining enrollment affects both revenue and expenditures, but typically causes a more rapid decline in revenues following the first year, in which declining enrollment districts are essentially "held harmless" for the decline. Another contributing factor to the change in revenue and expenditure Districtwide is the increase in percentage of students enrolled in independent charter schools. The increase in the percentage of students enrolled in independent charter schools is displayed in the chart below.

The enrollment decline does not affect the need for additional schools. Overcrowding remains an issue at many schools, and many students remain on multi-track, year-round schedules. It is the District's goal to return all students to single-track, traditional calendars in their home neighborhoods.



5. <u>Employee health and medical benefits remain an immediate and long-range concern</u>. The District has exerted significant efforts in recent years through the collective bargaining process to control the impact of employee health and medical benefits on General Fund costs. As the following graph indicates benefits continue to consume a larger portion of the General Fund than was the case previously.



Los Angeles Unified School District Superintendent's 2010-11 Final Budget

Frequently Asked Questions

This document shows estimated 2010-11 revenues and expenditures for all Funds of the District, assuming that current District policies are continued. We have provided historical and projected information for the District's Funds, for the District Defined Programs within the General Fund, and by object of expenditure. Following are answers to some frequently asked questions about the budget.

Which resources are in the General Fund, Regular Program, and which are not?

The General Fund, Regular Program includes most of the District's K-12 operating programs. For example, it includes:

- Funding for teachers, administrators, clerical and custodial staff at schools. This includes funding for class size reduction in grades K-3, and estimated funding for SB 1133 (Quality Education Investment Act).
- Funding for the District's special education program.
- Funding for the District's desegregation programs, in the Targeted Instructional Improvement Grant (TIIG).
- State Fiscal Stabilization Funds (SFSF) and Special Education IDEA funds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009.
- Funding for school maintenance (repairs).
- Funding for Regional Occupational Centers and Programs that provide careeroriented courses.
- Funding for recreation-oriented after-school programs.
- Funding for the administration of the District, including general management, finance, information technology and human resources.

The General Fund, Regular Program does **NOT** include the following resources:

- State and federal categorical funds for low-income, low-achieving or limited-English-proficient students.
- Title I (Socioeconomically Disadvantaged) and Title IID (Technology) funds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA).
- Funding for school breakfasts and lunches.
- State and federal funding for instructionally-oriented before-school and afterschool programs.
- Funding for adult education and for early childhood education programs conducted at children's centers.
- Capital funds, such as bond funds for school construction and funds that pay principal and interest on bonded indebtedness.

This budget does not include funds for additional salary increases in 2010-11 and assumes funding for the cost of employee health and medical benefits at the level currently agreed to in collective bargaining negotiations.

Does the Final Budget include an estimate of SB 1133 revenues and expenditures?

Yes. SB 1133 provides \$500 per K-3 student, \$900 per 4-8 student, and \$1,000 per 9-12 student in some of our lowest-achieving schools. On a limited basis, nine (9) new schools will receive QEIA funds in 2010-11 as a result of a waiver approval from the State. Requests for waivers have to be re-submitted in subsequent years to receive funding in those years. The Final Budget includes \$226.9 million in projected SB 1133 funding, including \$93 million in unexpended balances carried forward from 2009-10.

Does the Final Budget include an estimate of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act revenues and expenditures?

Yes. ARRA funding is included in the Final Budget, including \$48.9 million of State Fiscal Stabilization funds, \$44.7 million of Special Education IDEA funds (General Fund-Regular Program), \$224.5 million of Title I Part A (Socioeconomically Disadvantaged) funds, \$5.3 million of Title IID (Education Technology) funds, and \$13.3 million of Special Education IDEA funds (General Fund-Specially Funded Programs).

What legal requirements govern the District's budget process?

Legal requirements for school district budgeting are spelled out in the State Education Code.

- The District is required to adopt a budget each year by June 30. The Superintendent and Chief Financial Officer must certify that the budget is balanced in the current year and, based on reasonable income and expenditure assumptions, that the District will be able to balance its budget for two subsequent years. Thus, based on the best information available, we have considered the District's likely revenues and expenditures in 2011-12 and 2013-14 when balancing the 2010-11 budget.
- At any time the District enters into a collective bargaining agreement with a
 bargaining unit, we are required to submit a multi-year projection confirming
 the District's ability to pay for the agreement in the current year and two
 subsequent years.

Is the Final Budget balanced? How about the impact of the May Revision not only on 2010-11 but also on 2009-10?

The Final Budget are balanced through the use of a combination of budget balancing proposals, including the following:

Board of Education adopted on March 2010 a fiscal Stabilization Plan –
 Option D Use of ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Funds. Use of selected
 TIER III categorical program flexibility,

What happens when the State adopts its budget after the Constitutional deadline?

The State Constitution requires that the Legislature adopt a State Budget no later than June 15 of the preceding fiscal year, and that the Governor sign the proposed State Budget Act no later than June 30. However, there are no penalties for late adoption or signing, and this often happens.

When the Legislature and the Governor miss their deadlines, the requirements for school district budget development do not change. The District will be required to submit its 2010-11 Final Budget to the Los Angeles County Office of Education no later than July 1, 2010 in order to meet its legal obligation, regardless of the adoption date of the State Budget.

Why was it necessary that the District implement budget reductions for 2010-11?

District resources are projected to decrease for various reasons, including the following:

- The May Revision included -0.39% COLA with an 18.355% deficit factor and an additional 3.85% reduction to the undeficited revenue limit. This cost the District \$1,412.81 per unit of average daily attendance (ADA).
- The District is in a period of declining enrollment. While State statutes allow
 declining enrollment districts to claim average daily attendance (ADA) at the
 prior year's level, such districts tend to lose revenue faster than they realize
 savings, because it is difficult to adjust spending downward as enrollment
 declines.
- The cost of employee medical, dental and vision benefits has grown much more rapidly than the District's unrestricted revenues.

Why does the estimated amount of required budget reductions change over time?

The District receives or develops new financial information continuously. Revenue and beginning balance estimates change at the following times:

- At the First Period Interim Financial Report in December.
- When the Governor announces his budget in January.
- At the Second Period Interim Financial Report in March.
- When the Governor publishes the "May Revise."
- In years requiring a Third Interim Financial Report, in June, when that Report is presented.
- When the Legislature and Governor adopt the State Budget in June or later.
- At various times during the year when the State Department of Education publishes fund allocations.

Expenditure estimates change at the following times:

- At the First Period Interim Financial Report in December.
- When the Governor announces his budget in January.
- At the Second Period Interim Financial Report in March.
- When the Governor publishes the "May Revise."
- In years requiring a Third Interim Financial Report, in June, when that Report is presented.
- During the course of the fiscal year when new revenue sources become available, and when schools or offices make budget adjustments with ongoing ("continuous") budget implications.
- When the budget is being developed.
- When we are able to develop better cost estimates internally.

Budget Services and Financial Planning Division attempts to keep the Superintendent and Board updated on a regular basis regarding significant changes in the District's revenue and expenditure estimates.

DISTRICT AND COMMUNITY PROFILE

The Los Angeles Unified School District covers 710 square miles, encompassing most of the City of Los Angeles, all or parts of 31 other cities, and various unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County. Approximately 4.8 million people live within the District's boundaries, including 3.8 million who live within Los Angeles City limits.

District Characteristics

The Los Angeles Unified School District is the nation's second largest school district. Its student population mirrors the ethnic and financial diversity of the communities it serves:

<u>Enrollment</u>. The total K-12 enrollment as of October 2009 was 678,441 students, including those attending magnet, opportunity, and continuation schools and centers, charter schools, and schools for the handicapped. Total K-12 enrollment was divided between regular District schools (637,051) and fiscally independent charter schools (51,087). When one includes individuals served through community adult schools, regional occupational centers and programs, skills centers, and early childhood education centers, the District's total enrollment is approximately 820,600.

Student Characteristics. The District's students come from a wide variety of backgrounds. According to the most recent 2009-10 survey, which does not include charter school data, some 96 languages other than English are spoken in LAUSD schools by the District's 190,848 students who were still learning to speak English proficiently, with the primary non-English languages being Spanish (93.6% of English learners), Korean (1.1%), Armenian (1.1%), Tagalog (0.9%), Cantonese (0.4%), Farsi (0.3%), Vietnamese (0.3%) and Russian (0.3%). The District's student population can be summarized by ethnicity as follows: Hispanic (74.2%), Black, not Hispanic (10.8%), White, not Hispanic (8.4%), Asian (3.6%), Filipino (2.3%), American Indian/Alaskan Native (0.3%), and Pacific Islander (0.3%). Approximately 75.9% of LAUSD students qualify for special funding under federal poverty guidelines. (Source – LAUSD 2009-10 Consolidated Application).

<u>Structure and Number of Schools</u>. The District is divided geographically into eight Local Districts which serve elementary, middle, and senior high schools. As of the beginning of the 2010-11 school year, the Local District Offices provided support for 449 elementary schools, 82 middle schools, 82 high schools, and 16 multi-grade or "span" schools. As of the 2010-11 school year, there were an additional 581 District school/center sites, which can be summarized as follows:

- 146 Magnet Centers
- 104 Early Education Centers
- 55 Options Schools
- 59 Fiscally Independent Charter High Schools
- 44 Fiscally Independent Charter Elementary Schools
- 32 Fiscally Independent Charter Middle Schools
- 32 Fiscally Independent Charter Span Schools
- 20 Primary Centers

- 24 Community Adult Schools
- 26 Magnet Schools
- 18 Special Education Schools
- 10 Fiscally Independent Charter Primary Schools
- 5 Regional Occupational Centers
- 5 Skills Centers
- 1 Regional Occupational Program

The District continues to build new schools, with the ultimate goal of returning each student to a traditional, single-track school calendar in his or her home community.

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET

<u>Student Achievement</u>. The District's 2009 Growth API increased 13 points over the 2008 API base. The subgroups with increases greater than the District average were: African American - not of Hispanic origin (increase of 16 points); Students with Disabilities (increase of 16 points); Pacific Islander (increase of 15 points); and Socioeconomically Disadvantaged (increase of 14 points).

<u>Employees</u>. Based on employee reporting and classifications for the 2009-10 fiscal year, the District had 71,851 regular employees, including 33,214 teachers, 6,761 certificated support personnel and administrators, and 31,876 classified personnel. An employee is "certificated" or "classified" depending upon whether the individual's position requires a teaching or administrative credential.

Community Characteristics

<u>Economic Characteristics</u>. Los Angeles is a large, densely populated area with a highly diversified population. Among the most important industries of the area are manufacturing, entertainment, trade, banking, tourism, and information technology. While the area is home to many large businesses, the largest percentage of property tax revenues are paid by individual citizens. The area's twenty largest corporate or individual taxpayers in 2005-06 paid only 3.15% of total area property taxes.

The various elements of the Los Angeles County economy experience cyclical trends. Among the trends seen in 2010 are the following:

- Los Angeles County's population continues to increase. The Los Angeles County Economic Development Corporation (LAEDC) projects an increase of approximately 68,000, or 0.7%, in 2010.
- Total estimated 2010 nonfarm employment in Los Angeles County is expected to decrease by 0.5% or 19,900 jobs, after a drop of 3.8%, or 154,400 jobs in 2009.
- LAEDC projects total personal income will increase by 1.1% in 2010. The per capita personal income is expected to average \$38,178, up by 1.1% over 2009.
- LAEDC forecasts the Consumer Price Index will increase by 2.0% in 2010.
- LAEDC forecasts Los Angeles County unemployment rate of 12.4% for 2010, an increase of 0.7% over 2009. The unemployment rate in 2011 is expected to average 12.0% as businesses continue to be cautious in rehiring.
- Housing permits continue to decline. 26,348 new housing permits were issued in 2006; 20,363 in 2007; 13,704 in 2008; and only 5,610 in 2009. It is estimated that approximately 6,305 permits will be issued in 2010. The value of nonresidential building permits issued during 2010 is estimated to fall by 10.5%.
- The LA County median home price for 2009 was \$333,920, down by 17.0% year-over-year.

LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

BUDGET AND FINANCE POLICY

Summary

The District's Budget and Finance Policy, which was adopted by the Board of Education in June 2004, is intended to asist the Board of Education in making sound policy, guide the development of the District's budget, enhance the management of the District's finances, minimize the risk that the District's financial condition will create a need for Los Angeles County Office of Education (LACOE) action, and reduce potential audit concerns. It is through the budget that the Board and Superintendent set priorities and allocate resources.

The Budget and Finance Policy was developed based on standards enumerated in the document "Recommended Budget Practices" developed by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). It is consistent with the standards and criteria established by the State Board of Education (Education Code Sections 33127, 33128), as well as current Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) rules and standards. To the extent that LAUSD's budgeting and accounting practices were not in compliance with this policy at the time of its adoption, implementation was to be phased in.

The Finance and Budget Policy is a "living document" which the District expects will evolve over time to best connect District policy, budgeting and financing principles. The Budget and Finance Policy enumerates various broad principles for budgeting and financial operations, as follows:

*Principle One: The budget should be based on the goals of the Board and Superintendent.*The Board and Superintendent have the primary responsibility for developing and articulating the District's goals consistent with this charge. As the budget is developed and presented, these goals should be considered.

Principle Two: The budget should be based on sound financial principles.

LAUSD's budget should keep the District financially viable and able to sustain its key programs over time. The following specific financial principles, which are explained in detail in the full Budget and Finance Policy document, are intended to actualize this principle:

- Balanced Operating Budget
- Appropriate Use of One-Time Revenues
- Alignment of Budget with Expected Expenditures
- Adequate Reserves
- Revenue Maximization
- Revenue Estimation
- Cost Recovery Through Fees and Charges
- Multi-Year Capital Plan and Budget
- Asset Management
- Equipment Replacement
- Prudent Debt Management

- Program Sustainability
- GASB Compliance

Principle Three: The budget should be clear and easy to understand.

The budget should be organized and presented in such a way that readers can understand:

- What the District intends to do and how it intends to do it
- The District's overall financial condition
- The historical context for LAUSD programs

Consistent with the GFOA standards, LAUSD has identified guidelines for the presentation of budgets. These standards provided guidance for development of LAUSD's budgets from four perspectives, as a:

- Policy Document
- Financial Plan
- Operations Guide
- Communications Device

Principle Four: The budget should be timely and easy to manage at the school level.

The process of managing the budget is easier for schools and offices if they have access to systems and training. The Chief Financial Officer retains responsibility for defining the parameters under which schools and offices are allowed to manage their budgets, as set forth by the Board of Education.

Principle Five: The budget process should inform stakeholders.

Prior to the adoption of the final budget, District staff should present the budget to stakeholders. The Board should also conduct a formal public review of the budget, prior to its adoption.

The District's Budget and Finance Policy can be found in its entirety as an Appendix to the Superintendent's 2010-11 Final Budget document.

LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

DEBT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

Summary

<u>Debt Management Policy</u>. In April 2005, the Board of Education approved a Debt Management Policy that established certain guidelines for the issuance of various types of debt instruments and other long-term financial obligations. The Policy requires that the Board review such Policy annually. The Office of the Chief Financial Officer periodically recommends changes to the policy to better serve the District's interests. The most recent report to the Board, which was updated in April 2010, is included as an appendix to this budget document.

- The Policy requires preparation of an annual Debt Report for submission to the Board and the Superintendent. The 2008-09 Debt report was submitted to the Board on April 13, 2010.
- The District's actual performance on debt factors, targets, and ceilings are included in the Debt Report to be presented to the Board.
- Leases undertaken through the District's standard procurement process for all equipment with a useful life of less than six years are excluded from the Policy.

The District's Debt Report includes the following general topics:

- 1. General Obligation Bond debt
 - a. The District's bonded debt limitation and assessed valuation growth
 - b. Bonds outstanding and bonds authorized but unissued
 - c. Intended issuances of bonds
 - d. Tax rate performance for outstanding bonds
 - i. Proposition BB tax rates
 - ii. Measure K tax rates
 - iii. Measure R tax rates
 - iv. Measure Y tax rates
 - v. Measure Q tax rates
- 2. Certificates of Participation ("COPs") debt
 - a. COPs outstanding
- 3. The market for the District's debt
 - a. Municipal bond market
 - b. Cost of the District's fixed rate and variable rate debt
 - i. Fixed rate debt
 - ii. Variable rate debt

4. The District's credit ratings

- a. Long-term credit ratings on General Obligation bonds and Certificates of Participation
- b. Short-term credit ratings on tax and revenue anticipation notes

5. Debt ratios

- a. Use of debt ratios
- b. LAUSD's compliance with debt management policy; debt levels compared to other school districts

<u>Debt Limit Information</u>. Education Code §15106 mandates that "any unified school district . . . may issue bonds that . . . may not exceed 2.5 percent of the taxable property of the district as shown by the last equalized assessment of the county or counties in which the district is located." Based on the District's 2008-09 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (pg. 185), the District's assessed valuation, legal debt limit, and legal debt margin are computed as follows:

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL LIMIT FOR BONDED INDEBTEDNESS:

June 30, 2009 (all amounts in thousands of dollars):

Debt limit - 2.5% of Assessed Valuation per Education Code Section 15106 (1) 11,869,745

Bonded Debt:

General Obligation Bonds \$ 8,223,575

Assets available for payment of principal:

Bond Interest & Redemption Fund (489,380)

Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit \$\frac{\\$7,734,195}{\}\$

REMAINING DEBT LIMIT (bonded debt) (2) \$\frac{4,135,550}{\}\$

- (1) Converted rate from 10% of 25% of full cash value (2.5%) to 2.5% of 100% of full cash value (2.5%).
- (2) The computation of legal debt margin prior to fiscal year 2002-03 includes Certificates of Participation

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller "Taxpayer's Guide"

<u>Debt Trend</u>. The following table provides summary historical information regarding the District's ratio of net general bonded debt and certificates of participation (COPs) to assessed value and net debt per capita:

(Dollars in Th	ousands Except Net	Debt per Capita)				Ratio of	
				Debt		Net Debt	
	Population	Total		Service		to	
Fiscal	Los Angeles	Assessed	Gross	Monies		Assessed	Net Debt
<u>Year</u>	<u>Unified*</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Debt (1)</u>	<u>Available</u>	Net Debt (1)	Value	Per Capita
1999-2000	4,675,227	237,843,892	1,234,287	81,529	1,152,758	0.4847%	\$247
2000-01	4,636,724	253,940,575	1,790,392	117,148	1,673,244	0.6589%	\$361
2001-02	4,502,647	271,514,926	2,395,127	159,062	2,236,065	0.8236%	\$497
2002-03	4,660,473	287,525,935	5,191,382	211,507	4,979,875	1.7320%	\$1,069
2003-04	4,718,101	308,528,780	5,085,570	208,215	4,877,355	1.5808%	\$1,034
2004-05	4,775,778	331,925,137	5,095,029	224,306	4,870,723	1.4674%	\$1,020
2005-06	4,784,682	363,869,479	6,233,663	302,401	5,931,262	1.6301%	\$1,240
2006-07	4,825,016	402,608,837	7,058,754	383,068	6,675,686	1.6581%	\$1,384
2007-08	4,839,918	440,914,390	8,002,427	497,001	7,505,426	1.7022%	\$1,551
2008-09	4,853,617	474,789,798	8,666,230	554,524	8,111,706	1.7085%	\$1,671

^{*} Estimate

Sources: 2008-09 Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller "Taxpayers' Guide."

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Research Section.

LAUSD

<u>Scheduled Debt Repayment for 2010-11 by Fund</u>. The following table indicates the amounts included in the 2010-11 Final Budget, by Fund, for the purpose of repayment of major debt. This table excludes such short-term debt as Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS):

	Budgeted Amount	
<u>Fund</u>	<u>(m</u>	illions)
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	\$	672.9
Capital Services Fund		49.0
Capital Facilities Account Fund		10.7
Tax Override Fund		0.2
TOTAL	\$	732.8

⁽¹⁾ Includes bonded debts (General Obligation Bonds) and COPs.

DESCRIPTIONS OF "FUNDS" UTILIZED BY THE DISTRICT

California State law requires school districts to organize their financial reporting by "Funds." The <u>California School Accounting Manual</u>, which governs school district budgeting and accounting practices in California, defines "Fund" as "an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording financial resources and liabilities. It is established to carry on specific activities or to attain certain objectives of an LEA (a Local Educational Agency) in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations." (Section 101, December 1998).

LEAs such as the Los Angeles Unified School District are required to budget by Fund. The Superintendent's Final Budget is comprised of a General Fund and 26 special funds, the uses of which can be summarized as follows (definitions reflect the <u>California School Accounting Manual</u> descriptions where available, augmented by information from the District budget and from the District's 2006-07 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report to reflect specific District usages of individual funds):

Operating Funds.

<u>General Fund</u> is used to account for the basic instructional, support, and administrative operations of the District, including services to regular K-12 schools, the special education program, and other programs described in the General Fund – District Defined Programs section of this document. The General Fund can support and account for both restricted and unrestricted funding sources and expenditures (many of the unrestricted sources and expenses are summarized in the Specially Funded Programs [SFP] pages of this document).

<u>Adult Education Fund</u> is used to account separately for federal, State, and local revenues for adult education programs, as well as for expenditures in support of that program. Expenditures in the Adult Education Fund are limited to those for adult education purposes; moneys received for programs other than adult education may not be expended for adult education purposes (Education Code §52616[b]), nor may adult education revenues be utilized for the operation of District K-12 schools.

<u>Child Development Fund</u> is used to account for federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs. In the Los Angeles Unified School District, the Child Development Fund covers the activities of the Early Childhood Education Centers (formerly Children's Centers) that operate throughout the District. The Child Development Fund may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs, but may be subsidized by the General Fund. In the District, the Child Development Fund provides pre-school, all-day, and after-school programs for children. Fees are based on each family's ability to pay.

<u>Cafeteria Fund</u> is used to account for federal, State, and local resources to operate the District's food service program (Education Code §38091 and §38100).

<u>Deferred Maintenance Fund</u> is used to account for State apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (Education Code §s 17582 through 17587). Expenditures in the Deferred Maintenance Fund are for such major maintenance projects as repair of plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical, roofing, floors, and interior or exterior paint. Funding is provided by the State, with a District match required. Deferred maintenance funds can comprise

½% of the District's mandatory 3% Routine Repair and General Maintenance contribution (accounted for in the General Fund).

Capital Projects Funds.

<u>Building Funds</u> exist primarily to account for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code §15146). Expenditures are most commonly made against Object 6000 – Capital Outlay accounts. As the result of the passage of multiple bond elections, the District operates five separate Building Funds:

<u>Building Fund</u> is used to account for proceeds from the sale of bonds prior to 1997, as well as State allowances and other resources designed for facilities expansion.

<u>Building Fund – Proposition BB</u> is used to account for the proceeds resulting from passage of Proposition BB, a local school bond measure approved by the voters in April 1997 for construction of new schools and repair and modernization of existing schools.

<u>Building Fund – Measure K</u> is used to account for the proceeds resulting from passage of Measure K, a local school bond measure approved by the voters in November 2002, for new school construction and repair and modernization of existing schools.

<u>Building Fund – Measure R</u> is used to account for the proceeds resulting from passage of Measure R, a local school bond measure approved by the voters in March 2004, for new school construction and repairs to existing schools.

<u>Building Fund – Measure Y</u> is used to account for the proceeds resulting from passage of Measure Y, a local school bond measure approved by the voters in November 2005, for school construction and modernization, with the goal of returning all schools to a traditional calendar.

<u>County School Facilities Funds</u> are used to account for revenues and expenditures resulting from building projects funded primarily or in part from State bond elections or from matching funds. The District operates four separate County School Facilities Funds:

<u>County School Facilities Fund – Proposition 1D</u> provides funding from the Kindergarten-University Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 2006. Proposition 1D was approved by the voters in the November 2006 general election. Funds are intended to provide additional funding for existing school facilities programs, and new funding for seismic mitigation of the most vulnerable school facilities, creation of career technical education facilities, reduction of severely overcrowded sites, and incentives for the construction of high-performance "green" schools.

<u>County School Facilities Fund – Proposition 55</u> is used to account for the matching funds received as a result of the passage of Measure R. Proposition 55 was passed by the voters in March 2004.

<u>County School Facilities Fund – Proposition 47</u> is used to account for apportionments received from the State School Facilities Fund. The passage of Proposition 47 in November 2002 authorized the sale of bonds for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants.

<u>County School Facilities Fund - 1A</u> is used to account for school construction and modernization funds received from proceeds resulting from the passage of Proposition 1A in 1998, as well as for local matching funds.

<u>Capital Facilities Account Fund</u> is used to account for resources received from developer fees levied upon new residential, commercial or industrial development projects within the District's boundaries in order to obtain funds for the construction or acquisition of school facilities to relieve overcrowding.

<u>State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund</u> is used to account for State apportionments received in accordance with State Education Code §17700-17780, primarily for relief of overcrowding.

<u>Special Reserve Funds for Capital Outlay Projects</u> exist primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (Education Code §42840). Transfers authorized by the governing board must be utilized for capital outlay purposes. The District operates four Special Reserve Funds:

<u>Special Reserve Fund</u> is used to account for District resources designated for capital outlay purposes such as land purchases, ground improvements, facilities construction and improvements, new acquisitions, and related expenditures.

<u>Special Reserve Fund – FEMA – Earthquake</u> is used to account for funds received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for capital outlay projects resulting from the January 17, 1994 Northridge Earthquake.

<u>Special Reserve Fund – FEMA – Hazard Mitigation</u> is used to account for funds received from FEMA and for the 25% District matching funds for the retrofit/replacement of pendant lighting and suspended ceilings in selected buildings at schools, offices, and Early Childhood Education Centers.

<u>Special Reserve Fund – Community Redevelopment Agency</u> is used to account for reimbursements of tax increment revenues from certain community redevelopment agencies based on agreements between the District and the agencies. The reimbursements are to be used for capital projects within the respective redevelopment areas covered in the agreements.

Debt Service Funds.

<u>Bond Interest and Redemption Fund</u> is used to account for the payment of the principal and interest on Proposition BB, Measure K and Measure R bond issues. Revenues are derived from ad valorem taxes levied upon all property subject to tax by the District.

<u>Tax Override Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources from ad valorem tax levies for the repayment of State School Building Aid Fund apportionment.

<u>Capital Services Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of principal and interest on certificates of participation (COPs) and long-term capital lease agreements. Revenues are derived primarily from operating transfers from user funds and investment income.

Internal Service Funds.

<u>Health and Welfare Benefits Fund</u> was established to pay for claims, administrative costs, insurance premiums and related expenditures for the District's Health and Welfare Benefits program. Medical and dental claims for the self-insured portion of the Fund are administered by outside claims administrators. Premium payments to Health Maintenance Organizations for medical benefits and to outside carriers for vision services, dental services, and optional life insurance are also paid out of this Fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund</u> was established to pay for claims, excess insurance coverage, administrative costs, and related expenditures. Workers' Compensation claims are administered for the District by an outside claims administrator.

<u>Liability Self-Insurance Fund</u> was established to pay for claims, excess insurance coverage, administrative costs, and related expenditures, and to provide funs for insurance deductible amounts. Liability claims are administered for the District by an outside claims administrator.

Fiduciary Funds.

<u>Attendance Incentive Reserve Fund</u> was established to account for 50% of the salary savings from substitute teacher accounts resulting from reduced costs of absenteeism of UTLA-represented employees. The intent was to reward regular attendance of teachers in order to improve the instructional program.

<u>Student Body Funds</u> were established to account for cash held by the District on behalf of student bodies at various school sites. <u>The California School Accounting Manual</u> does not require that Student Body Fund moneys be reported to the California Department of Education as part of the District budget; however, in accordance with <u>The California School Accounting Manual</u> Student Body Fund information is included in the District's <u>Comprehensive Annual Financial Report</u>.

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Unconsolidated Summary of Sources and Uses by Type of Fund

	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Auth Amounts	2009-10 Est Amounts	2009-10 3d Int Est Amounts	2010-11 Auth Amounts	2010-11 Est Amounts
Operating Funds								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance	\$629.6	\$948.3	\$901.0	\$488.8	\$488.8	\$916.0	\$560.3	\$560.3
Revenue	\$7,637.4	\$7,639.9	\$7,508.2	\$7,155.0	\$7,155.0	\$6,720.5	\$6,873.7	\$6,873.7
Total Sources of Funds	\$8,267.0	\$8,588.2	\$8,409.2	\$7,643.8	\$7,643.8	\$7,636.5	\$7,434.0	\$7,434.0
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure	\$7,318.7	\$7,687.0	\$7,387.6	\$7,541.5	\$7,341.6	\$7,076.2	\$7,288.5	\$7,060.6
Ending Balance	\$948.3	\$901.2	\$1,021.6	\$102.2	\$302.2	\$560.3	\$145.5	\$373.3
Total Uses of Funds	\$8,267.0	\$8,588.2	\$8,409.2	\$7,643.8	\$7,643.8	\$7,636.5	\$7,434.0	\$7,434.0
Capital Funds								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance	\$1,873.2	\$1,757.8	\$1,876.8	\$1,807.5	\$1,807.5	\$1,536.4	\$4,488.1	\$4,488.1
Revenue	\$1,748.0	\$2,251.0	\$2,353.3	\$6,415.5	\$6,415.5	\$5,072.9	\$900.2	\$900.2
Total Sources of Funds	\$3,621.2	\$4,008.8	\$4,230.2	\$8,223.0	\$8,223.0	\$6,609.3	\$5,388.4	\$5,388.4
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure	\$1,839.9	\$2,176.6	\$2,764.9	\$8,211.6	\$4,393.3	\$2,121.2	\$5,376.0	\$2,600.4
Ending Balance	\$1,781.3	\$1,832.2	\$1,465.3	\$11.4	\$3,829.7	\$4,488.1	\$12.4	\$2,788.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$3,621.2	\$4,008.8	\$4,230.2	\$8,223.0	\$8,223.0	\$6,609.3	\$5,388.4	\$5,388.4
Debt Service Funds								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance	\$302.6	\$383.2	\$497.1	\$663.7	\$663.7	\$554.8	\$623.4	\$623.4
Revenue	\$514.8	\$645.4	\$828.9	\$658.7	\$658.7	\$909.1	\$1,030.3	\$1,030.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$817.4	\$1,028.6	\$1,326.0	\$1,322.4	\$1,322.4	\$1,463.8	\$1,653.7	\$1,653.7
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure	\$434.2	\$531.5	\$771.2	\$1,142.6	\$642.6	\$840.4	\$1,580.8	\$1,198.2
Ending Balance	\$383.2	\$497.1	\$554.8	\$179.8	\$679.8	\$623.4	\$72.9	\$455.5
Total Uses of Funds	\$817.4	\$1,028.6	\$1,326.0	\$1,322.4	\$1,322.4	\$1,463.8	\$1,653.7	\$1,653.7
Internal Service Funds								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance	-\$164.0	\$95.3	\$137.9	\$44.9	\$44.9	\$40.8	\$116.4	\$116.4
Revenue	\$964.1	\$987.5	\$927.8	\$1,069.2	\$1,069.2	\$1,110.5	\$1,061.6	\$1,061.6
Total Sources of Funds	\$800.1	\$1,082.8	\$1,065.7	\$1,114.1	\$1,114.1	\$1,151.4	\$1,178.0	\$1,178.0
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure	\$704.8	\$944.8	\$1,024.9	\$1,060.1	\$1,060.1	\$1,034.9	\$1,108.6	\$1,108.6
Ending Balance	\$95.3	\$138.0	\$40.8	\$54.0	\$54.0	\$116.4	\$69.4	\$69.4
Total Uses of Funds	\$800.1	\$1,082.8	\$1,065.7	\$1,114.1	\$1,114.1	\$1,151.4	\$1,178.0	\$1,178.0
Fiduciary Funds								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance	\$0.5	\$1.3	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$1.3	\$2.0	\$2.3	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Uses of Funds							•	
Expenditure	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$2.3	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Ending Balance	\$1.3	\$1.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$1.3	\$2.0	\$2.3	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0

Revenues

GENERAL FUND - REGULAR PROGRAM

It is estimated that the 2010-11 General Fund-Regular Program revenue will decline to \$4.88 billion from the 2009-10 estimated revenue of \$5.14 billion. It is estimated to further decline in 2011-12 and 2012-13 as well, to \$4.67 billion and \$4.53 billion, respectively.

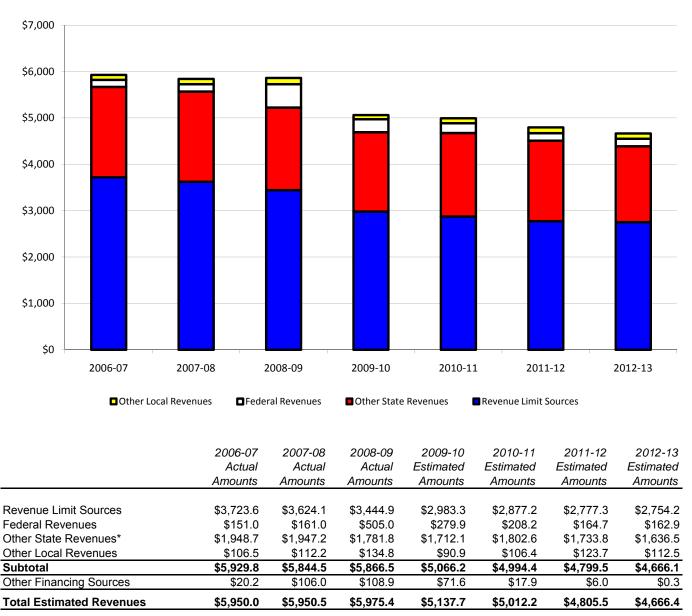
There are several causes for the expected revenue decline during 2010-11:

- The Governor's May Revision budget proposes to apply an 18.355% deficit factor to the base revenue limit, the revenue source that provides much of the funding for the District's basic instructional, support, and administrative functions. This has the impact of reducing by \$1,412.81 per ADA the District's base revenue limit funding.
- There is also an additional 3.85% reduction in the undeficited revenue limit or \$244.96 per ADA reduction.
- LAUSD is experiencing enrollment decline, and increasing numbers of students are attending fiscally-independent charter schools, whose revenues are not reflected in District revenue estimates. Each year, our general purpose revenue limit funding is reduced due to declining enrollment. While the District is able to reduce some costs, it is difficult to reduce costs proportionately to the loss in revenues. Even the declining enrollment provisions in the *California Education Code*, which allows districts with declining attendance to continue to receive funding based on the greater of prior year or current year actual attendance, do not shield school districts from the full impact of their enrollment declines.

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Unconsolidated Revenue Budget General Fund Regular Program by Source

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2009-10	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Authorized		3rd Interim	Authorized	Estimated
Amounts in \$ million	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts
Federal Revenues								
ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (One Time)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$358.6	358.8	358.8	\$41.7	\$7.9	\$7.9
Special Education	\$120.3	\$119.0	\$111.1	173.7	173.7	\$111.8	\$155.9	\$155.9
Medical Billing Option	\$8.1	\$10.0	\$10.8	10.5	10.5	\$18.4	\$18.0	\$18.0
Medicare Part D Subsidy	\$14.3	\$12.7	\$13.0	10.4	10.4	\$11.1	\$10.6	\$10.6
Medi-Cal Admin Activity	\$4.6	\$9.1	\$5.0	5.0	5.0	\$5.0	\$7.0	\$7.0
All Other Federal Revenues Total Federal Revenues	\$3.7 \$151.0	\$10.1 \$161.0	\$6.6 \$505.0	5.5 563.9	5.5 563.9	\$91.9 \$279.9	\$8.7 \$208.2	\$8.7 \$208.2
Total Tederal Revenues	\$131.0	\$101.0	\$303.0	303.9	303.9	\$219.9	\$200.2	\$200.2
State Revenues								
K-12 Revenue Limit (State Portion)	\$2,912.3	\$2,869.4	\$2,581.4	2,369.1	2,369.1	\$2,177.5	\$2,080.1	\$2,080.1
Adult Education Fund Entitlement	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0			\$0.0	\$162.6	\$162.6
Targeted Instrucl Improv Grant (AB825)	\$553.1	\$575.7	\$486.1	462.5	462.5	\$459.0	\$457.2	\$457.2
Special Education Quality Education Investment Act of 2006 (SB1133)	\$399.0 \$0.0	\$402.1 \$102.2	\$390.0 \$144.9	382.0 142.9	382.0 142.9	\$405.0 \$138.7	\$376.8 \$133.9	\$376.8 \$133.9
Class Size Reduction (K-3)	\$202.2	\$102.2	\$195.4	142.9	141.3	\$160.3	\$155.9	\$155.9
California State Lottery	\$109.3	\$98.0	\$86.8	80.4	80.4	\$89.5	\$85.4	\$85.4
ROC/Skills Center Entitlement	\$66.7	\$72.5	\$66.3	59.6	59.6	\$58.5	\$53.5	\$53.5
Supplemental Hourly Program	\$0.0	\$71.0	\$61.0	54.9	54.9	\$59.2	\$57.2	\$57.2
School/Library Improvement Block Grant	\$52.7	\$54.8	\$46.1	43.7	43.7	\$43.6	\$43.4	\$43.4
Instructional Materials Block Grant, incl. Williams	\$45.6	\$45.9	\$37.7	35.6	35.6	\$35.6	\$35.4	\$35.4
Year-Round School Operational Grants	\$71.6	\$89.2	\$60.1	34.6	34.6	\$42.6	\$27.7	\$27.7
Transportation Deferred Maintenace Funding	\$91.0 \$0.0	\$95.2 \$0.0	\$95.2 \$0.0	33.3 25.0	33.3 25.0	\$76.3 \$26.0	\$76.0 \$24.8	\$76.0 \$24.8
Prof Dev Block Grant AB825 & Instr Buyout	\$29.6	\$29.2	\$24.6	23.2	23.0	\$23.2	\$23.1	\$24.8
School Counselors Grades 7 - 12	\$20.0	\$21.3	\$17.6	14.7	14.7	\$18.2	\$16.6	\$16.6
Class Size Reduction (9)	\$9.3	\$16.4	\$7.9	11.6	11.6	\$12.7	\$12.2	\$12.2
Arts & Music Block Grant	\$10.9	\$11.1	\$9.3	8.8	8.8	\$8.8	\$8.7	\$8.7
English Language Acquisition Program	\$10.6	\$11.5	\$7.5	8.5	8.5	\$13.7	\$6.2	\$6.2
School Safety & Violence Prevention Program	\$9.5	\$9.8	\$8.1	7.1	7.1	\$9.9	\$7.6	\$7.6
CAHSEE Intensive Instructional Services Mandated Cost Reimbursement	\$7.6 \$100.0	\$8.3 \$3.0	\$6.4 \$3.0	7.0 6.5	7.0 6.5	\$6.1 \$3.0	\$6.1 \$3.0	\$6.1 \$3.0
Staff Develoment - Reading / Math	\$100.0	\$1.9	\$1.5	5.2	5.2	\$6.3	\$5.3	\$5.0 \$5.3
Gifted and Talented Students	\$5.7	\$5.8	\$4.8	4.6	4.6	\$4.5	\$4.5	\$4.5
Pupil Retention Block Grant AB825	\$5.1	\$5.3	\$4.5	4.2	4.2	\$4.3	\$4.3	\$4.3
Charter Categorical Block Grant	\$2.8	\$3.5	\$3.6	3.4	3.4	\$3.6	\$3.3	\$3.3
Pupil Assessment	\$2.9	\$1.3	\$4.1	2.9	2.9	\$2.9	\$3.9	\$3.9
California Peer Assistance & Review Program	\$3.3	\$3.3	\$2.7	2.6	2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6
Mental Health Programs Class Size Reduction (Morgan/Hart)	\$0.0 \$2.2	\$0.3 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$4.1	0.3 0.0	0.3 0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0
Instructional Material Grant-ELL	\$0.0	\$5.1	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Gov Prop - Arts & Music Equip & Supplies Grant	\$54.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Discretionary Block Grant - Sch & District - One Time	\$61.3	-\$1.6	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Instructional Material, Library Materials & Educ Tech	\$11.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
All Other State Revenue, inc remaining Gov Props	\$5.5	\$5.3	\$2.5	8.6	8.6	(\$2.0)	\$4.3	\$4.3
Total State Revenues	\$4,862.6	\$4,816.6	\$4,363.2	3,984.1	3,984.1	\$3,889.6	\$3,882.6	\$3,882.6
Local Revenues								
K-12 Revenue Limit (Local portion)	\$811.3	\$754.7	\$863.5	784.9	784.9	\$805.8	\$797.1	\$797.1
Interest	\$55.4	\$62.7	\$41.2	37.0	37.0	\$21.0	\$26.5	\$26.5
E-Rate Reimbursement	\$11.7	\$9.5	\$22.4	13.5	13.5	\$13.5	\$14.5	\$14.5
Donations	\$8.1	\$8.6	\$10.3	8.5	8.5	\$7.2	\$11.2	\$11.2
Charter - Fee for Service	\$6.8	\$7.9	\$9.4	6.9	6.9	\$21.5	\$7.3	\$7.3
Charter Sch Funding In-Lieu of Prop Taxes	\$7.1	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
All Other Local Revenue Total Local Revenues	\$17.4 \$917.8	\$23.6 \$866.9	\$51.5 \$998.3	25.2 875.9	25.2 875.9	\$27.7 \$896.7	\$46.9 \$903.5	\$46.9 \$903.5
Total Local Revenues	\$917.0	\$600.9	\$990.3	613.9	673.9	\$690.7	\$903.3	\$903.3
Other Financing Sources								
Interfund Transfers	\$53.7	\$99.9	\$62.1	15.4	15.4	\$67.2	\$4.8	\$4.8
Insurance Proceeds	\$2.9	\$5.3	\$1.4	5.0	5.0	\$2.1	\$2.6	\$2.6
Long Tem Debt Proceeds Capital Leases	\$2.4	\$1.3	\$1.2	2.0	2.0	\$1.2	\$1.1	\$1.1
Certificates of Participation	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
SFP Transfers & District Match Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0
Contributions to Restricted Programs	(\$40.5)	(\$0.5)	\$0.0 \$44.1	0.0	0.0	\$1.1	\$0.0 \$9.4	\$0.0 \$9.4
All Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Other Financing Sources	\$18.6	\$106.0	\$108.9	22.4	22.4	\$71.6	\$17.9	\$17.9
Total All Sources	\$5,949.9	\$5,950.5	\$5,975.4	5,446.4	5,446.4	\$5,137.7	\$5,012.2	\$5,012.2

Actual and Estimated Revenues General Fund Regular Program (Excluding Other Financing Sources)



Note: Totals may not be exactly equal because of rounding.

^{*} State Revenues for 2010-11 to 2012-13 includes \$162 million Adult Education Fund Entitlements. These revenues is offset by proportionate increase in interfund transfer out to Adult Education Fund.

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Unconsolidated Summary of Revenues by Fund

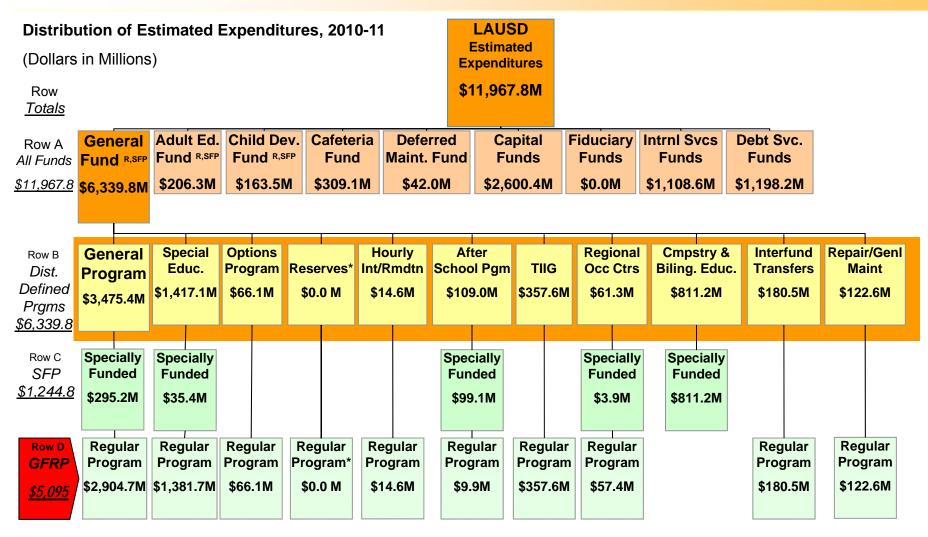
	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	3rd Interim	Authorized	Estimated
Amounts in \$ million	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts
Operating Funds								
General Fund - Regular Program (000R/010)	\$5,474.1	\$5,425.0	\$5,949.9	\$5,950.5	\$5,975.4	\$5,137.7	\$5,012.2	\$5,012.2
General Fund - Specially Funded (000S/010)	\$974.2	\$1,140.5	\$1,037.9	\$997.8	\$881.1	\$935.5	\$1,221.2	\$1,221.2
Adult Education Fund - Regular (029/110)	\$144.3	\$157.2	\$176.4	\$200.7	\$173.4	\$170.1	\$137.2	\$137.2
Adult Education Fund - SFP (029/110)	\$34.2	\$30.6	\$28.0	\$26.9	\$25.6	\$35.6	\$30.6	\$30.6
Child Development Fund - Regular (011/120)	\$89.3	\$94.9	\$105.2	\$101.8	\$103.9	\$120.1	\$133.0	\$133.0
Child Development Fund - SFP (011/120)	\$20.1	\$17.0	\$18.6	\$22.0	\$16.4	\$11.0	\$30.4	\$30.4
Cafeteria Fund (030/130)	\$261.4	\$263.6	\$253.5	\$273.0	\$299.0	\$308.3	\$309.1	\$309.1
Deferred Maintenance Fund (027/140)	\$54.2	\$63.5	\$67.8	\$67.0	\$33.4	\$2.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Operating Funds	\$7,051.8	\$7,192.3	\$7,637.3	\$7,639.7	\$7,508.2	\$6,720.5	\$6,873.7	\$6,873.7
Capital Funds								
Building Fund - Measure R (043/210)	\$204.3	\$920.1	\$432.2	\$619.5	\$648.2	\$1,089.8	\$9.0	\$9.0
Building Fund - Proposition BB (045/211)	\$10.7	\$10.7	\$19.1	\$65.2	\$48.4	\$20.8	\$0.3	\$0.3
Building Fund (070/212)	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3
Building Fund - Measure K (044/213)	\$26.0	\$23.6	\$656.0	\$269.5	\$305.4	\$369.3	\$3.8	\$3.8
Building Fund - Measure Y (042/214)	\$0.0	\$404.0	\$8.3	\$325.8	\$156.9	\$2,716.4	\$26.6	\$26.6
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 1A (065/350)	(\$0.7)	\$23.1	\$3.4	\$6.4	\$4.4	\$9.9	\$0.2	\$0.2
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 47 (066/351)	\$62.4	\$8.4	\$16.2	\$225.2	\$438.3	\$36.8	\$1.0	\$1.0
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 55 (067/352)	\$37.4	\$365.4	\$404.2	\$419.2	\$371.4	\$413.9	\$297.7	\$297.7
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 1D (068/353)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$16.1	\$19.1	\$144.6	\$126.3	\$197.5	\$197.5
1 ,		\$0.0	\$5.2	\$19.1 \$6.7	\$144.6			\$6.0
Special Reserve Fund - CRA (017/400)	\$3.5			\$193.8	\$208.2	\$5.3 \$263.7	\$6.0 \$332.3	\$332.3
Special Reserve Fund (015/401)	\$132.0	\$51.9	\$82.8					
Special Reserve Fund - FEMA (022/402)	(\$2.6)	\$7.7	\$0.4	\$3.0	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$6.3	\$6.3
Special Resv Fund - FEMA - Haz Mit (062/403)	\$10.8	\$2.0	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Facilities Acct Fund (073/250)	\$80.1	\$91.9	\$105.5	\$75.1	\$28.1	\$20.0	\$18.9	\$18.9
State Sch Bldg Lease/Purch Fund (074/300)	(\$5.7)	-\$1.4	-\$2.0	\$22.1	-\$3.2	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Capital Funds	\$558.4	\$1,909.7	\$1,747.9	\$2,250.9	\$2,353.3	\$5,072.9	\$900.2	\$900.2
Debt Service Funds								
Bond Interest & Redemption Fund (004/510)	\$311.2	\$1,034.4	\$477.7	\$585.1	\$617.7	\$789.3	\$980.4	\$980.4
Tax Override Fund (005/530)	\$0.5	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Services Fund (071/560)	\$401.8	\$211.2	\$36.9	\$60.1	\$210.8	\$119.8	\$49.9	\$49.9
Total Debt Service Funds	\$713.5	\$1,246.0	\$515.0	\$645.4	\$828.9	\$909.1	\$1,030.3	\$1,030.3
Internal Service Funds								
Health & Welfare Benefits Fund (021/670)	\$660.4	\$715.8	\$762.5	\$848.3	\$890.6	\$953.0	\$983.6	\$983.6
Worker's Compensation Fund (013/671)	\$180.6	\$205.3	\$185.9	\$113.1	\$17.0	\$115.1	\$56.7	\$56.7
Liability Self-Insurance Fund (016/672)	\$16.8	\$13.1	\$15.7	\$26.0	\$20.2	\$42.5	\$21.3	\$21.3
Total Internal Service Funds	\$857.8	\$934.2	\$964.1	\$987.4	\$927.8	\$1,110.5	\$1,061.6	\$1,061.6
Fiduciary Funds								
Attendance Incentive Reserve Fund (046/710)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Annuity Reserve Fund (023/711)	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total All Funds	\$9,181.6	\$11,282.3	\$10,865.1	\$11,524.1	\$11,618.6	\$13,813.0	\$9,865.8	\$9,865.8

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Unconsolidated Summary of Expenditures by Fund

	2004-05 Actual	2005-06 Actual	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3rd Interim	2010-11 Authorized	2010-11 Estimated
Amounts in \$ million	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts
Operating Funds								
General Fund - Regular Program (000R/010)	\$5,365.6	\$5,363.3	\$5,767.1	\$5,970.1	\$5,775.3	\$5,417.3	\$5,262.5	\$5,095.0
General Fund - Specially Funded (000S/010)	\$1,057.1	\$1,117.2	\$960.0	\$1,016.2	\$887.9	\$942.5	\$1,294.2	\$1,244.8
Adult Education Fund - Regular (029/110)	\$138.8	\$145.1	\$161.4	\$184.6	\$177.7	\$168.8	\$179.0	\$168.0
Adult Education Fund - SFP (029/110)	\$34.2	\$30.6	\$28.0	\$26.9	\$25.6	\$27.9	\$38.3	\$38.3
Child Development Fund - Regular (011/120)	\$87.5	\$92.4	\$100.3	\$104.3	\$109.4	\$122.8	\$133.0	\$133.0
Child Development Fund - SFP (011/120)	\$20.1	\$17.1	\$18.6	\$22.0	\$16.4	\$11.3	\$30.5	\$30.5
Cafeteria Fund (030/130)	\$247.9	\$245.7	\$258.7	\$291.7	\$328.2	\$309.4	\$309.1	\$309.1
Deferred Maintenance Fund (027/140)	\$18.7	\$9.8	\$24.5	\$71.3	\$67.0	\$76.2	\$42.0	\$42.0
Total Operating Funds	\$6,969.9	\$7,021.2	\$7,318.6	\$7,687.1	\$7,387.6	\$7,076.2	\$7,288.5	\$7,060.6
Capital Funds								
Building Fund - Measure R (043/210)	\$379.0	\$402.8	\$400.3	\$650.4	\$624.4	\$541.4	\$924.9	\$601.2
Building Fund - Proposition BB (045/211)	\$242.0	\$58.9	\$95.6	\$59.8	\$117.9	\$76.7	\$17.6	\$15.9
Building Fund (070/212)	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$2.5	\$1.0
Building Fund - Measure K (044/213)	\$661.0	\$691.7	\$682.8	\$455.0	\$286.2	\$220.5	\$350.7	\$228.0
Building Fund - Measure Y (042/214)	\$0.0	\$235.8	\$65.0	\$130.0	\$373.1	\$571.5	\$2,262.1	\$599.5
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 1A (065/350)	\$169.0	\$118.8	\$20.1	\$10.8	\$31.5	\$24.0	\$4.2	\$4.2
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 47 (066/351)	\$71.5	\$18.4	\$70.1	\$164.3	\$345.2	\$95.2	\$136.0	\$108.9
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 55 (067/352)	\$18.3	\$161.2	\$250.7	\$389.2	\$520.4	\$261.6	\$737.5	\$405.7
County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 1D (068/353)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$28.8	\$115.7	\$82.0	\$277.6	\$180.5
Special Reserve Fund - CRA (017/400)	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.9	\$4.6	\$11.2	\$4.3	\$15.9	\$9.6
Special Reserve Fund (015/401)	\$115.3	\$151.6	\$118.8	\$194.3	\$214.7	\$204.4	\$575.4	\$402.8
Special Reserve Fund - FEMA (022/402)	(\$2.6)	\$5.8	\$2.7	\$3.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Special Resv Fund - FEMA - Haz Mit (062/403)	\$8.6	\$2.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Facilities Acct Fund (073/250)	\$46.0	\$48.1	\$133.7	\$64.8	\$122.8	\$38.6	\$71.4	\$42.9
State Sch Bldg Lease/Purch Fund (074/300)	\$2.4	\$7.4	(\$0.7)	\$21.7	\$1.3	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Capital Funds	\$1,710.6	\$1,903.7	\$1,840.2	\$2,176.7	\$2,764.9	\$2,121.2	\$5,376.0	\$2,600.4
Debt Service Funds								
Bond Interest & Redemption Fund (004/510)	\$265.6	\$962.8	\$400.5	\$497.3	\$576.2	\$728.4	\$1,530.6	\$1,148.0
Tax Override Fund (005/530)	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2
Capital Services Fund (071/560)	\$428.9	\$204.6	\$33.4	\$33.9	\$194.8	\$112.0	\$49.9	\$49.9
Total Debt Service Funds	\$694.9	\$1,167.8	\$434.2	\$531.5	\$771.2	\$840.4	\$1,580.8	\$1,198.2
Internal Service Funds								
Health & Welfare Benefits Fund (021/670)	\$678.9	\$715.8	\$744.1	\$847.4	\$911.9	\$908.8	\$981.7	\$981.7
Worker's Compensation Fund (013/671)	\$294.7	\$97.6	(\$55.4)	\$70.9	\$92.4	\$83.3	\$105.9	\$105.9
Liability Self-Insurance Fund (016/672)	\$17.2	\$13.5	\$16.1	\$26.4	\$20.6	\$42.9	\$21.1	\$21.1
Job Cost Fund (009/)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Internal Service Funds	\$990.8	\$826.9	\$704.8	\$944.7	\$1,024.9	\$1,034.9	\$1,108.6	\$1,108.6
Fiduciary Funds								
Attendance Incentive Reserve Fund (046/710)	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$1.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Annuity Reserve Fund (023/711)	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$2.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total All Funds	\$10,366.5	\$10,919.7	\$10,297.9	\$11,340.1	\$11,950.9	\$11,072.7	\$15,353.9	\$11,967.8



Review of the Fund and District Defined Program Organization of the Budget



Note: Not adjusted for interfund transfers. Amounts may not add to totals due to rounding.

^{*}Funds must be transferred from Reserves into another District Defined Program before expenditures can occur.

Estimated Expenditures by District Defined Program General Fund Regular Program

The graph on the accompanying page shows General Fund Regular Program estimated expenditures by District Defined Program.

- The "General Program Unrestricted" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$2.59 billion. This portion of the budget pays for the basic resources used to fund LAUSD schools and offices.
- The "Special Education" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$1.38 billion for students who have special needs because of physical, emotional, intellectual or learning disabilities.
- The "Targeted Instructional Improvement Grant" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$357.6 million. This grant pays for the cost of LAUSD's court-ordered and voluntary desegregation programs.
- The "General Program Restricted" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$311.4 million for special programs such as Quality Education Investment Act (QEIA) and State Fiscal Stabilization Funds.
- The "Routine Repair and General Maintenance" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$122.6 million. This pays for regular and major maintenance projects that keep our schools well-maintained and safe. The State requires school districts that receive State bond funds to budget 3% of their General Fund resources each year into maintenance. For the 2010-11 fiscal year, due to State budget shortfalls, the allowable percentage has been decreased to 0%. In recognition of the need to continue maintaining school facilities, the District has reduced its maintenance funding to 2% in 2010-11.
- The "Regional Occupational Centers/Skills Centers" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$57.4 million. This program, funded by the State, provides training for various job-related skills and occupations.
- The "Options Program" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$66.1 million. This pays for the District's continuation high schools, opportunity schools, independent study program, Alternative Education Work Centers (AEWC), and community day schools.
- The "Hourly Intervention/Remediation" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$14.6 million. The programs in this portion of the budget primarily help students at risk of academic failure, which the State funds on a per-student-hour basis.
- The "Interfund Transfers" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$180.5 million. This is for repayment of Certificates of Participation (COPs) and other expenditures

that must be recognized first in the General Fund and then transferred into another fund. This also includes transfers of adult entitlements to Adult Education Fund.

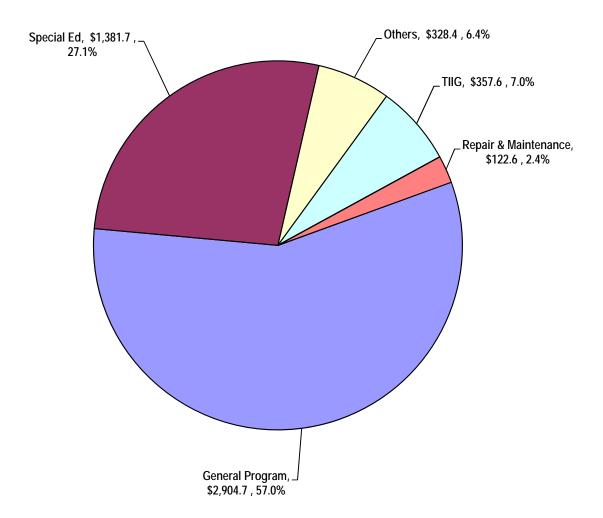
- The "After School Programs" portion of the budget includes estimated expenditures of \$9.9 million. This portion of the budget uses unrestricted funds to pay for recreation-oriented after school programs.
- The "Reserves" portion of the budget includes no estimated expenditures. Much of this District Defined Program is the Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, which is expended only in case of financial necessity (e.g., unanticipated revenue shortfall or expenditure overage). The State requirement for the Reserve for Economic Uncertainties is based on the ADA of individual school districts; normally, the largest districts are required to maintain a 1% reserve. For 2010-11, the District has maintained its required reserve at the full 1%.

Expenditures are not recognized in the "Reserves" portion of the budget; when these funds are to be utilized, they are transferred to accounts in other District Defined Programs, and the expenditures are recorded there.

Estimated Expenditure Budget by District Defined Programs

(Amounts in millions and percent of total)

General Fund, Regular Program



Total = \$5,095.0

Note: Individual amounts may not add to total due to rounding.

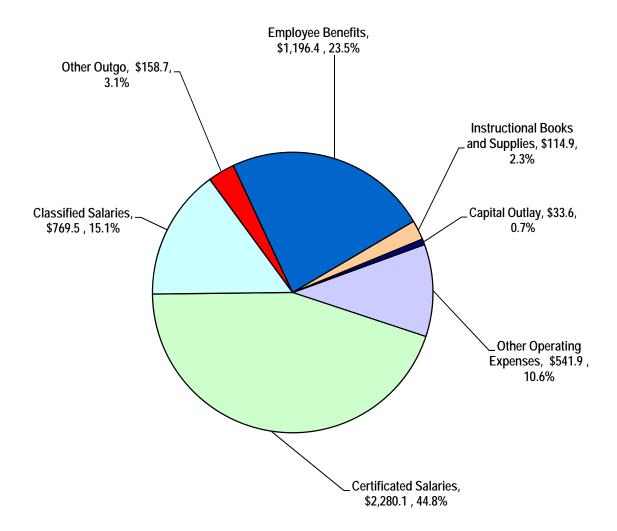
Estimated Expenditures by Object General Fund Regular Program

The accompanying graph shows General Fund Regular Program estimated expenditures by "object of expenditure". Objects of expenditure define what we buy with our resources.

- "Certificated Salaries include the salaries of teachers, librarians, counselors and nurses, as well as school and District administrators.
- "Classified Salaries" include the salaries of instructional aides, office employees, custodians, carpenters, plumbers, bus drivers and those non-certificated employees who manage and supervise their work.
- "Employee Benefits" include the cost of retirement plans, employee health insurance, and Workers' Compensation Insurance.
- "Books and Supplies" includes the cost of textbooks, instructional materials, general supplies and fuel.
- "Other Operating Expense" includes the cost of contracts, utilities, rents and leases, travel expense, and instructional consultants.
- "Capital Outlay" includes the cost of facilities (land and buildings), books and media for libraries, and equipment. Most of the District's capital outlay costs are in bond funds devoted specifically to school construction and modernization.
- "Other Outgo" includes miscellaneous items that are not usually considered part of the current expense of education.

General Fund Regular Program Estimated Expenditure Budget by Major Object

(Amounts in millions and percent of total)



TOTAL = \$5,095.0

Note: Individual amounts may not add to total due to rounding.

UNCONSOLIDATED AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES BY TYPE OF EXPENSE*

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11	Percent of
	Final	Final	Final	Final	Final	Final	2010-11
	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Tota
	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	FTEs	Authorized
	\$Millions	\$Millions	\$Millions	\$Millions	\$Millions		
AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES							
School and Office Operating Budgets							
School Budgets	\$7,034.1	\$7,226.7	\$7,247.5	\$6,742.1	\$7,018.6	64,717.8	45.71%
Nonschool Budgets (Operational)	\$695.5	\$633.9	\$551.3	\$479.2	\$409.6	3,244.8	2.67%
Nonschool Budgets (Operational, Special Projects)	\$70.2	\$102.9	\$113.8	\$111.4	\$87.3	710.4	0.57%
Nonschool Budgets (Administered)	\$147.0	\$137.1	\$141.8	\$153.1	\$149.6	193.2	0.97%
Nonschool Budgets (Capital Expense)	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$1.9		0.01%
Budget for Districtwide Expenditures	\$187.5	\$147.6	\$139.7	\$94.5	\$6.2		0.04%
Authorized Expenditures - Undetermined Type	\$24.3	\$52.1	\$17.9	\$43.0	\$107.9	103.1	0.70%
Subtotal	\$8,160.9	\$8,302.6	\$8,214.3	\$7,625.6	\$7,781.1	68,969.2	50.68%
Capital Expenditures and Debt Services	\$6,200.8	\$9,437.3	\$8,150.6	\$9,212.6	\$6,138.2	9.5	39.98%
Miscellaneous Categories of Expense							
Employee Benefit Adjustments	\$801.8	\$878.6	\$911.8	\$942.3	\$1,069.0		6.96%
Allowance for New Grants (Unimplemented)	\$134.3	\$218.7	\$27.0	\$91.2	\$155.5		1.01%
Interfund Transfer	\$222.7	\$238.6	\$379.2	\$82.2	\$206.0		1.34%
Detached Service**	(\$0.2)	\$4.1	\$4.1	\$4.3	\$4.1	24.0	0.03%
Subtotal	\$1,158.6	\$1,340.0	\$1,322.1	\$1,120.0	\$1,434.6	24.0	9.34%
TOTAL AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES	\$15,520.3	\$19,079.9	\$17,687.0	\$17,958.2	\$15,353.9	69,002.7	100.00%
Reserves (General Fund)	\$166.9	\$93.9	\$98.6	\$95.1	\$140.1	02,00 2 .7	2001007
Reserves (Other Funds)	\$185.5	\$429.0	\$194.5	\$252.7	\$140.1		
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	\$15,872.7	\$19,602.8	\$17,980.1	\$18,306.0	\$15,654.1		100.00%

^{*}All Funds except Job Cost and Charter Schools

Note: Detail may not sum exactly to totals due to rounding.

^{**}Detached Service occurs when the salary and benefits of an LAUSD employee are reimbursed by another agency. In prior years, the expenditures were reduced to zero by agency reimbursements. Effective 2007-08 the agency reimbursements are recorded as revenue.

UNCONSOLIDATED AUTHORIZED FTES BY TYPE OF EXPENSE*

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	Percent of
	Final	Final	Final	Final	Final	2010-11
	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Total
	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized

AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES						
School and Office Operating Budgets						
School Budgets	79,971.6	79,613.1	74,307.0	73,191.9	64,802.2	93.9%
School Budgets - Ltd/Spec	466.5	708.3	15.5	18.3	9.5	0.0%
Nonschool Budgets (Operational)	6,026.3	5,200.7	4,755.1	4,298.8	3,244.8	4.7%
Nonschool Budgets - Ltd/Spec (Operational)	739.2	1,075.0	985.8	1,014.7	625.9	0.9%
Nonschool Budgets - (Administered)	570.6	610.5	256.0	267.9	193.2	0.3%
Authorized Expenditures - Undetermined Type	92.7	101.2	77.5	96.4	127.1	0.2%
Subtotal	87,866.9	87,308.8	80,396.9	78,887.9	69,002.7	100.0%
Miscellaneous Categories of Expense						
Districtwide Expense	0.2	1.5	_	1.3	_	0.0%
Detached Service**	-	35.8	_	1.3	_	0.0%
Subtotal	0.2	37.3	-	1.3	-	0.0%
TOTAL AUTHORIZED FTEs	87,867.1	87,346.1	80,396.9	78,889.2	69,002.7	100.0%

^{*}All Funds except Job Cost and Charter Schools

Note: Detail may not sum exactly to totals due to rounding.

^{**}Detached Service occurs when the salary and benefits of an LAUSD employee are reimbursed by another agency. In prior years, the expenditures were reduced to zero by agency reimbursements. Effective 2007-08 the agency reimbursements are recorded as revenue.

^{***}Full-time equivalent numbers reflect a combination of new school positions purchased for 2009-10, and position budget reductions were not fully implemented as of Final Budget 2009-10

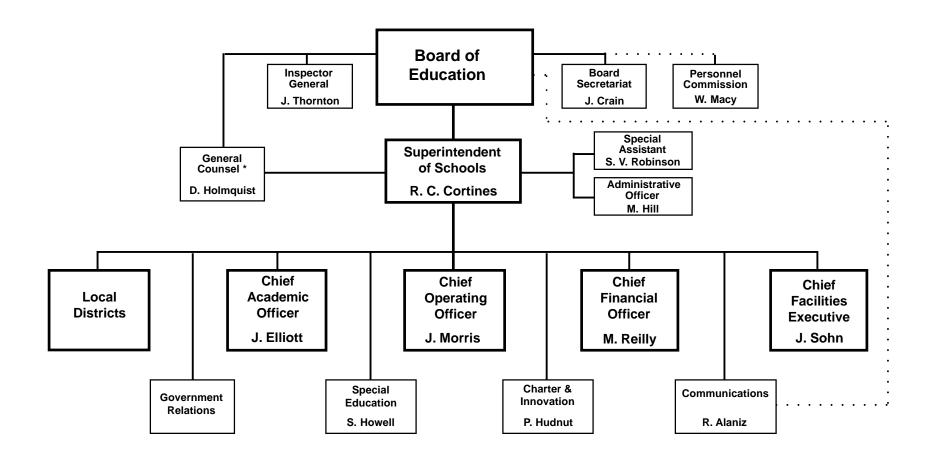
DISTRICT ORGANIZATION

Introduction

The organization chart on the following page summarizes the District's reporting relationships as they existed in November 2009.

Most District administrative units ultimately report to the Board of Education through the Superintendent, but a number of offices, such as the Personnel Commission, Inspector General, and Independent Analysis Unit report directly to the Board of Education. The schools report to the Board through the Superintendent, his Deputies, and the Local District Offices.

Los Angeles Unified School District 2009-2010 Organization Chart 11-23-2009



^{*} General Counsel reports directly to the Board of Education and Superintendent

II. Financial Details

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II

FINANCIAL DETAILS

Introduction

The Financial Details Section presents District budget information that is more detailed than the summary and graphic information presented in the Fund Highlights.

This section includes tables for revenue and expenditures by fund, and General Fund details.

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET General Fund - Regular Program (001&003/010)

General Fund - Reqular Program is the primary operating fund for the K - 12 program.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 Authorized	2009-10 Estimated	2009-10 3rd Interim	2010-11 Authorized	2010-11 Estimated
	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Estimate	Amounts	Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$81.1	\$83.6	\$80.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$133.5	\$94.9	\$94.9
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$141.1	\$207.0	\$100.5	\$56.3	\$56.3	\$79.3	\$43.0	\$43.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$15.6	\$10.9	\$14.5	\$14.5	\$14.5	\$11.5	\$11.5	\$11.5
Economic Uncertainties	\$67.6	\$71.5	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$65.4	\$65.4
Legally Restricted Beginning Bala	\$104.7	\$219.9	\$305.1	\$119.5	\$119.5	\$473.9	\$175.7	\$175.7
Restatement of Beg Bal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Audit of Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	-\$100.6	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$410.2	\$592.9	\$573.3	\$262.8	\$262.8	\$669.9	\$390.4	\$390.4
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$3,723.6	\$3,624.1	\$3,444.9	\$3,154.0	\$3,154.0	\$2,983.3	\$2,877.2	\$2,877.2
Federal Revenues	\$151.0	\$161.0	\$505.0	\$563.9	\$563.9	\$279.9	\$208.2	\$208.2
State Revenues	\$1,948.7	\$1,947.7	\$1,781.8	\$1,615.0	\$1,615.0	\$1,712.1	\$1,802.6	\$1,802.6
Local Revenues	\$106.5	\$111.7	\$134.8	\$91.0	\$91.0	\$90.9	\$106.4	\$106.4
Interfund Transfers In	\$53.7	\$99.9	\$62.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$67.2	\$4.8	\$4.8
Other Financing Sources	\$5.3	\$6.6	\$2.6	\$22.4	\$22.4	\$3.3	\$3.8	\$3.8
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	(\$38.7)	(\$0.5)	\$44.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.1	\$9.4	\$9.4
Local Miscellaneous	(\$0.2)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$5,949.9	\$5,950.5	\$5,975.4	\$5,446.3	\$5,446.3	\$5,137.7	\$5,012.2	\$5,012.2
Total Sources of Funds	\$6,360.1	\$6,543.4	\$6,548.6	\$5,709.1	\$5,709.1	\$5,807.7	\$5,402.6	\$5,402.6
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$2,792.1	\$2,907.0	\$2,848.3	\$2,491.7	\$2,532.4	\$2,428.7	\$2,215.8	\$2,280.1
Classified Salaries	\$885.7	\$952.0	\$904.6	\$792.0	\$806.3	\$836.7	\$759.7	\$769.5
Employee Benefits	\$1,185.3	\$1,194.9	\$1,179.5	\$1,266.3	\$1,261.6	\$1,303.0	\$1,198.7	\$1,196.4
Books and Supplies	\$256.1	\$273.5	\$180.0	\$451.4	\$229.2	\$199.7	\$357.2	\$114.9
Other Operating Expense	\$544.1	\$573.3	\$593.6	\$577.1	\$576.3	\$601.6	\$539.1	\$541.9
Capital Outlay	\$33.0	\$34.0	\$23.7	\$24.6	\$34.9	\$23.9	\$34.7	\$33.6
Other Outgo	\$70.9	\$35.4	\$45.5	\$11.5	\$12.8	\$23.5	\$157.3	\$158.7
Total Expenditure	\$5,767.1	\$5,970.2	\$5,775.3	\$5,614.5	\$5,453.4	\$5,417.3	\$5,262.5	\$5,095.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$83.6	\$80.8	\$133.5	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$94.9	\$63.3	\$63.3
Carryover Ending Balance	\$207.0	\$100.5	\$79.3	\$10.0	\$34.2	\$43.0	\$0.0	\$36.9
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$10.9	\$14.5	\$11.5	\$14.5	\$14.5	\$11.5	\$11.5	\$11.5
Economic Uncertainties	\$71.5	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$65.4
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$219.9	\$305.1	\$476.7	\$4.7	\$141.5	\$175.7	\$0.0	\$130.6
Total Ending Balance	\$592.9	\$573.3	\$773.4	\$94.5	\$255.7	\$390.4	\$140.1	\$307.6
Total Uses of Funds	\$6,360.1	\$6,543.4	\$6,548.6	\$5,709.1	\$5,709.1	\$5,807.7	\$5,402.6	\$5,402.6

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET General Fund - Specially Funded (003/010)

 $General\ Fund - Specially\ Funded\ is\ the\ fund\ used\ for\ K-12\ grants, including\ Title\ 1\ and\ Economic\ Impact\ Aid.$

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$24.3	\$102.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Beginning Balan	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$84.0	\$60.1	\$60.1	\$80.0	\$73.1	\$73.1
Total Beginning Balance	\$24.3	\$102.3	\$84.0	\$60.1	\$60.1	\$80.0	\$73.1	\$73.1
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$625.3	\$595.4	\$572.2	\$791.2	\$791.2	\$676.0	\$951.7	\$951.7
State Revenues	\$353.4	\$357.3	\$283.0	\$257.4	\$257.4	\$238.5	\$252.7	\$252.7
Local Revenues	\$13.8	\$11.5	\$28.6	\$15.6	\$15.6	\$18.6	\$25.9	\$25.9
Interfund Transfers In	\$45.5	\$33.2	\$16.9	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$3.5	\$0.0	\$0.0
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.5	-\$19.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$1.1)	(\$9.2)	(\$9.2)
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$1,038.0	\$997.9	\$881.1	\$1,065.5	\$1,065.5	\$935.5	\$1,221.2	\$1,221.2
Total Sources of Funds	\$1,062.3	\$1,100.2	\$965.1	\$1,125.6	\$1,125.6	\$1,015.6	\$1,294.2	\$1,294.2
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$422.4	\$407.6	\$383.7	\$410.7	\$406.8	\$433.8	\$552.6	\$546.1
Classified Salaries	\$95.4	\$102.2	\$93.2	\$82.1	\$81.9	\$93.0	\$94.7	\$93.7
Employee Benefits	\$128.8	\$123.1	\$105.0	\$151.6	\$150.8	\$132.9	\$195.6	\$194.9
Books and Supplies	\$117.8	\$161.8	\$116.6	\$318.3	\$285.6	\$109.7	\$290.1	\$251.9
Other Operating Expense	\$163.9	\$191.5	\$150.8	\$134.1	\$133.5	\$145.2	\$130.0	\$128.3
Capital Outlay	\$1.9	\$3.1	\$3.8	\$2.5	\$2.5	\$4.5	\$4.0	\$4.0
Other Outgo	\$29.8	\$26.9	\$34.8	\$26.3	\$26.3	\$23.4	\$27.2	\$25.9
Total Expenditure	\$960.0	\$1,016.2	\$887.9	\$1,125.6	\$1,087.3	\$942.5	\$1,294.2	\$1,244.8
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$102.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$0.0	\$84.0	\$77.1	\$0.0	\$38.3	\$73.1	\$0.0	\$49.4
Total Ending Balance	\$102.3	\$84.0	\$77.1	\$0.0	\$38.3	\$73.1	\$0.0	\$49.4
Total Uses of Funds	\$1,062.3	\$1,100.2	\$965.1	\$1,125.6	\$1,125.6	\$1,015.6	\$1,294.2	\$1,294.2

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Adult Education Fund - Regular (029/110)

The Adult Education Fund mainly operates Community Adult Schools that serve adults and a small number of concurrently enrolled students.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$8.6	\$20.1	\$25.8	\$9.5	\$9.5	\$3.3	\$22.3	\$22.3
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$10.3	\$13.8	\$24.1	\$14.0	\$14.0	\$42.3	\$19.5	\$19.5
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$5.1)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Total Beginning Balance	\$19.1	\$34.1	\$50.1	\$23.7	\$23.7	\$40.7	\$42.0	\$42.0
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Sources	\$169.1	\$195.7	\$169.9	\$155.4	\$155.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
State Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$168.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Revenues	\$3.1	\$5.0	\$3.5	\$1.6	\$1.6	\$1.8	\$1.5	\$1.5
Interfund Transfers In	\$4.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$135.7	\$135.7
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$176.4	\$200.7	\$173.4	\$157.6	\$157.6	\$170.1	\$137.2	\$137.2
Total Sources of Funds	\$195.5	\$234.8	\$223.5	\$181.3	\$181.3	\$210.8	\$179.2	\$179.2
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$94.6	\$99.8	\$98.5	\$86.9	\$86.9	\$86.4	\$87.0	\$87.0
Classified Salaries	\$16.4	\$17.5	\$18.0	\$16.0	\$16.0	\$17.8	\$17.3	\$17.3
Employee Benefits	\$35.5	\$41.1	\$30.6	\$29.6	\$29.6	\$32.3	\$33.9	\$33.9
Books and Supplies	\$4.0	\$4.7	\$3.7	\$6.9	\$6.9	\$4.5	\$8.7	\$7.7
Other Operating Expense	\$4.7	\$5.4	\$4.5	\$3.7	\$3.7	\$4.5	\$4.5	\$4.5
Capital Outlay	\$0.8	\$0.4	\$1.0	\$19.2	\$19.2	\$8.6	\$23.5	\$13.5
Other Outgo	\$5.4	\$15.7	\$21.4	\$18.9	\$18.9	\$14.6	\$4.1	\$4.1
Total Expenditure	\$161.4	\$184.6	\$177.7	\$181.1	\$181.1	\$168.8	\$179.0	\$168.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$20.1	\$25.8	\$3.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$22.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$13.8	\$24.1	\$42.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$19.5	\$0.0	\$11.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Total Ending Balance	\$34.1	\$50.2	\$45.8	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$42.0	\$0.2	\$11.2
Total Uses of Funds	\$195.5	\$234.8	\$223.5	\$181.3	\$181.3	\$210.8	\$179.2	\$179.2

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Adult Education Fund - SFP (029/110)

The Adult Education Fund mainly operates Community Adult Schools that serve adults and small number of concurrently enrolled students.

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$7.6	\$7.6
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$7.6	\$7.6
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$17.6	\$17.5	\$16.9	\$20.6	\$20.6	\$18.0	\$21.6	\$21.6
State Revenues	\$10.3	\$9.4	\$8.6	\$17.6	\$17.6	\$17.4	\$8.8	\$8.8
Local Revenues	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$28.0	\$26.9	\$25.6	\$38.6	\$38.6	\$35.6	\$30.6	\$30.6
Total Sources of Funds	\$28.0	\$26.9	\$25.6	\$38.6	\$38.6	\$35.6	\$38.3	\$38.3
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$11.2	\$11.4	\$10.9	\$6.6	\$6.6	\$9.0	\$8.8	\$8.8
Classified Salaries	\$6.7	\$6.8	\$6.7	\$5.6	\$5.6	\$7.0	\$5.7	\$5.7
Employee Benefits	\$6.0	\$6.1	\$5.1	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.3	\$4.3
Books and Supplies	\$3.2	\$2.1	\$2.0	\$21.0	\$21.0	\$6.2	\$19.1	\$19.1
Other Operating Expense	\$0.6	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.5	\$0.2	\$0.2
Capital Outlay	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.2	\$0.2
Other Outgo	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total Expenditure	\$28.0	\$26.9	\$25.6	\$38.6	\$38.6	\$27.9	\$38.3	\$38.3
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$7.6	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$7.6	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$28.0	\$26.9	\$25.6	\$38.6	\$38.6	\$35.6	\$38.3	\$38.3

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Child Development Fund - Regular (011/120)

Child Development Fund provides pre-school, all-day, and after school programs for children. Fees are based on each family's ability to pay.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$4.3	\$1.6	\$1.6	\$2.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$5.7	\$10.6	\$3.9	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total Beginning Balance	\$5.8	\$10.7	\$8.3	\$2.1	\$2.1	\$2.8	\$0.1	\$0.1
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$15.4	\$15.2	\$14.9	\$15.2	\$15.2	\$35.0	\$35.0	\$35.0
State Revenues	\$80.6	\$84.2	\$86.4	\$86.1	\$86.1	\$85.0	\$92.5	\$92.5
Local Revenues	\$2.1	\$2.5	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$0.2	\$2.7	\$2.7
Interfund Transfers In*	\$7.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.8	\$2.8
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$105.2	\$101.8	\$103.9	\$103.8	\$103.8	\$120.1	\$133.0	\$133.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$111.0	\$112.5	\$112.2	\$105.9	\$105.9	\$122.9	\$133.1	\$133.1
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$35.4	\$36.2	\$37.8	\$34.7	\$34.7	\$41.1	\$40.6	\$40.6
Classified Salaries	\$31.9	\$35.0	\$37.0	\$34.7	\$34.2	\$40.3	\$40.3	\$40.3
Employee Benefits	\$24.9	\$25.5	\$28.1	\$28.7	\$28.7	\$33.3	\$43.6	\$43.6
Books and Supplies	\$3.2	\$3.1	\$1.9	\$4.1	\$4.1	\$2.3	\$2.2	\$2.2
Other Operating Expense	\$2.9	\$4.4	\$3.6	\$3.3	\$3.3	\$3.8	\$3.1	\$3.1
Capital Outlay	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.2	\$0.7	\$0.7
Other Outgo	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.9	\$2.4	\$2.4
Total Expenditure	\$100.3	\$104.2	\$109.4	\$105.8	\$105.8	\$122.8	\$133.0	\$133.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$4.3	\$2.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$10.6	\$3.9	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total Ending Balance	\$10.7	\$8.3	\$2.8	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total Uses of Funds	\$111.0	\$112.5	\$112.2	\$105.9	\$105.9	\$122.9	\$133.1	\$133.1

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Child Development Fund - SFP (011/120)

Child Development Fund provides pre-school, all-day, and after school programs for children. Fees are based on each family's ability to pay.

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Beginning Balan	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.1
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$1.0
State Revenues	\$11.7	\$14.4	\$9.7	\$21.6	\$21.6	\$1.9	\$7.6	\$7.6
Local Revenues	\$6.8	\$7.5	\$6.7	\$8.8	\$8.8	\$9.5	\$21.8	\$21.8
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$0.4)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$18.6	\$22.0	\$16.4	\$30.9	\$30.9	\$11.0	\$30.4	\$30.4
Total Sources of Funds	\$19.0	\$22.4	\$16.8	\$31.3	\$31.3	\$11.4	\$30.5	\$30.5
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$6.8	\$7.2	\$5.8	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$2.6	\$4.1	\$4.1
Classified Salaries	\$4.4	\$6.1	\$4.0	\$5.8	\$5.8	\$2.0	\$2.2	\$2.2
Employee Benefits	\$3.2	\$3.9	\$2.7	\$5.0	\$5.0	\$1.4	\$2.3	\$2.3
Books and Supplies	\$1.1	\$1.6	\$1.0	\$10.4	\$10.4	\$2.6	\$19.5	\$19.5
Other Operating Expense	\$2.4	\$2.4	\$2.2	\$2.4	\$2.4	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$2.2
Capital Outlay	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Outgo	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.8	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Expenditure	\$18.6	\$22.0	\$16.4	\$31.3	\$31.3	\$11.3	\$30.5	\$30.5
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$19.0	\$22.4	\$16.8	\$31.3	\$31.3	\$11.4	\$30.5	\$30.5

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Cafeteria Fund (030/130)

Cafeteria Fund provides all school nutrition programs in elementary and secondary schools.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.6	\$0.0	\$28.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$51.0	\$46.4	\$0.0	\$3.4	\$3.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$7.6	\$7.6	\$7.1	\$7.3	\$7.3	\$6.0	\$5.0	\$5.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$59.2	\$54.0	\$35.3	\$10.7	\$10.7	\$6.0	\$5.0	\$5.0
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$215.3	\$227.4	\$248.2	\$270.8	\$270.8	\$247.3	\$259.5	\$259.5
State Revenues	\$18.2	\$19.9	\$18.9	\$19.0	\$19.0	\$18.9	\$17.7	\$17.7
Local Revenues	\$19.7	\$17.5	\$15.3	\$19.0	\$19.0	\$12.4	\$14.5	\$14.5
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.3	\$8.2	\$16.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$29.7	\$17.4	\$17.4
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$253.5	\$273.0	\$299.0	\$308.8	\$308.8	\$308.3	\$309.1	\$309.1
Total Sources of Funds	\$312.7	\$327.0	\$334.3	\$319.5	\$319.5	\$314.4	\$314.1	\$314.1
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$94.8	\$104.7	\$115.9	\$111.3	\$111.3	\$97.2	\$89.5	\$89.5
Employee Benefits	\$38.7	\$49.8	\$66.2	\$81.5	\$81.5	\$62.8	\$80.9	\$80.9
Books and Supplies	\$114.7	\$121.2	\$128.5	\$104.5	\$104.5	\$128.5	\$122.2	\$122.2
Other Operating Expense	\$9.7	\$12.1	\$10.7	\$10.7	\$10.7	\$9.2	\$9.2	\$9.2
Capital Outlay	\$0.9	\$3.8	\$6.9	\$3.4	\$3.4	\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$10.7	\$7.3	\$7.3
Total Expenditure	\$258.7	\$291.7	\$328.2	\$312.2	\$312.2	\$309.4	\$309.1	\$309.1
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$28.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$46.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$7.6	\$7.1	\$6.0	\$7.3	\$7.3	\$5.0	\$5.0	\$5.0
Total Ending Balance	\$54.0	\$35.3	\$6.0	\$7.3	\$7.3	\$5.0	\$5.0	\$5.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$312.7	\$327.0	\$334.3	\$319.5	\$319.5	\$314.4	\$314.1	\$314.1

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Deferred Maintenance Fund (027/140)

Deferred Maintenance Fund provides for major maintenance projects including repair of plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical, roofing, floors, and interior or exterior paint. Funding is half from the State and half from the District.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$110.6	\$153.9	\$149.7	\$129.0	\$129.0	\$116.1	\$42.0	\$42.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$110.6	\$153.9	\$149.7	\$129.0	\$129.0	\$116.1	\$42.0	\$42.0
Revenue								
State Revenues	\$30.2	\$28.9	\$24.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Revenues	\$7.4	\$7.2	\$3.4	\$3.5	\$3.5	\$1.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interfund Transfers In	\$30.2	\$31.0	\$30.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.9	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	-\$24.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$67.8	\$67.1	\$33.4	\$3.5	\$3.5	\$2.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$178.4	\$221.0	\$183.1	\$132.5	\$132.5	\$118.2	\$42.0	\$42.0
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$3.9	\$6.0	\$4.9	\$10.4	\$10.4	\$6.2	\$13.0	\$13.0
Employee Benefits	\$1.5	\$3.1	\$2.1	\$3.8	\$3.8	\$2.4	\$9.4	\$9.4
Books and Supplies	\$0.4	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$32.9	\$32.9	\$2.0	\$0.2	\$0.2
Other Operating Expense	\$16.9	\$55.5	\$55.0	\$85.0	\$85.0	\$61.6	\$18.5	\$18.5
Capital Outlay	\$1.8	\$4.5	\$2.8	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$3.9	\$1.0	\$1.0
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$24.5	\$71.3	\$67.0	\$132.5	\$132.5	\$76.2	\$42.0	\$42.0
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$153.9	\$149.7	\$116.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$42.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$153.9	\$149.7	\$116.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$42.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$178.4	\$221.0	\$183.1	\$132.5	\$132.5	\$118.2	\$42.0	\$42.0

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Building Fund - Measure R (043/210)

Measure R was a local bond measure approved by voters in March 2004. The total value of the bond was \$ 3,350 million. This fund is used for new school construction and repairs to existing schools. Most projects also receive matching State funds.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$342.5	\$374.2	\$327.9	\$405.5	\$405.5	\$359.0	\$915.9	\$915.9
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	(\$15.3)	\$7.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$8.4	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$342.5	\$359.1	\$335.5	\$405.8	\$405.8	\$367.8	\$916.2	\$916.2
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$29.5	\$32.8	\$7.4	\$5.1	\$5.1	\$7.8	\$9.0	\$9.0
Interfund Transfers In	\$2.6	\$36.7	\$93.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$47.7	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$400.0	\$550.0	\$547.6	\$1,160.9	\$1,160.9	\$1,034.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$432.1	\$619.5	\$648.2	\$1,166.0	\$1,166.0	\$1,089.8	\$9.0	\$9.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$774.6	\$978.7	\$983.7	\$1,571.8	\$1,571.8	\$1,457.6	\$925.2	\$925.2
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$22.1	\$22.0	\$23.7	\$38.3	\$38.3	\$19.8	\$21.2	\$21.2
Employee Benefits	\$8.7	\$8.3	\$9.8	\$15.2	\$15.2	\$1.1	\$8.2	\$8.2
Books and Supplies	\$3.0	\$1.7	\$1.9	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.1	\$0.6	\$0.6
Other Operating Expense	\$12.6	\$19.2	\$21.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$19.7	\$0.4	\$0.4
Capital Outlay	\$350.7	\$545.7	\$562.3	\$1,516.6	\$779.6	\$479.3	\$894.5	\$570.8
Other Outgo	\$3.0	\$53.5	\$4.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$20.5	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$400.1	\$650.4	\$624.4	\$1,571.5	\$834.5	\$541.4	\$924.9	\$601.2
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$374.2	\$327.9	\$359.0	\$0.0	\$737.0	\$915.9	\$0.0	\$323.7
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Ending Balance	\$374.5	\$328.2	\$359.3	\$0.3	\$737.3	\$916.2	\$0.3	\$324.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$774.6	\$978.7	\$983.7	\$1,571.8	\$1,571.8	\$1,457.6	\$925.2	\$925.2

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Building Fund - Proposition BB (045/211)

Prop BB was a local bond issue approved by voters in April 1997. This fund is used for construction of new schools and repair and modernization of existing schools, often with State matching funds. There is \$ 0 million of unused authority.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$213.5	\$137.1	\$142.0	\$106.7	\$106.7	\$73.2	\$17.3	\$17.3
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	(\$0.5)	\$0.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$216.5	\$139.6	\$145.8	\$109.7	\$109.7	\$76.2	\$20.3	\$20.3
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$18.0	\$6.6	\$3.1	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$0.7	\$0.3	\$0.3
Interfund Transfers In	\$1.2	\$58.6	\$45.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$20.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$19.2	\$65.2	\$48.4	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$20.8	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$235.7	\$204.8	\$194.2	\$110.7	\$110.7	\$97.0	\$20.6	\$20.6
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$1.3	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.5	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$5.5	\$1.4	\$0.9	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.9	\$0.2	\$0.2
Capital Outlay	\$88.1	\$44.9	\$37.1	\$107.5	\$76.5	\$21.7	\$17.4	\$15.7
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$12.6	\$79.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$52.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$95.6	\$59.8	\$117.9	\$107.7	\$76.7	\$76.7	\$17.6	\$15.9
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance*	\$137.1	\$142.0	\$73.2	\$0.0	\$31.0	\$17.3	\$0.0	\$1.7
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0
Total Ending Balance	\$140.1	\$145.0	\$76.2	\$3.0	\$34.0	\$20.3	\$3.0	\$4.7
Total Uses of Funds	\$235.7	\$204.8	\$194.2	\$110.7	\$110.7	\$97.0	\$20.6	\$20.6

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Building Fund (070/212)

The Building Fund is used to account for proceeds fro the sale of bonds, state allowances, and other resources designated for facility expansion.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$2.0	\$2.1	\$2.3	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.5	\$2.2	\$2.2
Total Beginning Balance	\$2.0	\$2.1	\$2.3	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.5	\$2.2	\$2.2
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Revenue	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$2.7	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$2.6	\$2.5	\$2.5
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.1
Capital Outlay	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.7	\$0.7	\$0.2	\$2.5	\$1.0
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$2.9	\$0.9	\$0.4	\$2.5	\$1.0
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$2.1	\$2.3	\$2.5	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$1.5
Total Ending Balance	\$2.1	\$2.3	\$2.5	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$1.5
Total Uses of Funds	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$2.7	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$2.6	\$2.5	\$2.5

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Building Fund - Measure K (044/213)

This fund is used for new school construction and repair and modernization of existing schools. Measure K was a local bond issue passed by voters in November 2002. Most projects also receive a State match. There is \$750 million of unused authority.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$372.9	\$346.1	\$161.0	\$157.5	\$157.5	\$193.3	\$346.9	\$346.9
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$13.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$4.7	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$372.9	\$346.5	\$174.1	\$157.5	\$157.5	\$198.0	\$346.9	\$346.9
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$15.4	\$16.7	\$3.6	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$7.7	\$3.8	\$3.8
Interfund Transfers In	\$140.6	\$102.9	\$52.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$11.8	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Resources	\$500.0	\$150.0	\$248.9	\$320.4	\$320.4	\$349.8	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$656.0	\$269.5	\$305.4	\$324.4	\$324.4	\$369.3	\$3.8	\$3.8
Total Sources of Funds	\$1,028.9	\$616.1	\$479.5	\$481.9	\$481.9	\$567.4	\$350.7	\$350.7
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$16.4	\$11.8	\$8.0	\$6.9	\$6.9	\$6.0	\$0.4	\$0.4
Employee Benefits	\$6.7	\$6.1	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$2.0	\$0.2	\$0.2
Books and Supplies	\$3.0	\$1.5	\$1.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.9	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$10.0	\$7.3	\$4.8	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$1.8	\$0.3	\$0.3
Capital Outlay	\$612.4	\$407.4	\$247.6	\$471.9	\$321.9	\$207.4	\$349.8	\$227.1
Other Outgo	\$34.3	\$20.9	\$21.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$682.8	\$455.0	\$286.2	\$481.9	\$331.9	\$220.5	\$350.7	\$228.0
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance*	\$346.1	\$161.0	\$193.3	\$0.0	\$150.0	\$346.9	\$0.0	\$122.7
Total Ending Balance	\$346.1	\$161.0	\$193.3	\$0.0	\$150.0	\$346.9	\$0.0	\$122.7
Total Uses of Funds	\$1,028.9	\$616.1	\$479.5	\$481.9	\$481.9	\$567.4	\$350.7	\$350.7

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Building Fund - Measure Y (042/214)

Measure Y was a local bond issue approved by voters in November 2005. The total dollar value of the bond was \$ 3,985 million. This fund is used for school construction and modernization, with a goal of returning all schools to a traditional calendar.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$168.2	\$111.6	\$303.0	\$149.3	\$149.3	\$89.3	\$2,235.5	\$2,235.5
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	(\$3.8)	\$2.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$168.2	\$107.7	\$306.0	\$149.8	\$149.8	\$91.0	\$2,236.0	\$2,236.0
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$8.3	\$16.9	\$7.2	\$3.8	\$3.8	\$15.6	\$26.6	\$26.6
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$8.9	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.8	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$300.0	\$149.3	\$2,330.0	\$2,330.0	\$2,699.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$8.3	\$325.8	\$156.9	\$2,334.5	\$2,334.5	\$2,716.4	\$26.6	\$26.6
Total Sources of Funds	\$176.5	\$433.6	\$462.9	\$2,484.3	\$2,484.3	\$2,807.4	\$2,262.6	\$2,262.6
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.6	\$3.7	\$16.9	\$40.5	\$40.5	\$31.1	\$43.2	\$43.2
Employee Benefits	\$0.2	\$1.4	\$7.1	\$16.9	\$16.9	\$8.4	\$15.7	\$15.7
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$1.1	\$1.8	\$14.5	\$14.5	\$4.2	\$1.2	\$1.2
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$4.4	\$12.6	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$12.3	\$2.2	\$2.2
Capital Outlay	\$23.3	\$87.2	\$297.1	\$2,411.1	\$1,074.1	\$504.5	\$2,189.6	\$527.0
Other Outgo	\$40.8	\$32.3	\$37.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$11.0	\$10.1	\$10.1
Total Expenditure	\$64.9	\$130.0	\$373.1	\$2,483.8	\$1,146.8	\$571.5	\$2,262.1	\$599.5
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$111.6	\$303.0	\$89.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2,235.5	\$0.0	\$1,662.6
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$1,337.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5
Total Ending Balance	\$111.6	\$303.5	\$89.8	\$0.5	\$1,337.5	\$2,236.0	\$0.5	\$1,663.1
Total Uses of Funds	\$176.5	\$433.6	\$462.9	\$2,484.3	\$2,484.3	\$2,807.4	\$2,262.6	\$2,262.6

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 1A (065/350)

Proposition 1A was a State bond issue approved by voters in 1998 in which \$ 6.7 billion was allocated for school construction and modernization. In most cases, a 50% local match is required. All of the funds have been allocated to projects.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$66.6	\$50.0	\$45.5	\$15.6	\$15.6	\$18.1	\$4.0	\$4.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	-\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$66.6	\$50.0	\$45.3	\$15.6	\$15.6	\$18.1	\$4.0	\$4.0
Revenue								
State Revenues	(\$1.7)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Revenues	\$3.7	\$2.1	\$1.1	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Interfund Transfers In	\$1.5	\$4.1	\$3.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$9.7	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$3.5	\$6.2	\$4.4	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$9.9	\$0.2	\$0.2
Total Sources of Funds	\$70.1	\$56.2	\$49.6	\$16.1	\$16.1	\$28.0	\$4.2	\$4.2
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	\$19.8	\$10.5	\$18.9	\$16.1	\$16.1	\$8.0	\$4.2	\$4.2
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$12.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$15.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$20.1	\$10.7	\$31.5	\$16.1	\$16.1	\$24.0	\$4.2	\$4.2
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$50.0	\$45.5	\$18.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$4.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$50.0	\$45.5	\$18.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$4.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$70.1	\$56.2	\$49.6	\$16.1	\$16.1	\$28.0	\$4.2	\$4.2

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 47 (066/351)

Proposition 47 was a State bond issue approved by voters in 2002 in which \$ 11.4 billion was allocated for K-12 school construction and modernization. In most cases, a 50% local match is required.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$55.0	\$1.1	\$62.0	\$300.6	\$300.6	\$163.8	\$135.0	\$135.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$8.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$29.6	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$55.0	\$1.1	\$70.7	\$300.6	\$300.6	\$193.4	\$135.0	\$135.0
Revenue								
State Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$433.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$31.5	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Revenues	\$10.1	\$5.2	\$1.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.8	\$1.0	\$1.0
Interfund Transfers In	\$6.1	\$1.3	\$2.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.5	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Resources	\$0.0	\$218.6	\$0.0	\$617.8	\$617.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$16.2	\$225.2	\$438.3	\$617.8	\$617.8	\$36.8	\$1.0	\$1.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$71.2	\$226.3	\$509.0	\$918.4	\$918.4	\$230.2	\$136.0	\$136.0
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	\$68.8	\$146.5	\$337.5	\$918.4	\$489.4	\$94.7	\$136.0	\$108.9
Other Outgo	\$1.0	\$17.7	\$7.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$70.1	\$164.3	\$345.2	\$918.4	\$489.4	\$95.2	\$136.0	\$108.9
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$1.1	\$62.0	\$163.8	\$0.0	\$429.0	\$135.0	\$0.0	\$27.1
Total Ending Balance	\$1.1	\$62.0	\$163.8	\$0.0	\$429.0	\$135.0	\$0.0	\$27.1
Total Uses of Funds	\$71.2	\$226.3	\$509.0	\$918.4	\$918.4	\$230.2	\$136.0	\$136.0

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 55 (067/352)

Proposition 55 was a State bond issue approved by voters in 2004 in which \$10.0\$ billion was allocated for K-12 school construction and modernization. In most cases, a 50% local match is required.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$223.3	\$376.9	\$398.8	\$319.6	\$319.6	\$261.0	\$439.7	\$439.7
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	(\$8.4)	\$11.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$26.4	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$223.3	\$368.5	\$410.0	\$319.6	\$319.6	\$287.5	\$439.7	\$439.7
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
State Reveues	\$387.3	\$0.0	\$336.5	\$1,149.9	\$1,149.9	\$403.6	\$294.4	\$294.4
Local Revenues	\$16.9	\$17.4	\$8.7	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$4.7	\$3.3	\$3.3
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.1	\$8.9	\$26.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$5.6	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$393.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$404.3	\$419.5	\$371.4	\$1,151.9	\$1,151.9	\$413.9	\$297.7	\$297.7
Total Sources of Funds	\$627.6	\$788.0	\$781.4	\$1,471.5	\$1,471.5	\$701.4	\$737.5	\$737.5
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	\$136.5	\$311.0	\$462.4	\$1,471.5	\$802.5	\$260.8	\$737.5	\$405.7
Other Outgo	\$113.8	\$77.9	\$57.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$250.7	\$389.2	\$520.4	\$1,471.5	\$802.5	\$261.6	\$737.5	\$405.7
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$376.9	\$398.8	\$261.0	\$0.0	\$669.0	\$439.7	\$0.0	\$331.8
Total Ending Balance	\$376.9	\$398.8	\$261.0	\$0.0	\$669.0	\$439.7	\$0.0	\$331.8
Total Uses of Funds	\$627.6	\$788.0	\$781.4	\$1,471.5	\$1,471.5	\$701.4	\$737.5	\$737.5

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET County Sch Facilities Fund - Prop 1D (068/353)

Proposition 1D was a State bond issue approved by voters in 2006 in which \$7.3\$ billion was allocated for K-12 school construction and modernization. In most cases, a 50% local match is required.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$16.0	\$6.3	\$121.8	\$121.8	\$35.7	\$80.1	\$80.1
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$16.0	\$6.9	\$121.8	\$121.8	\$35.7	\$80.1	\$80.1
Revenue								
State Revenue	\$16.1	\$0.0	\$143.8	\$661.9	\$661.9	\$122.2	\$195.8	\$195.8
Local Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$1.7	\$1.7
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.7	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$18.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$16.1	\$19.1	\$144.6	\$661.9	\$661.9	\$126.3	\$197.5	\$197.5
Total Sources of Funds	\$16.1	\$35.1	\$151.4	\$783.7	\$783.7	\$162.0	\$277.6	\$277.6
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	\$0.1	\$23.1	\$85.5	\$783.7	\$428.7	\$65.8	\$277.6	\$180.5
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$5.6	\$30.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$15.8	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$0.1	\$28.8	\$115.7	\$783.7	\$428.7	\$82.0	\$277.6	\$180.5
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$16.0	\$6.3	\$35.7	\$0.0	\$355.0	\$80.1	\$0.0	\$97.1
Total Ending Balance	\$16.0	\$6.3	\$35.7	\$0.0	\$355.0	\$80.1	\$0.0	\$97.1
Total Uses of Funds	\$16.1	\$35.1	\$151.4	\$783.7	\$783.7	\$162.0	\$277.6	\$277.6

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Special Reserve Fund - CRA (017/400)

This fund is used for school construction projects paid from Community Redevelopment Agency funds.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$11.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$11.7	\$5.0	\$18.2	\$13.3	\$13.3	\$8.9	\$9.8	\$9.8
Total Beginning Balance	\$11.7	\$16.0	\$18.2	\$13.3	\$13.3	\$8.9	\$9.8	\$9.8
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$5.2	\$6.7	\$1.9	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$5.3	\$6.0	\$6.0
Total Revenue	\$5.2	\$6.7	\$1.9	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$5.3	\$6.0	\$6.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$17.0	\$22.7	\$20.1	\$17.7	\$17.7	\$14.2	\$15.9	\$15.9
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.6	\$0.1	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1
Capital Outlay	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$13.6	\$7.6	\$0.0	\$15.8	\$9.5
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$4.3	\$10.1	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$0.9	\$4.6	\$11.2	\$17.7	\$11.7	\$4.3	\$15.9	\$9.6
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$11.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$5.0	\$18.2	\$8.9	\$0.0	\$6.0	\$9.8	\$0.0	\$6.3
Total Ending Balance	\$16.0	\$18.2	\$8.9	\$0.0	\$6.0	\$9.8	\$0.0	\$6.3
Total Uses of Funds	\$17.0	\$22.7	\$20.1	\$17.7	\$17.7	\$14.2	\$15.9	\$15.9

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Special Reserve Fund (015/401)

 $This fund \ mainly \ provides \ for \ buildings \ and \ capital \ improvements \ to \ relieve \ overcrowded \ schools.$

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$228.0	\$192.1	\$191.5	\$189.9	\$189.9	\$185.9	\$243.1	\$243.1
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$2.1)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$228.0	\$192.1	\$192.4	\$189.9	\$189.9	\$183.8	\$243.1	\$243.1
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
State Revenues	\$0.3	\$14.2	\$31.4	\$14.0	\$14.0	\$1.4	\$16.7	\$16.7
Local Revenues	\$12.0	\$36.9	\$30.1	\$17.2	\$17.2	\$3.7	\$19.6	\$19.6
Interfund Transfers In	\$70.6	\$23.2	\$16.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$27.6	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$119.5	\$130.6	\$94.0	\$94.0	\$230.9	\$296.1	\$296.1
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$82.9	\$193.7	\$208.2	\$125.1	\$125.1	\$263.7	\$332.3	\$332.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$310.9	\$385.8	\$400.6	\$315.0	\$315.0	\$447.5	\$575.4	\$575.4
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$1.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$9.8	\$16.3	\$16.3	\$4.8	\$14.5	\$14.5
Capital Outlay	\$26.7	\$34.1	\$31.9	\$288.1	\$188.1	\$45.2	\$556.2	\$383.6
Other Outgo	\$91.4	\$159.4	\$170.5	\$9.4	\$9.4	\$152.8	\$4.8	\$4.8
Total Expenditure	\$118.8	\$194.3	\$214.7	\$313.7	\$213.7	\$204.4	\$575.4	\$402.8
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$192.1	\$191.5	\$185.9	\$1.3	\$101.3	\$243.1	\$0.0	\$172.6
Total Ending Balance	\$192.1	\$191.5	\$185.9	\$1.3	\$101.3	\$243.1	\$0.0	\$172.6
Total Uses of Funds	\$310.9	\$385.8	\$400.6	\$315.0	\$315.0	\$447.5	\$575.4	\$575.4

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Special Reserve Fund - FEMA (022/402)

This fund is for funds received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency, mainly to repair earthquake damage from the 1994 Northridge earthquake.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$2.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$2.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$5.7	\$5.7	\$0.0	\$5.7	\$5.7
State Revenues	\$0.3	\$2.3	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$0.6
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$0.3	\$3.0	\$0.5	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$0.0	\$6.3	\$6.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$2.7	\$3.0	\$0.5	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$0.2	\$6.5	\$6.5
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.6	\$2.1	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	\$2.0	\$0.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Outgo	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$2.7	\$3.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$6.5	\$6.5
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$0.2	\$6.5	\$6.5
Total Uses of Funds	\$2.7	\$3.0	\$0.5	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$0.2	\$6.5	\$6.5

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Special Resv Fund - FEMA - Haz Mit (062/403)

This fund is used for funds received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency to reduce hazards. District matching funds are required. In the past, these funds have been used mainly to replace pendant lighting and suspended ceilings in schools.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$1.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$1.8	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Revenues	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Capital Facilities Acct Fund (073/250)

This fund is used to account for developer fees levied on new residential, commercial or industrial projects within the District's boundaries Revenues, which may vary widely from year, are used for the construction of new school facilities.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$176.9	\$148.7	\$163.4	\$19.4	\$19.4	\$68.3	\$52.5	\$52.5
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$4.3	-\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.8	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$176.9	\$153.0	\$163.0	\$19.4	\$19.4	\$71.1	\$52.5	\$52.5
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$105.5	\$73.1	\$27.8	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$19.6	\$18.9	\$18.9
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$2.1	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$20.0	\$20.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$105.5	\$75.2	\$28.1	\$20.9	\$20.9	\$20.0	\$18.9	\$18.9
Total Sources of Funds	\$282.4	\$228.2	\$191.1	\$40.3	\$40.3	\$91.1	\$71.4	\$71.4
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3
Employee Benefits	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.9	\$0.6	\$1.0	\$12.0	\$12.0	\$0.4	\$15.0	\$15.0
Capital Outlay	\$107.4	\$31.2	\$64.7	\$14.3	\$11.8	\$26.5	\$45.2	\$16.7
Other Outgo	\$24.8	\$32.3	\$56.7	\$13.6	\$13.6	\$11.5	\$10.7	\$10.7
Total Expenditure	\$133.7	\$64.8	\$122.8	\$40.3	\$37.8	\$38.6	\$71.4	\$42.9
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$148.7	\$163.4	\$68.3	\$0.0	\$2.5	\$52.5	\$0.0	\$28.5
Total Ending Balance	\$148.7	\$163.4	\$68.3	\$0.0	\$2.5	\$52.5	\$0.0	\$28.5
Total Uses of Funds	\$282.4	\$228.2	\$191.1	\$40.3	\$40.3	\$91.1	\$71.4	\$71.4

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET State Sch Bldg Lease/Purch Fund (074/300)

This fund is used for school construction projects to relieve overcrowding.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$5.4	\$4.1	\$4.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$5.4	\$4.1	\$4.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
State Revenues	(\$4.8)	\$0.0	-\$3.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Revenues	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3
Interfund Transfers In	\$2.6	\$21.7	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	(\$2.0)	\$22.1	-\$3.2	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$3.4	\$26.2	\$1.3	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.3
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.0	-\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	(\$0.7)	\$0.7	\$1.1	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$20.9	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	(\$0.7)	\$21.7	\$1.3	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.3
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$4.1	\$4.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$4.1	\$4.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$3.4	\$26.2	\$1.3	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.3

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Bond Interest & Redemption Fund (004/510)

This fund provides principal and interest payments on outstanding local bonds approved by voters. The source of revenues is local property taxes.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$447.9	\$491.0	\$491.0	\$489.4	\$550.3	\$550.3
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$283.0	\$360.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$283.0	\$360.1	\$447.9	\$491.0	\$491.0	\$489.4	\$550.3	\$550.3
Revenue								
State Revenues	\$3.4	\$3.9	\$4.0	\$5.0	\$5.0	\$5.1	\$6.3	\$6.3
Local Revenues	\$474.3	\$581.1	\$613.7	\$597.5	\$597.5	\$784.2	\$974.0	\$974.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$477.6	\$585.1	\$617.7	\$602.5	\$602.5	\$789.3	\$980.4	\$980.4
Total Sources of Funds	\$760.6	\$945.2	\$1,065.6	\$1,093.5	\$1,093.5	\$1,278.7	\$1,530.6	\$1,530.6
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Other Outgo	\$400.5	\$497.3	\$576.2	\$1,093.5	\$593.5	\$728.4	\$1,530.6	\$1,148.0
Total Expenditure	\$400.5	\$497.3	\$576.2	\$1,093.5	\$593.5	\$728.4	\$1,530.6	\$1,148.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$447.9	\$489.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$550.3	\$0.0	\$382.6
Carryover Ending Balance	\$360.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$500.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$360.1	\$447.9	\$489.4	\$0.0	\$500.0	\$550.3	\$0.0	\$382.6
Total Uses of Funds	\$760.6	\$945.2	\$1,065.6	\$1,093.5	\$1,093.5	\$1,278.7	\$1,530.6	\$1,530.6

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Tax Override Fund (005/530)

This fund repays indebtedness resulting from earlier tax levies. The total debt to be repaid is 0.59 million. The repayment schedule will end June 30, 2010.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Revenue								
State Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Revenues	\$0.4	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$0.4	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$0.5	\$0.4	\$0.5	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Other Outgo	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2
Total Expenditure	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2
Ending Balance								_
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$0.5	\$0.4	\$0.5	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Capital Services Fund (071/560)

This fund is used to repay Certificates of Participation (COPs). COPs are funds borrowed for capital projects where bond financing is not available. Repayment is from general purpose funds or other funds such as developer fees.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$49.1	\$172.5	\$172.5	\$65.1	\$72.9	\$72.9
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$19.5	\$22.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$19.5	\$22.9	\$49.1	\$172.5	\$172.5	\$65.1	\$72.9	\$72.9
Revenue								_
Local Revenues	\$1.7	\$1.7	\$2.3	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$0.9	\$0.9
Interfund Transfers In	\$35.1	\$58.4	\$208.3	\$55.1	\$55.1	\$118.8	\$49.0	\$49.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$36.8	\$60.1	\$210.8	\$56.2	\$56.2	\$119.8	\$49.9	\$49.9
Total Sources of Funds	\$56.3	\$83.0	\$259.9	\$228.7	\$228.7	\$184.9	\$122.8	\$122.8
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Other Outgo	\$33.4	\$33.9	\$194.8	\$48.9	\$48.9	\$112.0	\$49.9	\$49.9
Total Expenditure	\$33.4	\$33.9	\$194.8	\$48.9	\$48.9	\$112.0	\$49.9	\$49.9
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$49.1	\$65.1	\$179.8	\$179.8	\$72.9	\$72.9	\$72.9
Carryover Ending Balance	\$22.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$22.9	\$49.1	\$65.1	\$179.8	\$179.8	\$72.9	\$72.9	\$72.9
Total Uses of Funds	\$56.3	\$83.0	\$259.9	\$228.7	\$228.7	\$184.9	\$122.8	\$122.8

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Health & Welfare Benefits Fund (021/670)

This fund provides insurance or reimbursement for medical, vision, and dental care for qualified employees and retirees, plus costs of administration. Cost for such benefits have been growing faster than revenues.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$18.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$18.8	\$0.2	\$9.5	\$9.5	-\$0.1	\$44.2	\$44.2
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$11.0	\$10.9	\$11.8	\$6.4	\$6.4	\$9.5	\$9.4	\$9.4
Total Beginning Balance	\$11.4	\$29.7	\$30.7	\$15.9	\$15.9	\$9.4	\$53.6	\$53.6
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$758.5	\$836.2	\$877.6	\$924.4	\$924.4	\$941.9	\$973.0	\$973.0
Interfund Transfers In	\$4.0	\$12.1	\$13.0	\$10.4	\$10.4	\$11.1	\$10.6	\$10.6
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$762.5	\$848.3	\$890.6	\$934.8	\$934.8	\$953.0	\$983.6	\$983.6
Total Sources of Funds	\$773.8	\$878.1	\$921.3	\$950.6	\$950.6	\$962.3	\$1,037.2	\$1,037.2
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$1.7	\$1.9	\$2.0	\$1.8	\$1.8	\$1.8	\$1.8	\$1.8
Employee Benefits	\$0.8	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$0.8	\$0.9	\$0.9
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Other Operating Expense	\$741.5	\$844.2	\$908.7	\$930.0	\$930.0	\$906.0	\$978.9	\$978.9
Total Expenditure	\$744.1	\$847.4	\$911.9	\$933.0	\$933.0	\$908.8	\$981.7	\$981.7
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$18.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$18.8	\$0.2	-\$0.1	\$11.3	\$11.3	\$44.2	\$46.2	\$46.2
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$10.9	\$11.8	\$9.5	\$6.4	\$6.4	\$9.4	\$9.4	\$9.4
Total Ending Balance	\$29.8	\$30.7	\$9.4	\$17.7	\$17.7	\$53.6	\$55.5	\$55.5
Total Uses of Funds	\$773.8	\$878.1	\$921.3	\$950.6	\$950.6	\$962.3	\$1,037.2	\$1,037.2

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Worker's Compensation Fund (013/671)

This internal service fund makes medical and other payments to employees who were injured in the course of their employment with the District, plus the necessary cost of administering the fund. Revenues come from each fund that has employees.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$58.3	\$100.5	\$22.6	\$22.6	\$25.1	\$56.9	\$56.9
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Restatement of Beg Bal	(\$182.9)	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	(\$180.9)	\$60.3	\$102.5	\$24.6	\$24.6	\$27.1	\$58.9	\$58.9
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$185.9	\$113.1	\$17.0	\$111.2	\$111.2	\$115.1	\$56.7	\$56.7
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$185.9	\$113.1	\$17.0	\$111.2	\$111.2	\$115.1	\$56.7	\$56.7
Total Sources of Funds	\$5.0	\$173.4	\$119.5	\$135.8	\$135.8	\$142.2	\$115.5	\$115.5
Uses of Funds Expenditure								
Classified Salaries	\$3.9	\$4.0	\$4.1	\$3.7	\$3.7	\$3.4	\$3.4	\$3.4
Employee Benefits	\$1.7	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$1.8	\$1.8	\$1.7	\$1.6	\$1.6
Books and Supplies	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.1
Other Operating Expense	(\$61.1)	\$65.0	\$86.4	\$98.5	\$98.5	\$78.1	\$100.9	\$100.9
Total Expenditure	(\$55.3)	\$70.9	\$92.4	\$104.2	\$104.2	\$83.3	\$105.9	\$105.9
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$58.3	\$100.5	\$25.1	\$29.6	\$29.6	\$56.9	\$7.7	\$7.7
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Restatement of Ending Bal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$60.3	\$102.5	\$27.1	\$31.6	\$31.6	\$58.9	\$9.7	\$9.7
Total Uses of Funds	\$5.0	\$173.4	\$119.5	\$135.8	\$135.8	\$142.2	\$115.5	\$115.5

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Liability Self-Insurance Fund (016/672)

 $This fund provides \ resources \ for \ liability \ claims \ and \ judgements \ against \ the \ District, and \ the \ cost \ of \ administering \ them.$

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$5.5	\$5.2	\$4.8	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$4.0	\$4.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$5.5	\$5.2	\$4.8	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$4.0	\$4.0
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$0.6	\$26.1	\$20.2	\$23.3	\$23.3	\$42.5	\$21.3	\$21.3
Interfund Transfers In	\$15.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$15.7	\$26.1	\$20.2	\$23.2	\$23.2	\$42.5	\$21.3	\$21.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$21.2	\$31.2	\$25.0	\$27.6	\$27.6	\$46.9	\$25.3	\$25.3
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2
Classified Salaries	\$1.6	\$1.6	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.2	\$1.3	\$1.3
Employee Benefits	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.6
Books and Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.1
Other Operating Expense	\$13.6	\$24.0	\$18.5	\$20.6	\$20.6	\$41.0	\$18.9	\$18.9
Total Expenditure	\$16.0	\$26.5	\$20.6	\$22.9	\$22.9	\$42.9	\$21.1	\$21.1
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$5.2	\$4.8	\$4.4	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$4.0
Total Ending Balance	\$5.2	\$4.8	\$4.4	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.0	\$4.2	\$4.2
Total Uses of Funds	\$21.2	\$31.2	\$25.0	\$27.6	\$27.6	\$46.9	\$25.3	\$25.3

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Attendance Incentive Reserve Fund (046/710)

This funds provides rewards to UTLA-represented employees with good attendance in accordance with an agreement with UTLA.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$1.4	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$1.4	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$0.8	\$1.5	\$1.8	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Other Operating Expense	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$1.8	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$1.8	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.8	\$1.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.8	\$1.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$0.8	\$1.5	\$1.8	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET Annuity Reserve Fund (023/711)

This fund holds amounts deposited after the dissolution of the Teacher's retirement system in 1972. The amounts have been or will be distributed to employees.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
Local Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Other Operating Expense	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0

General Fund - Regular Program

Expenditures by Sub-Object

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Certificated Salaries								
1100 Salaries - Teachers	\$2,296.9	\$2,341.0	\$2,299.9	\$2,026.1	\$2,046.2	\$1,976.2	\$1,858.4	\$1,890.6
1200 Salaries - School Administrators	\$187.8	\$198.9	\$196.4	\$160.0	\$166.9	\$163.3	\$139.9	\$149.5
1300 Salaries - Supervisors	\$61.1	\$81.3	\$79.1	\$58.4	\$74.7	\$61.7	\$44.2	\$48.8
1400 Salaries - Librarians	\$12.2	\$13.0	\$12.8	\$11.8	\$12.2	\$11.1	\$5.1	\$5.1
1500 Salaries - Counselors	\$131.2	\$153.2	\$151.8	\$129.3	\$135.2	\$126.5	\$95.5	\$108.1
1600 Salaries - Nurses & Health Employee	\$47.4	\$48.6	\$48.8	\$47.4	\$47.9	\$45.4	\$40.3	\$38.3
1700 Salaries - Superintendents	\$2.8	\$2.9	\$2.8	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$1.9
1800 Salaries - Nonschool Administrators	\$19.9	\$24.6	\$15.6	\$13.3	\$12.7	\$9.2	\$7.1	\$8.3
1900 Other Certificated Employees	\$32.9	\$43.5	\$41.1	\$43.1	\$34.3	\$33.5	\$23.4	\$29.5
Total Certificated Salaries	\$2,792.1	\$2,907.0	\$2,848.3	\$2,491.7	\$2,532.4	\$2,428.7	\$2,215.8	\$2,280.1
Classified Salaries								
2100 Instructional Aides	\$217.5	\$244.9	\$233.2	\$239.4	\$239.4	\$220.6	\$227.9	\$212.9
2200 Classified Administrators	\$21.4	\$20.9	\$20.9	\$20.0	\$17.2	\$19.1	\$17.6	\$16.0
2300 Clerical and Office Employees	\$263.5	\$257.8	\$255.0	\$202.6	\$200.7	\$240.7	\$239.1	\$179.2
2400 Maintenance & Operations Employee	\$273.0	\$296.0	\$283.3	\$236.8	\$249.4	\$262.6	\$187.3	\$275.1
2500 Food Service Employees	\$0.1	(\$0.2)	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.5	\$0.3
2600 Transportation Employees	\$64.4	\$67.1	\$62.5	\$65.2	\$61.6	\$57.8	\$58.1	\$54.1
2900 Other Classified Employees	\$45.7	\$65.6	\$49.4	\$28.0	\$37.7	\$35.8	\$29.2	\$31.9
Total Classified Salaries	\$885.7	\$952.0	\$904.6	\$792.0	\$806.3	\$836.7	\$759.7	\$769.5
Employee Donofite								
Employee Benefits 3100 State Teachers Retirement System	\$218.8	\$227.1	\$231.6	\$200.7	\$203.8	\$201.9	\$182.8	\$183.4
3200 Public Employees Retirement System		\$227.1 \$103.5	\$231.6 \$101.5	\$107.0	\$203.6 \$94.4	\$201.9 \$93.5	\$102.8	\$103.4 \$94.0
3300 Social Security, Medicare, PARS	\$111.4	\$103.3 \$111.7	\$101.3	\$107.0 \$95.8	\$96.4	\$99.8	\$100.0	\$94.0
3400 Benefits - Employee Health Benefits	\$436.6	\$464.6	\$518.7	\$515.4	\$515.3	\$574.1	\$508.1	\$508.1
3500 Benefits - Unemployment Insurance	\$2.2	\$2.0	\$11.2	\$9.8	\$10.0	\$9.9	\$21.4	\$22.0
3600 Benefits - Workers Compensation	\$129.4	\$69.1	\$0.0	\$80.9	\$85.5	\$84.2	\$38.3	\$37.0
3700 Benefits - Retiree Health Benefits	\$177.7	\$199.1	\$188.3	\$230.4	\$229.9	\$208.5	\$236.2	\$234.7
3800 Benefits - PERS Recapture	\$16.2	\$17.9	\$16.8	\$15.5	\$15.4	\$12.9	\$8.3	\$8.3
3900 Benefits - General	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.4	\$10.8	\$10.8	\$18.3	\$10.6	\$14.8
Total Employee Benefits	\$1,185.3	\$1,194.9	\$1,179.5	\$1,266.3	\$1,261.6	\$1,303.0	\$1,198.7	\$1,196.4
Books and Supplies	d00.7	¢07.5	* 45.5	450.0	A C = =	400.4	4400	640 =
4100 Textbooks	\$89.7	\$87.5	\$45.7	\$79.8	\$67.5	\$93.1	\$12.2	\$13.7
4200 Other Books	\$1.5	\$2.1	\$1.0	\$0.9	\$1.0	\$0.8	\$0.2	\$1.5
4300 Instructional Materials	\$48.4	\$58.1	\$45.2	\$278.1	\$91.5	\$35.4	\$246.6	\$42.2
4400 Non-Capitalized Equipment	\$27.3 \$70.1	\$29.7	\$20.9	\$5.5 \$75.5	\$18.8	\$12.5 \$40.0	\$3.7 \$94.1	\$10.9
4500 General Supplies	\$79.1 \$10.0	\$85.0 \$11.1	\$57.8 \$0.4	\$75.5 \$11.4	\$39.3 \$11.1	\$49.0 \$8.8	\$84.1 \$10.4	\$38.4
4600 Pupil Transportation Supplies4700 Food Services Supplies	\$10.0 \$0.0	\$11.1 \$0.0	\$9.4 \$0.0	\$11.4 \$0.0	\$11.1 \$0.0	\$8.8 \$0.0	\$10.4 \$0.0	\$8.2 \$0.0
Total Books and Supplies	\$256.1	\$273.5	\$180.0	\$451.4	\$229.2	\$199.7	\$357.2	\$114.9
Total books and supplies	ΨΔ.JU.1	Ψ4/3.3	Ψ100.0	Ψ7J1.T	ΨΔΔ9.Δ	Ψ133./	Δ. / υυ	ψ114.3

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET General Fund - Regular Program

Expenditures by Sub-Object

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Other Operating Expense								
5100 Instructional Consultants	\$15.3	\$26.4	\$13.9	\$10.8	\$16.3	\$10.3	\$7.0	\$1.5
5200 Travel & Conference Expense	\$7.3	\$8.2	\$6.4	\$3.5	\$6.4	\$5.3	\$5.0	\$3.6
5300 Dues and Memberships	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5
5400 Insurance	\$14.6	\$23.2	\$21.5	\$23.9	\$25.3	\$45.8	\$27.9	\$28.4
5500 Utitilies & Housekeeping Services	\$89.1	\$89.2	\$101.5	\$91.9	\$104.0	\$95.6	\$96.7	\$105.8
5600 Rentals, Leases & Repairs	\$70.0	\$59.2	\$63.1	\$71.7	\$45.8	\$48.5	\$58.5	\$52.4
5700 Subagreements	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
5800 Other Services & Operating Expense	\$328.3	\$347.4	\$367.5	\$357.7	\$360.2	\$378.6	\$326.6	\$332.3
5900 Telephone, Pager & Postage	\$19.0	\$19.1	\$19.4	\$17.2	\$17.9	\$17.1	\$17.0	\$17.3
Total Operating Expense	\$544.1	\$573.3	\$593.6	\$577.1	\$576.3	\$601.6	\$539.1	\$541.9
Capital Outlay	44.0	40.0	44.0	04.4	40.0	40.6	40.0	40.6
6100 Sites & Improvement of Sites	\$1.2	\$0.9	\$1.2	\$1.1	\$0.8	\$0.6	\$0.9	\$0.6
6200 Buildings & Improvement of Building	\$11.4	\$25.8	\$21.7	\$8.9	\$20.2	\$10.2	\$9.1	\$9.7
6300 Books & Meida for Libraries	\$2.0	\$3.3	(\$0.0)	\$10.3	\$11.2	\$1.6	\$7.7	\$7.7
6400 Equipment	\$18.2	\$3.5	\$0.8	\$3.8	\$2.6	\$7.3	\$2.1	\$7.1
6500 Equipment Replacement	\$0.1	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$4.1	\$15.0	\$8.6
Total Capital Outlay	\$33.0	\$34.0	\$23.7	\$24.6	\$34.9	\$23.9	\$34.7	\$33.6
Other Outgo								
7100 Tuition	\$0.4	\$0.9	\$0.2	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.2	\$0.7	\$0.2
7200 Other Transfer Out	\$46.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
7300 Interprogram Support Costs	(\$36.0)	(\$32.8)	(\$43.4)	(\$35.7)	(\$35.7)	(\$38.0)	(\$39.3)	(\$37.3)
7600 InterfundTransfers	\$60.1	\$63.9	\$86.2	\$43.9	\$43.9	\$59.4	\$193.9	\$193.9
7700 Other Uses	\$0.0	\$3.5	\$2.5	\$2.6	\$3.9	\$1.9	\$2.0	\$1.9
Total Other Outgo	\$70.9	\$35.4	\$45.5	\$11.5	\$12.8	\$23.5	\$157.3	\$158.7
Total Expenditures	\$5,767.1	\$5,970.2	\$5,775.3	\$5,614.5	\$5,453.4	\$5,417.3	\$5,262.5	\$5,095.0

General Fund - Specially Funded Program

Expenditures by Sub-Object

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Certificated Salaries								
1100 Salaries - Teachers	\$218.4	\$218.1	\$209.7	\$238.1	\$235.5	\$233.5	\$347.3	\$341.8
1200 Salaries - School Administrators	\$4.4	\$3.3	\$3.5	(\$0.0)	(\$0.0)	\$0.3	\$2.4	\$2.4
1300 Salaries - Supervisors	\$75.2	\$58.1	\$46.7	\$26.5	\$26.5	\$39.6	\$28.9	\$28.9
1400 Salaries - Librarians	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$3.2	\$3.2
1500 Salaries - Counselors	\$38.7	\$46.1	\$45.1	\$47.0	\$45.7	\$48.5	\$58.0	\$57.7
1600 Salaries - Nurses & Health Employee	\$15.3	\$17.2	\$17.0	\$15.9	\$15.9	\$18.5	\$18.8	\$18.8
1700 Salaries - Superintendents	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
1800 Salaries - Nonschool Administrators	\$7.5	\$1.4	\$1.2	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$1.8	\$1.6	\$1.6
1900 Other Certificated Employees	\$62.5	\$63.1	\$60.1	\$82.0	\$82.0	\$91.1	\$92.2	\$91.5
Total Certificated Salaries	\$422.4	\$407.6	\$383.7	\$410.7	\$406.8	\$433.8	\$552.6	\$546.1
Classified Salaries								
2100 Instructional Aides	\$11.0	\$11.4	\$11.5	\$11.4	\$11.4	\$13.1	\$13.8	\$13.5
2200 Classified Administrators	\$2.2	\$1.9	\$1.4	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$2.1	\$1.2	\$1.2
2300 Clerical and Office Employees	\$39.2	\$40.3	\$35.6	\$25.2	\$25.1	\$29.9	\$31.2	\$30.7
2400 Maintenance & Operations Employee	\$4.0	\$3.6	\$2.8	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.3	\$2.3
2500 Food Service Employees	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.5	\$0.1	\$0.1
2600 Transportation Employees	\$1.7	\$2.3	\$2.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
2900 Other Classified Employees	\$36.9	\$42.5	\$39.4	\$41.8	\$41.7	\$44.7	\$46.0	\$45.8
Total Classified Salaries	\$95.4	\$102.2	\$93.2	\$82.1	\$81.9	\$93.0	\$94.7	\$93.7
Employee Benefits								
3100 State Teachers Retirement System	\$32.6	\$26.5	\$27.3	\$29.7	\$29.2	\$32.4	\$42.8	\$42.6
3200 Public Employees Retirement System	\$10.0	\$6.9	\$6.1	\$5.2	\$5.2	\$5.9	\$5.7	\$5.7
3300 Social Security, Medicare, PARS	\$11.0	\$12.8	\$11.3	\$15.2	\$15.1	\$12.5	\$17.5	\$17.0
3400 Benefits - Employee Health Benefits	\$43.3	\$46.8	\$42.4	\$50.5	\$50.5	\$48.6	\$90.3	\$90.3
3500 Benefits - Unemployment Insurance	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$1.4	\$1.5	\$1.5	\$1.6	\$4.7	\$4.6
3600 Benefits - Workers Compensation	\$12.8	\$8.4	\$0.0	\$24.4	\$24.3	\$13.5	\$6.4	\$6.4
3700 Benefits - Retiree Health Benefits	\$17.6	\$20.1	\$15.3	\$23.0	\$23.0	\$17.3	\$27.3	\$27.3
3800 Benefits - PERS Recapture	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.3	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0
3900 Benefits - General	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Employee Benefits	\$128.8	\$123.1	\$105.0	\$151.6	\$150.8	\$132.9	\$195.6	\$194.9
Books and Supplies								
4100 Textbooks	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
4200 Other Books	\$2.7	\$1.4	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.6	\$0.2	\$0.2
4300 Instructional Materials	\$68.2	\$92.0	\$61.0	\$291.1	\$258.4	\$75.3	\$251.8	\$213.9
4400 Non-Capitalized Equipment	\$24.5	\$41.3	\$34.2	\$7.4	\$7.3	\$15.8	\$6.8	\$6.5
4500 General Supplies	\$21.8	\$26.5	\$20.7	\$19.5	\$19.5	\$17.5	\$30.8	\$30.8
4600 Pupil Transportation Supplies	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
4700 Food Services Supplies	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.5	\$0.5
Total Books and Supplies	\$117.8	\$161.8	\$116.6	\$318.3	\$285.6	\$109.7	\$290.1	\$251.9

General Fund - Specially Funded Program Expenditures by Sub-Object

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Other Operating Expense								
5100 Instructional Consultants	\$114.1	\$100.0	\$68.6	\$67.3	\$66.7	\$78.9	\$60.3	\$59.4
5200 Travel & Conference Expense	\$6.1	\$6.8	\$4.3	\$6.5	\$6.5	\$5.0	\$5.9	\$5.4
5300 Dues and Memberships	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
5400 Insurance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
5500 Utitilies & Housekeeping Services	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
5600 Rentals, Leases & Repairs	\$16.2	\$13.9	\$9.6	\$8.0	\$8.0	\$7.4	\$7.4	\$7.1
5700 Transfers of Direct Costs	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$36.5	\$0.0	\$0.0
5800 Other Services & Operating Expense	\$26.2	\$69.7	\$67.2	\$50.9	\$50.9	\$16.3	\$55.4	\$55.4
5900 Telephone, Pager & Postage	\$1.1	\$1.0	\$0.9	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0
Total Operating Expense	\$163.9	\$191.5	\$150.8	\$134.1	\$133.5	\$145.2	\$130.0	\$128.3
Capital Outlay								
6100 Sites & Improvement of Sites	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
6200 Buildings & Improvement of Building	\$1.5	\$1.3	\$1.8	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$3.7	\$3.9	\$3.9
6400 Equipment	\$0.2	\$1.6	\$1.8	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.8	\$0.1	\$0.1
6500 Equipment Replacement	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Capital Outlay	\$1.9	\$3.1	\$3.8	\$2.5	\$2.5	\$4.5	\$4.0	\$4.0
Other Outgo								
7200 Other Transfer Out	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
7300 Interprogram Support Costs	\$29.8	\$26.9	\$34.8	\$26.3	\$26.3	\$23.4	\$27.2	\$25.9
7600 InterfundTransfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Other Outgo	\$29.8	\$26.9	\$34.8	\$26.3	\$26.3	\$23.4	\$27.2	\$25.9
Total Expenditures	\$960.0	\$1,016.2	\$887.9	\$1,125.6	\$1,087.3	\$942.5	\$1,294.2	\$1,244.8

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-11 FINAL BUDGET General Fund - Summary of Expenditures by District-Defined Program

	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
General Fund - Regular Program (000R/010))							
General Program (A)	\$3,386.7	\$3,532.0	\$3,326.3	\$3,387.2	\$3,274.8	\$3,232.8	\$3,034.0	\$2,904.6
Special Education (D)	\$1,355.7	\$1,407.1	\$1,413.3	\$1,435.1	\$1,413.3	\$1,400.3	\$1,413.6	\$1,381.7
TIIG (G)	\$551.6	\$533.1	\$508.4	\$442.9	\$415.5	\$408.4	\$358.1	\$357.6
Maintenance (\$)	\$215.8	\$212.5	\$223.7	\$141.5	\$141.5	\$141.3	\$122.6	\$122.6
ROC/ROP (J)	\$71.1	\$87.7	\$81.5	\$73.2	\$69.7	\$73.3	\$59.2	\$57.4
Options Programs (S)	\$75.7	\$79.8	\$80.2	\$74.7	\$79.1	\$74.3	\$66.1	\$66.1
Intervention - Hourly (C)	\$78.2	\$75.9	\$61.6	\$20.3	\$20.1	\$16.2	\$18.5	\$14.6
After School Programs (L)	\$22.1	\$21.7	\$20.0	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$10.9	\$9.9	\$9.9
Interfund Transfers (@)	\$9.9	\$20.7	\$43.2	\$33.5	\$33.5	\$47.8	\$180.5	\$180.5
Reserves (P)	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$17.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$11.9	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total General Fund - Regular Program	\$5,767.2	\$5,970.6	\$5,775.3	\$5,614.3	\$5,453.3	\$5,417.3	\$5,262.5	\$5,095.0
General Fund - Specially Funded (000S/010)								
SFP - Compensatory (SFPA)	\$505.8	\$626.8	\$550.0	\$778.3	\$740.1	\$617.8	\$857.8	\$811.2
SFP - General (SFPB)	\$363.3	\$243.9	\$214.5	\$200.6	\$200.6	\$197.5	\$298.0	\$295.2
After School (SFPL)	\$67.7	\$119.9	\$97.4	\$105.3	\$105.3	\$94.2	\$99.1	\$99.1
SFP - Special Ed (SFPC)	\$19.5	\$19.5	\$21.6	\$36.6	\$36.6	\$30.5	\$35.4	\$35.4
SFP - ROC/ROP (SFPE)	\$3.7	\$6.1	\$4.4	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$2.5	\$3.9	\$3.9
Total General Fund - Specially Funded Program	\$960.0	\$1,016.2	\$887.9	\$1,125.6	\$1,087.4	\$942.5	\$1,294.2	\$1,244.8

General Fund - Regular Program

General Program (A)

This Program pays for norm positions for all schools plus core nonschool functions.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$81.1	\$83.6	\$80.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$133.5	\$94.9	\$94.9
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$98.3	\$188.3	\$99.7	\$50.4	\$50.4	\$78.4	\$40.0	\$40.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$15.6	\$11.0	\$14.5	\$14.5	\$14.5	\$11.5	\$11.5	\$11.5
Legally restricted Beginning Balar	\$104.7	\$173.4	\$213.9	\$117.2	\$117.2	\$471.0	\$170.5	\$170.5
Restatement of Beg Bal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Economic Uncertainties	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$41.8)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$299.7	\$456.3	\$408.9	\$182.1	\$182.1	\$652.5	\$316.8	\$316.8
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$3,416.7	\$3,408.3	\$3,239.9	\$2,944.2	\$2,944.2	\$2,784.0	\$2,681.8	\$2,681.8
Federal Revenues	\$30.7	\$41.9	\$393.2	\$390.2	\$390.2	\$82.3	\$52.2	\$52.2
State Revenues	\$882.0	\$747.6	\$725.0	\$635.2	\$635.2	\$686.3	\$655.0	\$655.0
Local Revenues	\$105.6	\$109.4	\$131.6	\$88.6	\$88.6	\$88.4	\$103.8	\$103.8
Interfund Transfers In	\$51.7	\$88.4	\$51.5	\$11.0	\$11.0	\$56.6	\$4.8	\$4.8
Other Financing Sources	\$5.3	\$7.5	\$2.6	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$3.3	\$3.8	\$3.8
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	(\$948.6)	(\$917.8)	(\$932.1)	(\$835.8)	(\$796.6)	(\$803.8)	(\$709.5)	(\$709.4)
Local Miscellaneous	(\$0.2)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$3,543.2	\$3,485.3	\$3,611.8	\$3,234.3	\$3,273.4	\$2,897.0	\$2,792.0	\$2,792.0
Total Sources of Funds	\$3,842.9	\$3,941.6	\$4,020.7	\$3,416.3	\$3,455.5	\$3,549.5	\$3,108.7	\$3,108.7
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$1,903.7	\$2,004.4	\$1,971.2	\$1,731.4	\$1,793.0	\$1,691.1	\$1,521.7	\$1,597.3
Classified Salaries	\$424.4	\$458.7	\$434.2	\$351.4	\$379.2	\$418.3	\$348.7	\$378.0
Employee Benefits	\$730.7	\$735.5	\$730.1	\$795.7	\$807.2	\$835.2	\$753.1	\$742.1
Books and Supplies	\$183.8	\$215.6	\$129.5	\$366.2	\$147.6	\$157.5	\$285.3	\$80.2
Other Operating Expense	\$253.5	\$273.6	\$169.1	\$195.4	\$187.3	\$181.5	\$154.6	\$136.0
Capital Outlay	\$26.7	\$20.2	\$14.9	\$15.7	\$30.3	\$21.5	\$27.3	\$31.2
Other Outgo	(\$136.3)	(\$176.4)	(\$122.8)	(\$68.6)	(\$69.7)	(\$72.3)	(\$56.7)	(\$60.2)
Total Expenditure	\$3,386.5	\$3,531.5	\$3,326.3	\$3,387.2	\$3,274.8	\$3,232.8	\$3,034.0	\$2,904.6
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$83.6	\$80.8	\$133.5	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$94.9	\$63.3	\$63.3
Carryover Ending Balance	\$188.3	\$99.9	\$78.4	\$10.0	\$32.8	\$40.0	\$0.0	\$3.1
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$11.0	\$14.5	\$11.5	\$14.5	\$14.5	\$11.5	\$11.5	\$11.5
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$173.4	\$214.4	\$471.0	\$4.7	\$133.3	\$170.5	\$0.0	\$126.3
Total Ending Balance	\$456.4	\$409.6	\$694.4	\$29.1	\$180.7	\$316.8	\$74.7	\$204.1
Total Uses of Funds	\$3,842.9	\$3,941.1	\$4,020.7	\$3,416.3	\$3,455.6	\$3,549.5	\$3,108.7	\$3,108.7

General Fund - Regular Program

Regular Program (A)-Unrestricted

General Fund - Regular Program is the primary operating fund for the K - 12 program.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$81.1	\$83.6	\$80.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$133.5	\$94.9	\$94.9
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$30.8	\$188.3	\$99.7	\$50.4	\$50.4	\$78.4	\$40.0	\$40.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$14.8	\$10.8	\$13.3	\$13.3	\$13.3	\$10.3	\$11.5	\$11.5
Legally restricted Beginning Balaı	\$104.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Restatement of Beg Bal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Economic Uncertainties	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$1.8)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$231.4	\$282.7	\$193.8	\$63.7	\$63.7	\$220.4	\$146.3	\$146.3
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$3,416.7	\$3,408.3	\$3,239.9	\$2,944.2	\$2,944.2	\$2,784.0	\$2,681.8	\$2,681.8
Federal Revenues	\$22.6	\$24.5	\$21.1	\$18.1	\$18.1	\$19.4	\$21.1	\$21.1
State Revenues	\$487.6	\$399.2	\$355.3	\$303.6	\$303.6	\$321.6	\$311.3	\$311.3
Local Revenues	\$104.5	\$108.3	\$130.6	\$88.6	\$88.6	\$88.4	\$103.2	\$103.2
Interfund Transfers In	\$51.7	\$88.4	\$39.4	\$11.0	\$11.0	\$5.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$5.3	\$6.6	\$2.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.3	\$3.8	\$3.8
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	(\$903.9)	(\$907.8)	(\$756.6)	(\$794.7)	(\$773.8)	(\$766.8)	(\$597.8)	(\$597.8)
Local Miscellaneous	(\$0.2)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$3,184.3	\$3,127.5	\$3,032.2	\$2,570.8	\$2,591.7	\$2,454.9	\$2,523.5	\$2,523.5
Total Sources of Funds	\$3,415.7	\$3,410.2	\$3,226.0	\$2,634.5	\$2,655.4	\$2,675.2	\$2,669.8	\$2,669.8
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$1,831.5	\$1,879.0	\$1,844.3	\$1,462.7	\$1,496.3	\$1,342.4	\$1,397.0	\$1,433.3
Classified Salaries	\$407.4	\$435.2	\$403.3	\$281.8	\$304.4	\$345.4	\$327.2	\$358.2
Employee Benefits	\$707.2	\$701.7	\$688.4	\$633.7	\$637.7	\$689.6	\$702.4	\$682.1
Books and Supplies	\$62.7	\$111.4	\$40.9	\$122.0	\$61.7	\$63.2	\$78.9	\$51.0
Other Operating Expense	\$243.8	\$255.2	\$147.2	\$181.2	\$167.5	\$158.4	\$148.2	\$125.8
Capital Outlay	\$24.4	\$15.8	\$14.2	\$4.4	\$17.8	\$7.4	\$4.6	\$6.8
Other Outgo	(\$143.9)	(\$182.4)	(\$134.3)	(\$74.6)	(\$76.2)	(\$77.5)	(\$61.9)	(\$64.1)
Total Expenditure	\$3,133.1	\$3,215.8	\$3,003.9	\$2,611.2	\$2,609.2	\$2,528.9	\$2,596.2	\$2,593.2
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$83.6	\$80.8	\$133.5	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$94.9	\$63.3	\$63.3
Carryover Ending Balance	\$188.3	\$99.9	\$78.4	\$10.0	\$32.8	\$40.0	\$0.0	\$3.1
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$10.8	\$13.3	\$10.3	\$13.3	\$13.3	\$11.5	\$10.3	\$10.3
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$282.8	\$194.0	\$222.2	\$23.3	\$46.2	\$146.3	\$73.6	\$76.6
Total Uses of Funds	\$3,415.9	\$3,409.8	\$3,226.0	\$2,634.5	\$2,655.4	\$2,675.2	\$2,669.8	\$2,669.8

General Fund - Regular Program

Regular Program (A) Restricted

General Fund - Regular Program is the primary operating fund for the K - $12\ program$.

Regular Program								
	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$67.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.8	\$0.2	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally restricted Beginning Balanc	\$0.0	\$173.4	\$213.9	\$117.2	\$117.2	\$471.0	\$170.5	\$170.5
Restatement of Beg Bal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Economic Uncertainties	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$40.0)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$68.3	\$173.6	\$215.1	\$118.4	\$118.4	\$432.2	\$170.5	\$170.5
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Federal Revenues	\$8.1	\$17.4	\$372.1	\$372.1	\$372.1	\$62.9	\$31.1	\$31.1
State Revenues	\$394.4	\$348.4	\$369.7	\$331.6	\$331.6	\$364.6	\$343.7	\$343.7
Local Revenues	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$0.6
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$12.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$51.6	\$4.8	\$4.8
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.9	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	(\$44.7)	(\$10.0)	(\$175.4)	(\$41.0)	(\$22.8)	(\$37.0)	(\$111.7)	(\$111.7)
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$358.9	\$357.8	\$579.5	\$663.5	\$681.8	\$442.1	\$268.5	\$268.5
Total Sources of Funds	\$427.2	\$531.4	\$794.6	\$781.9	\$800.2	\$874.3	\$438.9	\$438.9
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$72.2	\$125.4	\$127.0	\$268.7	\$296.7	\$348.7	\$124.7	\$164.0
Classified Salaries	\$17.0	\$23.5	\$31.0	\$69.6	\$74.8	\$72.9	\$21.5	\$19.8
Employee Benefits	\$23.5	\$33.8	\$41.7	\$162.1	\$169.5	\$145.5	\$50.8	\$60.0
Books and Supplies	\$121.1	\$104.2	\$88.6	\$244.2	\$85.9	\$94.3	\$206.4	\$29.2
Other Operating Expense	\$9.7	\$18.4	\$22.0	\$14.2	\$19.8	\$23.1	\$6.4	\$10.1
Capital Outlay	\$2.3	\$4.4	\$0.7	\$11.3	\$12.5	\$14.1	\$22.8	\$24.4
Other Outgo	\$7.6	\$6.0	\$11.6	\$6.0	\$6.5	\$5.2	\$5.2	\$3.9
Total Expenditure	\$253.6	\$315.7	\$322.4	\$776.0	\$665.6	\$703.8	\$437.8	\$311.4
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.2	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$0.0	\$1.2	\$1.2
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$173.4	\$214.4	\$471.0	\$4.7	\$133.3	\$170.5	\$0.0	\$126.3
Total Ending Balance	\$173.6	\$215.6	\$472.2	\$5.8	\$134.5	\$170.5	\$1.2	\$127.5
Total Uses of Funds	\$427.2	\$531.3	\$794.6	\$781.9	\$800.2	\$874.3	\$438.9	\$438.9

General Fund - Regular Program

Special Education (D)

This program provides a variety of services for students with special educational needs, as determined by their Individualized Education Programs (IEPs)

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$5.1	\$5.9	\$0.7	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$0.9	\$0.7	\$0.7
Inventories, Cash, Other	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally restricted Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$1.2	\$5.7	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$5.1	\$5.2	\$5.2
Restatement of Beg Bal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Economic Uncertainties	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$54.3)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$5.1	\$7.1	\$6.4	\$5.8	\$5.8	(\$48.3)	\$5.9	\$5.9
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$173.4	\$169.3	\$159.9	\$166.7	\$166.7	\$157.7	\$151.7	\$151.7
Federal Revenues	\$120.3	\$119.0	\$111.8	\$173.7	\$173.7	\$197.6	\$155.9	\$155.9
State Revenues	\$446.9	\$475.9	\$440.1	\$399.5	\$399.5	\$445.1	\$416.8	\$416.8
Local Revenues	\$0.2	\$1.0	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.1	\$0.4	\$0.4
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$616.9	\$641.2	\$700.3	\$688.7	\$672.6	\$654.1	\$682.9	\$682.9
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$1,357.7	\$1,406.4	\$1,412.7	\$1,429.3	\$1,413.3	\$1,454.6	\$1,407.6	\$1,407.6
Total Sources of Funds	\$1,362.8	\$1,413.5	\$1,419.2	\$1,435.1	\$1,419.1	\$1,406.3	\$1,413.6	\$1,413.6
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$471.5	\$480.5	\$461.0	\$445.7	\$436.4	\$438.5	\$429.3	\$419.9
Classified Salaries	\$251.2	\$276.4	\$262.7	\$272.4	\$267.5	\$249.9	\$258.8	\$243.3
Employee Benefits	\$263.9	\$272.7	\$271.5	\$302.9	\$299.2	\$300.1	\$306.9	\$298.1
Books and Supplies	\$16.6	\$13.2	\$8.0	\$44.5	\$40.1	\$8.8	\$46.4	\$20.9
Other Operating Expense	\$217.7	\$224.8	\$350.2	\$340.6	\$337.3	\$370.0	\$344.5	\$373.9
Capital Outlay	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.1
Other Outgo	\$134.6	\$139.0	\$59.7	\$28.6	\$32.6	\$32.9	\$27.4	\$25.4
Total Expenditure	\$1,355.7	\$1,407.1	\$1,413.3	\$1,435.1	\$1,413.3	\$1,400.3	\$1,413.6	\$1,381.7
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$5.9	\$0.7	\$0.9	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$27.4
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$1.2	\$5.7	\$5.1	\$0.0	\$4.8	\$5.2	\$0.0	\$4.5
Total Ending Balance	\$7.1	\$6.4	\$5.9	\$0.0	\$5.8	\$5.9	\$0.0	\$31.9
Total Uses of Funds	\$1,362.8	\$1,413.5	\$1,419.2	\$1,435.1	\$1,419.1	\$1,406.3	\$1,413.6	\$1,413.6

General Fund - Regular Program

TIIG (G)

This program pays for court-ordered desegregation programs. These programs include magnet schools, permits with transportation, class size reduction, and extra counseling at selected schools.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	9.8	11.3	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$1.5	\$1.5
Legally restricted Beginning Balance	0.0	0.0	\$54.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	9.8	11.3	\$54.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$1.5	\$1.5
Revenue								
State Revenues	553.1	575.7	\$486.1	462.5	462.5	\$459.0	\$457.2	\$457.2
Flexibility Transfers	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers*	0.0	0.0	(\$31.6)	(19.6)	(47.0)	(\$49.1)	(\$100.6)	(\$100.6)
Total Revenue	553.1	575.7	\$454.5	442.9	415.5	\$409.9	\$356.6	\$356.6
Total Sources of Funds	563.0	587.1	\$508.4	442.9	415.5	\$409.9	\$358.1	\$358.1
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	278.3	276.0	\$262.2	221.2	211.2	\$203.8	\$184.4	\$184.8
Classified Salaries	82.2	81.8	\$74.7	73.6	65.3	\$57.0	\$60.1	\$46.7
Employee Benefits	113.5	109.8	\$102.5	92.5	89.6	\$98.3	\$82.6	\$93.9
Books and Supplies	15.9	13.5	\$11.1	15.4	12.6	\$10.1	\$9.5	\$3.3
Other Operating Expense	36.3	37.1	\$33.7	26.2	24.7	\$28.5	\$17.8	\$18.8
Capital Outlay	0.3	0.0	\$0.2	0.6	0.3	\$0.3	\$0.8	\$0.2
Other Outgo	25.1	14.9	\$23.9	13.4	11.8	\$10.5	\$2.8	\$9.9
Total Expenditure	551.6	533.1	\$508.4	442.9	415.5	\$408.4	\$358.1	\$357.6
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$1.5	\$0.0	\$0.5
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	11.3	54.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	11.3	54.0	\$0.0	0.0	0.0	\$1.5	\$0.0	\$0.5
Total Uses of Funds	563.0	587.1	\$508.4	442.9	415.5	\$409.9	\$358.1	\$358.1

General Fund - Regular Program

Maintenance (\$)

Provide ongoing and major maintenance for schools and other district buildings. State law requires that Districts receiving State bound funds.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$22.6	\$20.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally restricted Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$20.3	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$22.6	\$20.3	\$20.3	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
Interfund Transfers In	\$2.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$211.6	\$212.5	\$204.0	\$140.8	\$140.8	\$140.7	\$122.6	\$122.6
Total Revenue	\$213.6	\$212.5	\$204.0	\$140.8	\$140.8	\$140.7	\$122.6	\$122.6
Total Sources of Funds	\$236.2	\$232.8	\$224.4	\$141.5	\$141.5	\$141.3	\$122.6	\$122.6
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Classified Salaries	\$86.0	\$91.2	\$90.8	\$71.8	\$69.5	\$78.1	\$68.5	\$75.2
Employee Benefits	\$34.0	\$33.5	\$33.9	\$27.8	\$29.4	\$31.0	\$26.3	\$29.1
Books and Supplies	\$31.2	\$26.1	\$27.1	\$17.0	\$24.1	\$19.8	\$8.7	\$7.8
Other Operating Expense	\$24.1	\$23.9	\$26.5	\$15.2	\$12.4	\$8.6	\$11.9	\$7.5
Capital Outlay	\$5.2	\$2.8	\$7.7	\$7.1	\$3.5	\$1.1	\$5.2	\$1.1
Other Outgo	\$35.3	\$35.0	\$37.6	\$2.6	\$2.7	\$2.8	\$2.1	\$1.9
Total Expenditure	\$215.8	\$212.5	\$223.7	\$141.5	\$141.5	\$141.3	\$122.6	\$122.6
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$20.3	\$20.3	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$20.3	\$20.3	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$236.2	\$232.8	\$224.4	\$141.5	\$141.5	\$141.3	\$122.6	\$122.6

General Fund - Regular Program

ROC/ROP (J)

This program pays for career-oriented programs at Regional Occupational Centers and at LAUSD high schools. The State provides special funding for these programs.

Regular Program								
3	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2009-10	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11
	Actual Amounts	Actual Amounts	Actual Amounts	Authorized Amounts	Estimated Amounts	3rd Interim Estimate	Authorized Amounts	Estimated Amounts
	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Limate	Amounts	Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$2.3	\$12.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally restricted Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$9.9	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Audit Adjustments	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$4.5)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$2.3	\$12.3	\$9.9	\$1.3	\$1.3	(\$4.5)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$13.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
State Revenues	\$66.7	\$72.5	\$66.3	\$59.6	\$59.6	\$58.5	\$53.5	\$53.5
Local Revenues	\$0.6	\$1.8	\$2.5	\$1.7	\$1.7	\$2.3	\$2.2	\$2.2
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$10.6	\$10.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$10.6	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$10.6	\$10.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.3	-\$7.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$6.4	\$3.6	\$3.6
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$81.0	\$85.2	\$71.6	\$71.9	\$71.9	\$77.8	\$59.2	\$59.2
Total Sources of Funds	\$83.3	\$97.5	\$81.5	\$73.2	\$73.2	\$73.3	\$59.2	\$59.2
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$32.1	\$36.5	\$38.1	\$34.7	\$29.3	\$30.8	\$26.6	\$26.6
Classified Salaries	\$12.3	\$12.1	\$12.1	\$11.2	\$12.5	\$10.8	\$10.0	\$10.0
Employee Benefits	\$14.7	\$15.7	\$15.1	\$13.5	\$12.6	\$16.8	\$11.0	\$14.9
Books and Supplies	\$1.3	\$2.2	\$2.6	\$4.8	\$3.1	\$2.7	\$3.7	\$1.8
Other Operating Expense	\$8.0	\$8.6	\$9.0	\$7.1	\$9.7	\$9.5	\$6.6	\$2.0
Capital Outlay	\$0.3	\$10.4	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$0.8	\$0.1	\$0.8
Other Outgo	\$2.4	\$2.2	\$3.9	\$1.9	\$1.8	\$1.9	\$1.2	\$1.2
Total Expenditure	\$71.1	\$87.7	\$81.5	\$73.2	\$69.7	\$73.3	\$59.2	\$57.4
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.8
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$12.3	\$9.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$12.3	\$9.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.8
Total Uses of Funds	\$83.3	\$97.5	\$81.5	\$73.2	\$73.2	\$73.3	\$59.2	\$59.2

General Fund - Regular Program

Options Programs (S)

This program provides opportunities for students who need a different structure from the District's traditional schools. General purpose revenue is the main source of revenue for these programs.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$2.8	\$3.6	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.8
Legally restricted Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.4	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$2.8	\$3.6	\$1.4	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.8
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$50.8	\$46.5	\$45.1	\$43.0	\$43.0	\$41.6	\$43.6	\$43.6
State Revenues	\$0.1	\$4.4	\$3.3	\$3.2	\$3.2	\$4.0	\$0.4	\$0.4
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$25.6	\$26.7	\$30.3	28.1	\$32.7	\$29.5	\$21.3	\$21.3
Total Revenue	\$76.5	\$77.6	\$78.8	\$74.3	\$78.9	\$75.1	\$65.3	\$65.3
Total Sources of Funds	\$79.3	\$81.2	\$80.2	\$74.8	\$79.4	\$75.1	\$66.1	\$66.1
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$48.5	\$52.1	\$51.6	\$42.9	\$48.3	\$46.2	\$39.0	\$39.3
Classified Salaries	\$6.6	\$7.6	\$7.0	\$6.8	\$7.1	\$6.9	\$5.5	\$6.9
Employee Benefits	\$15.8	\$15.0	\$16.9	\$18.5	\$18.7	\$16.9	\$15.9	\$15.5
Books and Supplies	\$1.7	\$1.3	\$0.9	\$2.4	\$1.1	\$0.7	\$1.7	\$0.7
Other Operating Expense	\$3.0	\$3.8	\$3.7	\$3.3	\$3.9	\$3.5	\$3.2	\$3.6
Capital Outlay	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.9	\$0.1
Total Expenditure	\$75.7	\$79.8	\$80.2	\$74.7	\$79.1	\$74.3	\$66.1	\$66.1
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$2.4	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.8	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$1.2	\$1.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$3.6	\$1.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.8	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$79.3	\$81.2	\$80.2	\$74.7	\$79.4	\$75.1	\$66.1	\$66.1

General Fund - Regular Program

Intervention - Hourly (C)

This program provides hourly assistance to students who need additional help. This includes summer school, intersession, after school and Saturday school programs. The State provides funding for this program based on actual hours of student attendance.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
Revenue Limit Revenues	\$69.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
State Revenues	\$0.0	\$71.0	\$61.0	\$54.9	\$54.9	\$59.2	\$57.2	\$57.2
Interfund Transfers In	\$9.2	\$4.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.6	(\$34.6)	(\$34.8)	(\$43.0)	(\$38.7)	(\$38.7)
Total Revenue	\$78.2	\$75.9	\$61.6	\$20.3	\$20.1	\$16.2	\$18.5	\$18.5
Total Sources of Funds	\$78.2	\$75.9	\$61.6	\$20.3	\$20.1	\$16.2	\$18.5	\$18.5
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$57.1	\$57.0	\$48.4	\$15.7	\$14.1	\$13.2	\$14.8	\$12.2
Classified Salaries	\$5.2	\$6.0	\$3.8	\$0.2	\$0.9	\$0.7	\$0.4	\$0.5
Employee Benefits	\$9.6	\$10.3	\$7.4	\$3.6	\$3.6	\$2.3	\$1.8	\$1.8
Books and Supplies	\$5.1	\$1.2	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.1	\$0.9	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$1.3	\$1.5	\$1.2	\$0.1	\$0.8	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$0.0
Capital Outlay	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$78.2	\$75.9	\$61.6	\$20.3	\$20.1	\$16.2	\$18.5	\$14.6
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.9
Total Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.9
Total Uses of Funds	\$78.2	\$75.9	\$61.6	\$20.3	\$20.1	\$16.2	\$18.5	\$18.5

General Fund - Regular Program

After School Programs (L)

This program provides after-school recreation opportunities for K-12 Students. It is funded with general purpose revenues.

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
Interprogram Transfers	\$22.0	\$21.7	\$20.0	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$10.9	\$9.9	\$9.9
Total Revenue	\$22.0	\$21.7	\$20.0	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$10.9	\$9.9	\$9.9
Total Sources of Funds	\$22.1	\$21.7	\$20.0	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$10.9	\$9.9	\$9.9
Uses of Funds Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$0.5	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Classified Salaries	\$17.8	\$18.1	\$17.6	\$4.6	\$4.3	\$9.6	\$7.8	\$8.8
Employee Benefits	\$3.1	\$2.6	\$1.9	\$1.0	\$1.3	\$1.2	\$1.0	\$1.0
Books and Supplies	\$0.5	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$1.1	\$0.0
Other Operating Expense	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.1
Capital Outlay	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$22.1	\$21.7	\$20.0	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$10.9	\$9.9	\$9.9
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$22.1	\$21.7	\$20.0	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$10.9	\$9.9	\$9.9

General Fund - Regular Program

Interfund Transfer (@)

Regular Program	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue								
Interfund Transfers In	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0		\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$10.3	\$20.3	\$43.2	\$33.5	\$33.5	\$47.8	\$180.5	\$180.5
Total Revenue	\$10.3	\$20.3	\$43.2	\$33.5	\$33.5	\$47.8	\$180.5	\$180.5
Total Sources of Funds	\$10.3	\$20.7	\$43.2	\$33.5	\$33.5	\$47.8	\$180.5	\$180.5
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Other Outgo	\$9.9	\$20.7	\$43.2	\$33.5	\$33.5	\$47.8	\$180.5	\$180.5
Total Expenditure	\$9.9	\$20.7	\$43.2	\$33.5	\$33.5	\$47.8	\$180.5	\$180.5
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$10.3	\$20.7	\$43.2	\$33.5	\$33.5	\$47.8	\$180.5	\$180.5

General Fund - Regular Program

Reserves (P)

Regular Program	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2009-10	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Authorized	Estimated	3rd Interim	Authorized	Estimated
	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Estimate	Amounts	Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Undesignated Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$10.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Economic Uncertainties	\$67.6	\$71.5	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$65.4	\$65.4
Total Beginning Balance	\$67.6	\$81.5	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$65.4	\$65.4
Revenue								
State Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0 \$14.4	(\$9.0)	\$0.0 \$17.1	(\$7.0)	(\$7.0)	(\$60.5)	\$0.0 \$0.0	
Total Revenue	· ·		•				·	\$0.0 \$0.0
	\$14.4	(\$9.0)	\$17.1	(\$7.0)	(\$7.0)	(\$60.5)	\$0.0	
Total Sources of Funds	\$82.0	\$72.5	\$89.5	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$11.9	\$65.4	\$65.4
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$15.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$5.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
Classified Salaries	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$5.4	\$0.0	\$0.0
Employee Benefits	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$17.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$11.9	\$0.0	\$0.0
Ending Balance								
Undesignated Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Carryover Ending Balance	\$10.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Economic Uncertainties	\$71.5	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$0.0	\$65.4	\$65.4
Total Ending Balance	\$81.6	\$72.4	\$72.4	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$0.0	\$65.4	\$65.4
Total Uses of Funds	\$82.0	\$72.5	\$89.5	\$65.4	\$65.4	\$11.9	\$65.4	\$65.4

General Fund - Specially Funded

SFP - Compensatory (SFPA)

This program provides compensatory education services for low-income students and students with limited English proficiency. Federal Title I and State Economic Impact Aid are the main funding sources.

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$21.0	\$95.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Beginning Balanc	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$59.8	\$55.1	\$55.1	\$70.8	\$64.5	\$64.5
Total Beginning Balance	\$21.0	\$95.9	\$59.8	\$55.1	\$55.1	\$70.8	\$64.5	\$64.5
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$389.4	\$406.5	\$401.7	\$576.6	\$576.6	\$473.3	\$672.5	\$672.5
State Revenues	\$191.2	\$181.6	\$163.4	\$146.6	\$146.6	\$138.1	\$120.7	\$120.7
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	-\$1.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$580.7	\$588.0	\$563.7	\$723.2	\$723.2	\$611.6	\$793.2	\$793.2
Total Sources of Funds	\$601.7	\$683.9	\$623.5	\$778.4	\$778.4	\$682.3	\$857.8	\$857.8
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$251.4	\$292.8	\$277.5	\$346.0	\$342.1	\$342.8	\$385.1	\$378.6
Classified Salaries	\$40.7	\$44.1	\$41.0	\$35.2	\$35.0	\$36.6	\$44.3	\$43.2
Employee Benefits	\$74.8	\$84.2	\$73.5	\$110.5	\$109.8	\$97.1	\$122.6	\$121.8
Books and Supplies	\$60.5	\$106.2	\$66.7	\$192.5	\$159.9	\$59.5	\$218.5	\$183.3
Other Operating Expense	\$61.6	\$80.9	\$66.7	\$70.6	\$69.8	\$65.0	\$68.8	\$67.2
Capital Outlay	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.6	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$0.3	\$0.8	\$0.7
Other Outgo	\$16.6	\$18.3	\$24.0	\$22.2	\$22.2	\$16.5	\$17.7	\$16.4
Total Expenditure	\$505.8	\$626.8	\$550.0	\$778.3	\$740.1	\$617.8	\$857.8	\$811.2
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$95.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Ending Bal	\$0.0	\$57.0	\$70.8	\$0.0	\$38.3	\$64.5	\$0.0	\$46.5
Total Ending Balance	\$95.9	\$57.0	\$70.8	\$0.0	\$38.3	\$64.5	\$0.0	\$46.5
Total Uses of Funds	\$601.7	\$683.9	\$620.8	\$778.3	\$778.4	\$682.3	\$857.8	\$857.8

General Fund - Specially Funded

SFP - General Program (SFPB)

This "program" includes a variety of special purpose grants that are not necessarily aimed at the District's neediest students.

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$3.4	\$6.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Beginning Balanc	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$28.8	\$5.0	\$5.0	\$9.0	\$8.4	\$8.4
Total Beginning Balance	\$3.4	\$6.4	\$28.8	\$5.0	\$5.0	\$9.0	\$8.4	\$8.4
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$211.1	\$154.8	\$127.0	\$152.5	\$152.5	\$147.7	\$219.3	\$219.3
State Revenues	\$103.2	\$70.5	\$44.2	\$29.6	\$29.6	\$31.4	\$55.8	\$55.8
Local Revenues	\$10.2	\$8.4	\$25.0	\$12.2	\$12.2	\$16.0	\$23.6	\$23.6
Interfund Transfers In	\$45.5	\$33.2	\$16.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.5	\$0.0	\$0.0
Interprogram Transfers	(\$3.6)	(\$3.3)	(\$18.5)	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$1.7)	\$0.0	\$0.0
Flexibility Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Financing Sources	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$0.0	(\$9.1)	(\$9.1)
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$366.3	\$263.6	\$194.6	\$195.6	\$195.6	\$197.0	\$289.6	\$289.6
Total Sources of Funds	\$369.7	\$270.0	\$223.4	\$200.6	\$200.6	\$205.9	\$298.0	\$298.0
Uses of Funds Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$159.2	\$102.4	\$92.9	\$52.9	\$52.9	\$72.1	\$149.0	\$149.0
Classified Salaries	\$26.8	\$21.5	\$16.7	\$7.4	\$7.4	\$14.3	\$5.9	\$5.9
Employee Benefits	\$46.1	\$29.7	\$23.2	\$31.1	\$31.1	\$20.6	\$61.3	\$61.3
Books and Supplies	\$53.3	\$38.7	\$42.3	\$91.0	\$91.0	\$43.0	\$55.2	\$52.3
Other Operating Expense	\$66.1	\$44.0	\$28.8	\$14.6	\$14.6	\$38.7	\$19.6	\$19.6
Capital Outlay	\$1.6	\$1.9	\$3.2	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$4.3	\$3.2	\$3.2
Other Outgo	\$10.2	\$5.7	\$7.4	\$2.4	\$2.4	\$4.5	\$3.7	\$3.7
Total Expenditure	\$363.3	\$243.9	\$214.5	\$200.6	\$200.6	\$197.5	\$298.0	\$295.2
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$6.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Beginning Balanc	\$0.0	\$26.1	\$9.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$8.4	\$0.0	\$2.9
Total Ending Balance	\$6.4	\$26.1	\$9.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$8.4	\$0.0	\$2.9
Total Uses of Funds	\$369.7	\$270.0	\$223.4	\$200.6	\$200.6	\$205.9	\$298.0	\$298.0

General Fund - Specially Funded

SFP - After School Program (SFPL)

 $These \ are \ after-school \ [rpgrams \ funded \ with \ special \ state \ and \ federal \ funds. \ These \ programs \ usually \ have \ an \ academic \ component.$

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$4.6	\$13.7	\$20.9	\$24.6	\$24.6	\$24.1	\$23.3	\$23.3
State Revenues	\$56.0	\$99.5	\$72.8	\$77.6	\$77.6	\$67.4	\$73.8	\$73.8
Local Revenues	\$3.4	\$3.1	\$3.6	\$3.1	\$3.1	\$2.7	\$2.1	\$2.1
Interprogram Transfers	\$3.6	\$3.6	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$67.7	\$119.9	\$97.4	\$105.3	\$105.3	\$94.2	\$99.1	\$99.1
Total Sources of Funds	\$67.7	\$119.9	\$97.4	\$105.3	\$105.3	\$94.2	\$99.1	\$99.1
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.2	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.8	\$1.7	\$1.7
Classified Salaries	\$24.0	\$32.8	\$31.6	\$36.9	\$36.9	\$38.7	\$41.3	\$41.3
Employee Benefits	\$3.6	\$4.9	\$4.1	\$6.0	\$6.0	\$10.0	\$6.2	\$6.2
Books and Supplies	\$3.5	\$13.8	\$6.2	\$14.2	\$14.2	\$3.4	\$10.5	\$10.5
Other Operating Expense	\$33.4	\$64.3	\$52.1	\$45.5	1411		\$38.7	\$38.7
Capital Outlay	\$0.0	\$0.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Outgo	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.5	\$0.7	\$0.7
Total Expenditure	\$67.7	\$119.9	\$97.4	\$105.3	\$105.3	\$94.2	\$99.1	\$99.1
Total Uses of Funds	\$67.7	\$119.9	\$97.4	\$105.3	\$105.3	\$94.2	\$99.1	\$99.1

General Fund - Specially Funded

SFP - Special Education (SFPC)

This group of programs provides addditional services for Special Education students.

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$17.9	\$18.2	\$20.4	\$35.1	\$35.1	\$29.1	\$34.4	\$34.4
State Revenues	\$1.5	\$1.2	\$1.1	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.2	\$1.0	\$1.0
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$19.5	\$19.5	\$21.6	\$36.6	\$36.6	\$30.5	\$35.4	\$35.4
Total Sources of Funds	\$19.5	\$19.5	\$21.6	1.6 \$36.6 \$36.6 \$30.5		\$30.5	\$35.4	\$35.4
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure								
Certificated Salaries	\$9.0	\$9.7	\$10.1	\$9.1	\$9.1	\$16.0	\$16.1	\$16.1
Classified Salaries	\$3.0	\$2.8	\$3.0	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$2.9
Employee Benefits	\$3.4	\$3.5	\$3.5	\$3.3	\$3.3	\$4.8	\$5.1	\$5.1
Books and Supplies	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$18.5	\$18.5	\$3.2	\$3.3	\$3.3
Other Operating Expense	\$2.9	\$2.3	\$3.2	\$3.6	\$3.6	\$2.7	\$2.8	\$2.8
Capital Outlay	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0			\$0.0
Other Outgo	\$0.7	\$0.6	\$1.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.8	\$5.1	\$5.1
Total Expenditure	\$19.5	\$19.5	\$21.6	\$36.6	\$36.6	\$30.5	\$35.4	\$35.4
Total Uses of Funds	\$19.5	\$19.5	\$21.6	\$36.6	\$36.6	\$30.5	\$35.4	\$35.4

General Fund - Specially Funded

SFP - ROC/Skill Centers (SFPE)

 $These \ are \ specially \ funded \ career-oriented \ programs \ at \ LAUSD's \ Regional \ Occupational \ Centers \ and \ Secondary \ Schools.$

Specially Funded	2006-07 Actual Amounts	2007-08 Actual Amounts	2008-09 Actual Amounts	2009-10 Authorized Amounts	2009-10 Estimated Amounts	2009-10 3rd Interim Estimate	2010-11 Authorized Amounts	2010-11 Estimated Amounts
Amounts in \$millions								
Sources of Funds								
Beginning Balance								
Carryover Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Beginning Balanc	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total Beginning Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.1
Revenue								
Federal Revenues	\$2.3	\$2.2	\$2.1	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$1.7	\$2.1	\$2.1
State Revenues	\$1.4	\$4.5	\$1.5	\$2.1	\$2.1	\$0.4	\$1.4	\$1.4
Local Revenues	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3
Interprogram Transfers	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Revenue	\$3.8	\$6.9	\$3.7	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$2.3	\$3.8	\$3.8
Total Sources of Funds	\$3.8	\$6.9	\$4.7	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$2.6	\$3.9	\$3.9
H CP L.								
Uses of Funds								
Expenditure	¢1.0	¢1.7	44.0	¢1.4	¢1.4	44.0	40.5	40.5
Certificated Salaries Classified Salaries	\$1.8	\$1.7	\$1.9	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.0	\$0.7	\$0.7
Employee Benefits	\$1.0 \$0.8	\$1.0 \$0.8	\$0.9	\$0.7 \$0.6	\$0.7 \$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.3
Books and Supplies	\$0.6 \$0.1		\$0.7	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4
Other Operating Expense	\$0.1 \$0.0	\$2.5 \$0.0	\$0.8	\$2.0 \$0.0	\$2.0 \$0.0	\$0.5	\$2.5	\$2.5
Capital Outlay	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0
Other Outgo	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0 \$0.0
Total Expenditure	\$3.7	\$6.1	\$4.4	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$2.5	\$3.9	\$3.9
Total Expenditure	φ3.7	φ0.1	74.4	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$2.5	φ3.9	φ3.9
Ending Balance								
Carryover Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Legally Restricted Beginning Balanc	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Ending Balance	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Uses of Funds	\$3.8	\$6.9	\$4.7	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$2.6	\$3.9	\$3.9

III. Specially Funded Programs

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SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS

Introduction

This section of the budget provides information regarding the District's Specially Funded Programs (SFP), which are generally referred to as "categorical" programs. Categorical programs can be defined as activities funded by Federal, State, or other sources which are supplemental to the District's basic educational services. The amounts reflected in this section reflect the best available revenue and expenditure information as of the date of this document's publication.

SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-2011 FINAL BUDGET SUMMARY OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS

									SUF	PERINTENDENT	r'S	2010 - 2011 FIN	AL I	BUDGET	District Defined
	2008-2009 Actual Budget	_	2009-2010 Final Budget		2009-2010 Adjustment	_	Adj Budget 2009-2010 as of 04-30-10	2010-2011 Beg Balance		2009-2010 Carryover	_	2010-2011 Grant	_	TOTAL	Prog Code
COMPENSATORY & BILINGUAL EDUCATION \$	702,085,289	\$	778,353,297	\$	30,962,839	\$	809,316,136	\$ 64,545,357	\$	135,132,528	\$	658,077,921	\$	857,755,806	Α
GENERAL PROGRAM \$	317,073,895	\$	200,628,297	\$	57,885,229	\$	258,513,526	\$ 8,436,647	\$	69,725,425	\$	219,879,603	\$	298,041,675	В
SPECIAL EDUCATION \$	26,062,252	\$	36,489,123	\$	71,223	\$	36,560,346	\$ 0	\$	5,340,304	\$	30,078,957	\$	35,419,261	С
ROC/SKILLS CENTERS \$	6,008,415	\$	4,774,719	\$	(1,869,620)	\$	2,905,099	\$ 79,473	\$	15,134	\$	3,767,318	\$	3,861,925	E
AFTER SCHOOL PROGRAMS \$	111,315,761	\$_	105,344,894	\$_	(527,844)	\$_	104,817,050	\$ 0	\$_	3,178,442	\$_	95,925,747	\$_	99,104,189	L
GENERAL FUND \$	1,162,545,612	\$	1,125,590,330	\$	86,521,827	\$	1,212,112,157	\$ 73,061,477	\$	213,391,833	\$	1,007,729,546	\$	1,294,182,856	
ADULT EDUCATION FUND \$	41,949,993	\$	38,585,257	\$	1,770,946	\$	40,356,203	\$ 7,637,757	\$	10,394	\$	30,613,039	\$	38,261,190	D
CHILD DEVELOPMENT FUND \$	30,894,176	\$_	31,217,032	\$	(25,944)	\$_	31,191,088	\$ 58,836	\$	406,706	\$_	30,004,801	\$_	30,470,343	F

GENERAL, ADULT AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT FUND

TOTAL SPECIALLY								
FUNDED PROGRAMS \$	1,235,389,781	\$ 1,195,392,619 \$	88,266,829	\$ 1,283,659,448	\$ 80,758,070 \$	213,808,933 \$	1,068,347,386 \$	1,362,914,389

- (A) Compensatory Education
- (B) General Program
- (C) Special Education
- (D) Adult Education

- (E) ROC/Skills Center
- (F) Child Development
- (G) Fiscally Ind Charter School
- (L) After School Programs

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

													District
						2009-10			SUPERINTEN	IDE	NT'S 2010-2011 F	INAL BUDGET	Defined
			2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	-	2010-11	2009-2010		2010-11		Prog
			Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10		Beg Balance	Carryover		Grant	Total	Code
		-	Atotaal Baagot	- mar Baagot	Aujustinoni	7.0 01 04 00 10		Bog Balanco	Guiryovoi	-			
FEDER	AL INCOME												
8182	IDEA-PRESCH DESIRED RESULTS	\$	288,581 \$	283,640 \$	(116,983) \$	166,657	\$	0	16,616	\$	150,000 \$	166,616	С
	PART C-INF/TODD-EARLY INTVN.	\$	1,178,111 \$	1,246,284 \$	(1,246,284) \$	-	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	С
	PRESCHOOL LOCAL ENTL IDEA-VARIOUS	\$	13,428,778 \$	12,695,214 \$	(1,005,646) \$	11,689,568	\$	0	302,063	\$	11,686,858 \$	11,988,921	С
	PRESCHOOL EXPANSION GRANT	\$	5,403,041 \$	5,546,190 \$	(26,497) \$	5,519,693	\$	0	90,299	\$	7,168,676 \$	7,258,975	С
	PRESCHOOL STAFF DEVELOPMENT	\$	72,412 \$	72,412 \$	(55,597) \$	16,815	\$	0	0	\$	36,880 \$	36,880	С
	EARLY INTERVENTION	\$	0 \$	0 \$	1,267,717 \$	1,267,717	\$	0	68,661	\$	1,178,111 \$	1,246,772	С
	SPED: ARRA IDEA PART B 619	\$	0 \$	2,471,589 \$	2,471,642 \$	4,943,231	\$	0	4,427,256	\$	2,492,607 \$	6,919,863	С
	SPED: ARRA IDEA PART B 611	\$	0 \$	6,332,174 \$	27 \$	6,332,201	\$	0	4,034	\$	6,377,354 \$	6,381,388	С
	READING FIRST SP ED TCHR PROF DEV	\$	3,934,749 \$	6,417,652 \$	(6,417,652) \$	0	\$	0		\$	\$	0	С
	UNIMPLEMENTED SPE ED	\$	367,792 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	С
8210	T 1V-SAFE & DRUG FREE SCH&COMM	\$	7,206,828 \$	7,916,223 \$	(1,474,258) \$	6,441,965	\$	0	1,610,514	\$	308,763 \$	1,919,277	В
8240	VEA-PERKINS-SEC INSTR - VARIOUS	\$	9,928,995 \$	8,065,760 \$	(51,423) \$	8,014,337	\$	0		\$	6,721,994 \$	6,721,994	В
8281	FEMA-1577 DR2005 WINTER STORMS	\$	384,575 \$	0 \$	499,977 \$	499,977	\$	0		\$	2,500 \$	2,500	В
	FEMA-1585 DR2005 WINTER STORMS	\$	54,374 \$	0 \$	54,374 \$	54,374	\$	32,062	0	\$	2,700,000 \$	2,732,062	В
	FEMA-1810 DR-CA	\$	0 \$	0 \$	282,385 \$	282,385	\$	0		\$	\$	0	В
	HMGP FEMA-1731-DR-CA-MANHATTAN	\$	0 \$	0 \$	1,203,395 \$	1,203,395	\$	0	1,176,706	\$	1,172,000 \$	2,348,706	В
	FY05 PREDISIASTER MGT MITI AGCY	\$	2,572,722 \$	71,464 \$	(71,464) \$	0	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	В
8290	FY08 LEG PREDISASTER	\$	999,809 \$	749,857 \$	249,952 \$	999,809	\$	0	666,539	\$	1,000,000 \$	1,666,539	В
	2004 NCCEP/SBC-GEAR UP-MADISON	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	В
	21ST CNTRY COMM LRNG- VARIOUS	\$	29,565,942 \$	24,402,552 \$	3,089,282 \$	27,491,834	\$	0	3,172,907	\$	19,966,166 \$	23,139,073	L
	ANGEL GATE ACADEMY II	\$	238,425 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	В
	ARRA-WIA SUMMER YTH EMPLY	\$	0 \$	0 \$	1,400,000 \$	1,400,000	\$	0		\$	\$	0	В
	BPA-SOURCE PROGRAM SUPPORT	\$	3,054 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	В
	CAL NUTRITION NETWORK - VARIOUS	\$	8,806,372 \$	7,307,590 \$	1,051,582 \$	8,359,172	\$	0	1,138,067	\$	6,000,000 \$	7,138,067	В
	CAL SERVE - VARIOUS	\$	60,293 \$	46,000 \$	8,175 \$	54,175	\$	0		\$	\$	0	В
	CARSON GUID:-BASIC	\$	12,384 \$	20,000 \$	0 \$	20,000	\$	0		\$	\$	0	В
	CCE-PRIN RESIDENCY NETWORK	\$	0 \$	0 \$	297,000 \$	297,000	\$	0		\$	330,000 \$	330,000	В
	CCSSO/MCAULIFFE PROF DEV PROG	\$	3,500 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	В
	CE-PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT IN CA	\$	10,626 \$	8,825 \$	(3,688) \$	5,137	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	Α
	CHARTER SCHOOLS GRANT	\$	694 \$	16,665 \$	(16,665) \$	0	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	В
	CHLD NUTRTN SCH WELLNESS POLICY	\$	0 \$	0 \$	5,696 \$	5,696	\$	0		\$	0 \$	0	В
	CHILDREN UNITING NATIONS	\$	46,729 \$	29,500 \$	7,661 \$	37,161	\$	0		\$	\$	0	В

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

							District					
						2009-10			SUPERINTENE	ENT'S 2010-2011 FI	NAL BUDGET	Defined
			2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	-	2010-11	2009-2010	2010-11		Prog
			Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10		Beg Balance	Carryover	Grant	Total	Code
8290	CHILDREN COLLECTIVE YOU PROGRAM	\$	145,302 \$	0 \$	101,903 \$	101,903	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	Е
	COMPRE SCH REFORM COHORT -VAR	\$	19,653 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	COPS IN SCHOOLS PROGRAM	\$	87,999 \$	0 \$	34,388 \$	34,388	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CORP PUBLIC BROADCAST 2007	\$	262,761 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DEPT OF REHAB-WRK BSD ASSSMNT	\$	0 \$	0 \$	350,000 \$	350,000	\$	0	\$	350,000 \$	350,000	E
	DISTRICT READING/MATH VARIOUS	\$	141,748 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DOD-STARTALK	\$	0 \$	0 \$	99,034 \$	99,034	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	EDD-TRA-EAST LA OCC CTR	\$	168,154 \$	251,679 \$	18,137 \$	269,816	\$	0	\$	\$	0	E
	EDD-TRA-EAST LA SKILL CTR	\$	125,599 \$	189,035 \$	(87,519) \$	101,516	\$	0	\$	\$	0	E
	EDD-TRA- HARBOR OCC CENTER	\$	126,219 \$	211,303 \$	(57,288) \$	154,015	\$	0	\$	\$	0	Е
	EDD- TRA WEST VALLEY OCC	\$	65,699 \$	205,714 \$	(51,135) \$	154,579	\$	0	\$	\$	0	E
	EDD-TRA N VALLEY OCC CTR	\$	0 \$	0 \$	7,805 \$	7,805	\$	0	1,510 \$	\$	1,510	Е
	EDD-TRA MWEPC	\$	4,041 \$	5,100 \$	(1,059) \$	4,041	\$	0	\$	\$	0	Е
	EDD-TRA ABRAM FIEDMAN OCC CTR	\$	11,119 \$	16,716 \$	13,855 \$	30,571	\$	0	\$	\$	0	Е
	EPA INDR AIRQUALTY TOOLS F/SCH	\$	11,488 \$	0 \$	32,986 \$	32,986	\$	0	18,143 \$	10,000 \$	28,143	В
	ESEA-ARTS IN EDUCAIM PROJ	\$	405,762 \$	0 \$	169 \$	169	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	Federal Work Study	\$	266,188 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	Е
	FEMA-2788-FMAG-CA	\$	0 \$	0 \$	3,955 \$	3,955	\$	1,180	0 \$	0 \$	1,180	В
	FOREIGN LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE -VAF	R \$	238,594 \$	197,755 \$	104,405 \$	302,160	\$	0	81,584 \$	110,774 \$	192,358	В
	FND IMPRV EDUC PROG TEACH AM HIST	\$	634,449 \$	573,573 \$	95,903 \$	669,476	\$	0	245,317 \$	0 \$	245,317	В
	GEAR UP- VARIOUS	\$	10,637,946 \$	9,523,779 \$	794,105 \$	10,317,884	\$	0	2,292,500 \$	6,492,221 \$	8,784,721	В
	GSU-DEV & VALID OF A BEHAVIORAL	\$	162,093 \$	120,643 \$	1,265 \$	121,908	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	HWTC-LVN PROG 07-08	\$	98,659 \$	0 \$	31,547 \$	31,547	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	IMPV HLTH & EDUC OUTCOMES YNG	\$	496,097 \$	561,044 \$	303,504 \$	864,548	\$	0	101,091 \$	389,544 \$	490,635	В
	IMPV HLTH & EDUC OUTCOMES ASTHMA	\$	282,239 \$	294,997 \$	(294,997) \$	0	\$	0	17,821 \$	199,966 \$	217,787	В
	INDIAN EDUC ACT 05 -VARIOUS	\$	290,915 \$	253,661 \$	87,304 \$	340,965	\$	0	\$	204,383 \$	204,383	В
	LA CNTY VOC NURSING EDUC SVCS	\$	163,503 \$	0 \$	65,542 \$	65,542	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LA COUNTY DPSS-GAIN-VOC ED	\$	64 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	E
	LA EARLY DECIDERS TEACHER RECRUIT	M\$	948,239 \$	278,622 \$	62,068 \$	340,690	\$	0	31,407 \$	0 \$	31,407	В
	LA'S BEST AFT SCH ENRCH-OCJP-VAR	\$	452,909 \$	214,676 \$	(214,676) \$	0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	L
	LA'S BEST - DEPT OF ED	\$	0 \$	\$	141,750 \$	141,750	\$	0	\$	115,040 \$	115,040	L
	MAGNET SCHS ASSISTANCE	\$	2,839 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

											DISTRICT
					2009-10			SUPERINTEND	DENT'S 2010-2011 F	INAL BUDGET	Defined
		2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget		2010-11	2009-2010	2010-11		Prog
		Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	Ве	g Balance	Carryover	Grant	Total	Code
8290	MENTORING PROG GRANTS	129,916 \$	646 \$	63,580 \$	64,226	\$	0		140,319 \$	140,319	В
	MCKINNEY HOMELESS	149,430 \$	250,000 \$	(15,532) \$	234,468	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	MIGRANT EDUC PROG-VARIOUS	885,865 \$	733,299 \$	172,343 \$	905,642	\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	NCLB T1 BASIC SCHOOLS	474,361,946 \$	411,278,890 \$	17,350,705 \$	428,629,595	\$	0	81,757,680	351,655,000 \$	433,412,680	Α
	NCLB T1 NEGLECTED	5,803,609 \$	3,713,060 \$	3,031,906 \$	6,744,966	\$	0	5,752,440	3,800,000 \$	9,552,440	Α
	NCLB TI D-DELINQUENT	676,761 \$	769,632 \$	178,535 \$	948,167	\$	0	440,201	800,000 \$	1,240,201	Α
	NCLB T1 MIGRANT ED SUMMER PROG	0 \$	0	0	0	\$	0	0 \$	969,667 \$	969,667	В
	NCLB T1 SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GRANT \$	0 \$	0	0	0	\$	0	0 \$	46,000,000 \$	46,000,000	В
	NCLB ARRA - 1 PART A RECOVERY FUNDS	0 \$	156,065,844 \$	565,432 \$	156,631,276	\$	0	45,498,580	179,020,864 \$	224,519,444	Α
	NCLB ARRA - TX MCKINNEY-VENTOHOM	0 \$	0 \$	322,175 \$	322,175	\$	0	103,524	322,175 \$	425,699	В
	NCLB ARRA T1-D LOW DELINQUENT	0 \$	0 \$	352,199 \$	352,199	\$	0	195,797	362,715 \$	558,512	Α
	NCLB ARRA T1-A LOW INC & DELINQUENTS	0 \$	0	1,678,529	1,678,529	\$	0	1,487,830 \$	1,767,525 \$	3,255,355	Α
	NCLB-T2A TEACHER QUALITY	63,550,575 \$	57,326,900 \$	13,100,361 \$	70,427,261	\$	0	15,226,606	52,561,000 \$	67,787,606	В
	NCLB-T2B-CA MATH & SCI PRTNERS	0 \$	0 \$	410,000 \$	410,000	\$	0	82,000 \$	0 \$	82,000	В
	NCLB-T2D ENHANCE ED THRU TECH-VAR	6,093,592 \$	1,959,335 \$	(1,268,931) \$	690,404	\$	0	0 \$	990,000 \$	990,000	В
	NCLB-T2D-TECHNOLOGY FORMULA	0 \$	3,977,858 \$	(3,977,858) \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	NCLB TITLE 2 EETT ARRA COMPETITIVE GFS	0 \$	2,000,000 \$	265,536 \$	2,265,536	\$	0	766,278	- \$	766,278	В
	NCLB TITLE 2 EETT ARRA FORMULA GRANS	0 \$	9,800,000 \$	(4,017,039) \$	5,782,961	\$	0	500,001	4,761,000 \$	5,261,001	В
	NCLB-T5 ADMINSTRATION - INNOVATIVE ST	1,788,818 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	NCLB-T5 ADMINSTRATION/GAU	0 \$	0 \$	636,420 \$	636,420	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	NCLB-TI-PROG IMPRVMT DIST INT	0 \$	4,802,943 \$	662,575 \$	5,465,518	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	Α
	NEH PRESERVATION ASSISTANCE	0 \$	0	5,992	5,992	\$	0	5,992	0 \$	5,992	В
	NSF-SYSWIDE CHGE F/LEARNERS ED	0 \$	200,000 \$	(200,000) \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	NSF -WIDE CHGE EXRMNTL STUDY	200,000 \$	0 \$	2,000 \$	2,000	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	OTHER ARRA PROG-WATTS/WEP YOUTH	0 \$	0 \$	30,000 \$	30,000	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	E
	OTHER ARRA PROG	0 \$	0 \$	135,340 \$	135,340	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	PROF DEV - ELEM MATH	8,812 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	PROF DEV - ELEM SCIENCE	3,564 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	PUBLIC CHARTER SCH GRT PROG	131,985 \$	0 \$	92,750 \$	92,750	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	READING FIRST 08-09 VAR	20,981,734 \$	2,105,862 \$	(824,435) \$	1,281,427	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	READING FIRST-SP ED TECHR PROF DEV	0 \$	0 \$	5,274,795 \$	5,274,795	\$	0	391,616	0 \$	391,616	С
	REFUGEE STUDENT ASST PROG	283,982 \$	185,513 \$	(29,666) \$	155,847	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

												DISTRICT
						2009-10			SUPERINTEND	ENT'S 2010-2011 FI	NAL BUDGET	Defined
			2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	-	2010-11	2009-2010	2010-11		Prog
			Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10		Beg Balance	Carryover	Grant	Total	Code
8290	REHAB TRANS PART GREATER LA	\$	919,544 \$	915,944 \$	3,600 \$	919,544	\$	0	0 \$	919,544 \$	919,544	Е
	ROC WORKABILITY II	\$	662,707 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	E
	ROC-HEA T1 COLLEGE WORK STUDY	\$	211,104 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	E
	SAFE & DRUG FREE SCH & COMMTY -VA	R \$	863,125 \$	96,769 \$	93,140 \$	189,909	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	SAFE SCHOOLS/HEALTHY STUDENTS	\$	2,210,033 \$	3,514,706 \$	778,041 \$	4,292,747	\$	0	2,264,813 \$	2,213,277 \$	4,478,090	В
	SCH ASST & INTRVNTN TEAM(SAIT)	\$	1,825,505 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	Α
	SCH HLTH PROG PREV & IMPRV EDU	\$	21,987 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	SCH WELLNESS POLICY DEMON MINI GF	RN ⁻ \$	20,124 \$	3,503 \$	(3,503) \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	SMALLER LRNG COMM -VARIOUS	\$	10,111,743 \$	6,198,781 \$	2,787,533 \$	8,986,314	\$	0	1,867,335 \$	867,937 \$	2,735,272	В
	STATE OF REHAB-WRK BASED ASSMNT	\$	350,000 \$	350,000 \$	(350,000) \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	Е
	T2B-CA-MATH & SCIENCE PRT	\$	872,438 \$	712,555 \$	484,537 \$	1,197,092	\$	0	70,854 \$	0 \$	70,854	В
	T3 BILINGUAL ED	\$	207,011 \$	22,771 \$	4,505 \$	27,276	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	T3 A PROF DEV COACHES	\$	860,000 \$	11,153 \$	(11,153) \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	T3A-LEP-LIMITED ENG PROFCNCY -VAR	\$	35,593,748 \$	21,696,955 \$	23,731,172 \$	45,428,127	\$	0	28,853,681 \$	19,872,385 \$	48,726,066	В
	T5-PUB CHARTER SCG GRNT-COLFAX	\$	0 \$	0 \$	175,000 \$	175,000	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	TELEVISION CMTY SVC GRANT FY08	\$	770,984 \$	282,305 \$	(31,517) \$	250,788	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	TELEVISION CMTY SVC GRANT FY09	\$	812,871 \$	1,456,397 \$	(643,526) \$	812,871	\$	0	141,948 \$	50,000 \$	191,948	В
	TRAUMA SCH ADAPTATION-SAMHSA	\$	1,105,512 \$	189,682 \$	46,607 \$	236,289	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	TRANSITION TEACHING PROG	\$	703,345 \$	276,033 \$	1,139,812 \$	1,415,845	\$	0	354,171 \$	751,482 \$	1,105,653	В
	TV INTERCONNECTION GRT FY09	\$	32,993 \$	26,433 \$	(9,739) \$	16,694	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	UNIMPLEMENTED - AFTER SCH PROG	\$	0 \$	0 \$	286,543 \$	286,543	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	L
	UNIMPLEMENTED GEN-SPECIAL EDU	\$	\$	0 \$	167,014 \$	167,014	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	UNIMPLEMENTED GEN-FED	\$	2,960,617 \$	0 \$	71,612 \$	71,612	\$	0	0 \$	6,729,784 \$	6,729,784	В
	UNIMPLEMENTED - ROC PROG	\$	282,687 \$	94,626 \$	(94,626) \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	700,000 \$	700,000	E
	US DEPT OF LABOR YOUTH BUILD	\$	234,752 \$	47,206 \$	14,617 \$	61,823	\$	0	0 \$	\$	0	В
	WATTS ANTI GANG INITIATIVE	\$	145,675 \$	39,332 \$	12,986 \$	52,318	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	WIA YOUTH ACADEMY PROGRAM	\$	411,650 \$	328,697 \$	(28,697) \$	300,000	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	WIA YOUTH SERVICES (AYE)	\$	85,000 \$	86,732 \$	33,268 \$	120,000	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	WIA-HUB CITIES CONSORT-ELASC	\$	3,980 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	Е
	WIA-ONE STOP CAREER CTR	\$	131,235 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	Е
	WIA-YOUTH CITY OF LA - HARBOR	\$	544,416 \$	775,000 \$	(49,314) \$	725,686	\$	0	0 \$	0 \$	0	В
	WIA YOUTH PLAN	\$	129,375 \$	125,000 \$	4,375 \$	129,375	\$	0	0 \$	129,375 \$	129,375	В
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DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

					2009-10	_		SUPERINTEN	DEN	T'S 2010-2011 FI	NAL BUDGET	Defined
		2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget		2010-11	2009-2010		2010-11		Prog
		Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	E	Beg Balance	Carryover		Grant	Total	Code
8290	WIA YOUTH PLAN/ESK SUMMER FY 10	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	8,239 \$	8,239	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	WIA YOUTH GOODWILL/ESK	\$ 120,103 \$	35,000 \$	(35,000) \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	WIA HUB CITIES ADULT	\$ 60,000 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	Е
	WIA HUB CITIES DW	\$ 48,970 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	Е
	WIA-YOUTH SKILLS CTR	\$ 0 \$	85,103 \$	6,808 \$	91,911	\$	0	0	\$	121,911 \$	121,911	Е
	WIA YOUTH STIMULUS	\$ 0 \$	2,000,000 \$	(2,000,000) \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	YOUTH MENTORING CONNECTION	\$ 17,400 \$	17,400 \$	3,126 \$	20,526	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	TOTAL FEDERAL INCOME	\$ 739,200,287 \$	791,155,753 \$	63,638,831 \$	854,794,584	\$	33,242	201,224,382	\$	750.669.797 \$	951.927.421	

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

											District
					2009-10		SUPERINTE	NDE	NT'S 2010-2011 F	INAL BUDGET	Defined
		2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	2010-11	2009-2010		2010-11		Prog
		Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	Beg Balance	Carryover		Grant	Total	Code
								_			
STATE	INCOME										
8311	CE-EIA STATE COMP ED (SCE)SCHS	\$ 138,709,051 \$	34,448,084 \$	(699,375) \$	33,748,709 \$	6,820,205	0	\$	9,904,576 \$	16,724,781	Α
	CE-EIA/DISRICT BILINGUAL SCHOOLS (LEP	50,357,256 \$	123,665,280 \$	17,199,603 \$	140,864,883 \$	48,695,280	0	\$	96,966,766 \$	145,662,046	Α
	EIA/LEP-MULTI TEACHER CAREER	359,780 \$	0 \$	286,526 \$	286,526 \$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	Α
	CE-EIA-EDU'L DISADVG	\$ 26,008,988 \$	0 \$	33,761,881 \$	33,761,881 \$	9,015,140	0	\$	13,800,475 \$	22,815,615	Α
	SCHOO IMPROV REG SCHOOL	0 \$	\$	1,673,893 \$	1,673,893 \$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
8424	EDUC TECH STAFF DEV GR C2 R1 -VAR	0 \$	0 \$	11,902 \$	11,902 \$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	EDUC TECH STAFF DEV GRADES 4-8	0 \$	0 \$	514 \$	514 \$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
8580	TOBACCO USE PREV ED (TUPE) - VARIOUS	0 \$	0 \$	316,777 \$	316,777 \$	0	49,527	\$	178,608 \$	228,135	В
8581	HEALHTY START-OPERATIONAL-VARIOUS	0 \$	0 \$	1,073,623 \$	1,073,623 \$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
8590	03-04 AGRI VOC ED INCENTV GRNT	37,628 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	05-06 AGRI VOC ED INCENT GRANT	0 \$	8,000 \$	(8,000) \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	AGRI VOC EDUC FY09 & FY10	0 \$	0	16,678	16,678 \$	0	0	\$	8,000 \$	8,000	В
	2005-06 PERSONNEL STAFF DEV.	324,697 \$	230,422 \$	(230,422) \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	С
	AAIA - VARIOUS	16,548 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	AB1115-INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL	59,457 \$	158 \$	10,899 \$	11,057 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	AFT SCH LRN&SAF-19R2K3-006 -VAR	77,153,633 \$	72,222,222 \$	1,583,018 \$	73,805,240 \$	0	0	\$	73,796,062 \$	73,796,062	L
	ALTRNTV CERT PROG- VARIOUS	1,362,837 \$	666,563 \$	(98,233) \$	568,330 \$	0	0	\$	562,877 \$	562,877	В
	ALTRNTV CERT PROG-LISTOS	1,648,975 \$	1,475,650 \$	(72,772) \$	1,402,878 \$	0	0	\$	1,397,832 \$	1,397,832	В
	ALTRNTV CERT PROG-PRE INTERN	0 \$	0 \$	134,748 \$	134,748 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BEAUTIFY WALL-CALTRANS-SOTO EL	208,494 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (BEGIN) FY 2005-06	\$ 480,834 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (BEGIN) FY 2006-07	583,712 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (BEGIN) FY 2007-08	9,915,556 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (DIST 1) FY 2005-06	\$ 402 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (DIST1) FY 2006-07	7,702 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (DIST1) FY 2007-08	\$ 477,339 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (BEGIN) FY 2008-09	\$ 11,537,532 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (DIST INTERN) FY 2008-09	1,342,812 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	BTSA Prog (DIST INTERN) FY 2009-10	0 \$	1,075,861 \$	0 \$	1,075,861 \$	390,746	0	\$	1,075,861 \$	1,466,607	В
	BTSA Prog (BEGIN) FY 2009-10	0 \$	5,923,692 \$	4,000,000 \$	9,923,692 \$	2,273,878	0	\$	9,989,695 \$	12,263,573	В

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

							DISTRICT					
					2009-10			SUPERINTE	NDE	NT'S 2010-2011 FI	NAL BUDGET	Defined
		2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget		2010-11	2009-2010		2010-11		Prog
		Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	Ве	eg Balance	Carryover		Grant	Total	Code
8590	CA HEALTH SCIENCE CAPACITY	\$ 0 5	0 \$	25,000 \$	25,000	\$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	CALIFORNIA ACADEMIC PRT PROGRAM	\$ 80,409 \$	0 \$	84,492 \$	84,492	\$	0	8,393	\$	50,000 \$	58,393	В
	CAL INST SCHOOL GARDENS	\$ 1,213,772	0 \$	219,656 \$	219,656	\$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	CAL PARTNERSHIP ACADEMIES - VARIOU	\$\$ 5,685,925	5,583,573 \$	(741,820) \$	4,841,753	\$	0	1,227,288	\$	2,488,320 \$	3,715,608	В
	CAL PRE-INTERNSHIP PROG AB 351	\$ 410,099	135,685 \$	(135,685) \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	CAL TECH ASST PJ(CTAP)-CLUSTER	\$ 3,918 \$	0 \$	3,711 \$	3,711	\$	742	0	\$	\$	742	В
	CAPP-EXPOSITORY LITERACY GRNT	\$ 0.5	0	43,737 \$	43,737	\$	0	21,442	\$	36,000 \$	57,442	В
	CERT STAFF MENTORING	\$ 3,278,991	3,208,472 \$	(3,208,472) \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	\$	0	В
	CE-ECO IMPACT AID/DIS BIL DIR	\$ 0.5	43,469,489 \$	(43,469,489) \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	\$	0	Α
	CDAA-2003-04-WINTERN STORM	\$	\$	358,614 \$	358,614	\$	0	0	\$	370,000 \$	370,000	В
	CHIEF BUS OFFICER TRAINING	\$ 0 5	0 \$	158,170 \$	158,170	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CHLD HLTH OUTREACH INITIATIVES	\$ 157,500 \$	157,500 \$	0 \$	157,500	\$	0	0	\$	157,500 \$	157,500	В
	CHLD NUTRITION BREAKFAST	\$ 352,277	176,139 \$	100,311 \$	276,450	\$	0	87,315	\$	0 \$	87,315	В
	COMMUNITY CHALLENGE GRANT - VARIO	U\$ 6,553 S	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CPA NATURAL RSRC & EVRMNT SCI	\$ 1,301 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CPA:GREEN & CLEAN ACADEMIES	0 \$	0 \$	378,000 \$	378,000	\$	0	166,430	\$	0 \$	166,430	В
	CSIS/LAUSD DEV PROJ	\$ 0 5	0 \$	5,398,541 \$	5,398,541	\$	0	5,335,081	\$	0 \$	5,335,081	В
	CTAP-ITO	\$ 84,103	0 \$	118,019 \$	118,019	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CTE PROGRAMS EQUIPMENT	\$ 751,400 \$	0 \$	174,840 \$	174,840	\$	20,917	0	\$	0 \$	20,917	E
	DIGITAL HIGH SCH TECH GRANT -VARIOU	J\$ 6,057 S	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DIGITAL HIGH SCH TSST GRANT	\$ 142,514	28,504 \$	84,727 \$	113,231	\$	22,873	0	\$	0 \$	22,873	В
	DIRECT SUPP PROF(DSP)CERT PG	\$ 299,747	379,222 \$	119,153 \$	498,375	\$	58,556	0	\$	328,943 \$	387,499	Е
	DROPOUT PREV-RECOV MDL PROG-	\$ 324 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	EARLY MENTAL HLT-EMHI- VARIOUS	\$ 314,071 \$	160,968 \$	79,319 \$	240,287	\$	0	65,399	\$	0 \$	65,399	В
	EARLY INTERVENTION SCH SUCCESS (EIS	60,472	0 \$	25,410 \$	25,410	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	EDU TECH STAFF DEV-2001-02	\$ 346,910 \$	0 \$	345,166 \$	345,166	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	EDUC TECH STAFF DEV GR C1 R1	\$ 15,043 \$	0 \$	15,043 \$	15,043	\$	3,009	0	\$	0 \$	3,009	В
	EDUC TECH STAFF DEV GR C2 R1	\$ 11,902 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	2,350	0	\$	0 \$	2,350	В
	EDUC TECH STAFF DEV GRADES 4-8	\$ 514 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	EDUC TECH STAFF DEV -VARIOUS	\$ 0 \$	72,390 \$	(72,390) \$	0	\$	68,788	0	\$	0 \$	68,788	В
	FAMILY LIT EXP ENHMNT	\$ 549,069	450,000 \$	(450,000) \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	FAMILY LIT INITIATIVE	\$ 105,000 \$	140,000 \$	490,169 \$	630,169	\$	0	19,120	\$	0 \$	19,120	В

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

									DISTRICT		
					2009-10		SUPERINTE	NDENT'S 20	10-2011 FI	NAL BUDGET	Defined
		2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	2010-11	2009-2010	2010	-11		Prog
		Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	Beg Balance	Carryover	Gra	nt	Total	Code
8590	GOV CTE INIT:CA PARTNER ACAD-VAR	0 \$	0 \$	2,891,641 \$	2,891,641	\$ 0	852,261	\$ 1,7	70,000 \$	2,622,261	В
	HEALHTY START-COMBINED GRANT	0 \$	0	0	0	\$ 0	535,520	\$ 5	\$ 0,000	585,520	В
	HEALHTY START-OPERATIONAL-VARIOUS S	421,964 \$	351,278 \$	(351,278) \$	0	\$ 0	170,970	\$	0 \$	170,970	В
	HPSG-HIGH PRIORITY(IIUSP CIII) - VAR	15,738,265 \$	0 \$	1,068,777 \$	1,068,777	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	HPSG-SAIT COR	0 \$	0 \$	198,750 \$	198,750	\$ 14,732	0	\$	0 \$	14,732	Α
	INFANT DISCRETIONARY	111,898 \$	55,949 \$	(55,949) \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 1	9,047 \$	19,047	С
	INFO TCHLGY CAREER ACADEMY	16,932 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	INTERV/UNDERF SCH IMPL COHORT -VARS	80 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LACO-CALWORKS COORDINTN SVCS -VARS	1,200,000 \$	1,200,000 \$	(1,159,602) \$	40,398	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	E
	NBPTS INCNTV-HIGH PRIORITY SCH-VAR	1,675,000 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	NBPTS INCNTV-TEACHER INCENTIVE 2010-	1; 0 \$	0 \$	1,421,791 \$	1,421,791	4 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	NELL SOTO PAR INVOLVM PROG -VAR	698,826 \$	0 \$	166,856 \$	166,856	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	PHYSICAL EDUCATION TEACHER INCENTIVE	3,645,868 \$	3,544,821 \$	336,834 \$	3,881,655	\$ 2,209,770	0	\$	0 \$	2,209,770	В
	PARAPROF TEACHER TRAINING GRN -VARS	967,148 \$	962,500 \$	(216,159) \$	746,341	\$ 0	0	\$ 70	9,020 \$	709,020	В
	SAFE SCH& VIOLENCE PRVT_NEW -VARIOUS	807,959 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	SCHOOL ASST & INTERVN TEAM (SAIT)	4,284,967 \$	131,250 \$	(131,250) \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	Α
	SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT REG PROG	3,553,437 \$	1,493,921 \$	(1,493,921) \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	SCH COMM VIOLENCE -BERENDO MS	0 \$	0 \$	441,506 \$	441,506	\$ 0	0	\$ 1	00,000 \$	100,000	В
	SCH COMM VIOLENCE -FARMDALE MS	0 \$	0	254,749	254,749	157,944	0	\$	0 \$	157,944	В
	SCH COMM VIOLENCE -LEICHTY MS	110,633 \$	106,405 \$	264,807 \$	371,212	\$ 269,015	0	\$ 7	1,380 \$	340,395	В
	SCH COMM VIOLENCE -MADISON	123,541 \$	100,000 \$	31,187 \$	131,187	\$ 0	0	\$ 10	0,000 \$	100,000	В
	SCH COMM VIOLENCE -NORWOOD EL	139,917 \$	96,000 \$	301,016 \$	397,016	\$ 271,131	0	\$ 10	6,013 \$	377,144	В
	SCH COMM VIOLENCE PREV DIST 1	126,931 \$	101,245 \$	(7,514) \$	93,731	\$ 0	0	\$ 9	9,499 \$	99,499	В
	SCH COMM VIOLENCE PREV	\$	\$	679,378 \$	679,378	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	SCH COMM PLICING PRTNRSHP-VARIOUS	775,753 \$	856,434 \$	(856,434) \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	SCH READ INIT (FIRST5LA/CFGC)	51,446 \$	49,164 \$	8,924 \$	58,088	\$ 0	13,624	\$ 4	6,920 \$	60,544	E
	SP ED: PROJECT WORKABILITY	711,648 \$	738,080 \$	203 \$	738,283	\$ 0	0	\$ 73	8,280 \$	738,280	С
	SPECIAL ED: INFANT DISCRETIONARY	0 \$	55,950 \$	(32,918) \$	23,032	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	С
	SP ED: PERSONNEL STAFF DEV	0 \$	0 \$	408,336 \$	408,336	\$ 0	39,759	\$ 2	31,144 \$	270,903	С
	SPECIALIZED SEC PROG	360,000 \$	0 \$	381,557 \$	381,557	\$ 21,503	0	\$	0 \$	21,503	В
	SSP-REAL.COM TCH - VARIOUS	16,678 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	STATE LOW INCIDENCE ENTITLEMNT	143,657 \$	143,567 \$	(143,567) \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	С

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

										District
					2009-10		SUPERINTE	NDENT'S 2010-2011 F	INAL BUDGET	Defined
		2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	2010-11	2009-2010	2010-11		Prog
		Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	Beg Balance	Carryover	Grant	Total	Code
8590	T HUGHES FAM-SCH PARTNRSHP PRG	6,058 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 5	0	0	\$ 0 \$	0	В
	TEACHER RECRUIT & STUDENT SUPPORTS	101,731 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 5	\$ 0	0	\$ 0 \$	0	В
	TEACHER RECRUIT & RETENTION	11,119,493 \$	2,246,452 \$	3,288,699 \$	5,535,151	\$ 2,711,656	0	\$ 0 \$	2,711,656	В
	TUPE 9-12 FY2004-07 -VARIOUS	3,653,785 \$	1,104,360 \$	302,836 \$	1,407,196	\$ 0	668,105	\$ 91,397 \$	759,502	В
	UNIMPLEMENTED GEN STATE PROG	623,588 \$	4,000,000 \$	(3,897,974) \$	102,026	\$ 0	0	\$ 25,845,242 \$	25,845,242	В
	UNIMPLEMENTED-ROC S	40,781 \$	521,113 \$	(501,513) \$	19,600	\$ 0	0	\$ 1,000,000 \$	1,000,000	E
	UNIMPLEMENTED-SPEC ED	96,978 \$	200,000 \$	(186,996) \$	13,004	\$ 0	0	\$ 0 \$	0	С
	UNIMPLEMENTED-AFTER SCHOOL	38,988 \$	5,401,466 \$	(5,374,123) \$	27,343	\$ 0	0	\$ 0 \$	0	L
	YOUTH SOCCER	999,928 \$	350,196 \$	649,732 \$	999,928	\$ 0	350,196	\$ 1,000,000 \$	1,350,196	В
	EMHI - 07 Farmdale El	76,974 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 5	\$ 0	0	\$ 0 \$	0	В
	UAW-LETC MAXINE WATERS	87,360 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 5	\$ 0	0	\$ 0 \$	0	E
	TOTAL STATE INCOME	386,999,316 \$	317,488,025 \$	17,793,863 \$	335,281,888	73,028,235	9,610,430	\$ 243,089,457 \$	325,728,122	

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

													District
						2009-10			SUPERINTE	NDE	NT'S 2010-2011 FIN	IAL BUDGET	Defined
			2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	_	2010-11	2009-2010		2010-11		Prog
			Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	ı	Beg Balance	Carryover		Grant	Total	Code
		_											
	L INCOME	\$											
8699	A&K DOUGLAS PLAYGRND-EL SERENO	\$	436,490 \$,	,		0		\$	0 \$	0	В
	A & M Sch Volunteer Music Prog	\$	0 \$,	3,120		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	ACAD MOTION PIC & ARTS	\$	16,646 \$,	18,516		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	ACTION 4 HLTH KIDS-STUDENT TAKING	\$	0 \$		23,500	23,500	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	ADAMS MASTROVICH FAMILY FDN	\$	34,170 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	ANNENBERG FNDN-VAR	\$	3,840 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	ASTHMA & ALLERGY FNDTN AMERICA	\$	1,816 \$	62 \$	1,754 \$	1,816	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	BEST FRIENDS-KAISER	\$	246 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	BROAD FDN -CHIEF OF STAFF	\$	121,040 \$	233,209 \$	40,536 \$	273,745	\$	0	113,749	\$	0 \$	113,749	В
	CA WELLNESS FND GRANT	\$	0 \$	0	40,000	40,000	\$	0	0	\$	40,000 \$	40,000	В
	CAL ENDOWMNT-PROJECT REACH -VAR	\$	167,165 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CARSON GUID.EXP-COORD.COUNCIL	\$	74,757 \$	60,000 \$	(4,000) \$	56,000	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CDLP VIDEO SUPPORT GRANT	\$	4,427 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CHLD & FAMILY GUIDANCE CTR-UNITED	\$	0 \$	0	50,000	50,000	\$	0	50,000	\$	50,000 \$	100,000	В
	CHILD PASSENGER SAFETY	\$	126,070 \$	0 \$	126,070 \$	126,070	\$	0	37,072	\$	\$	37,072	В
	CHW CATHOLIC HEALTHCARE WEST	\$	125,530 \$	53,323 \$	80,165 \$	133,488	\$	0	0	\$	44,891 \$	44,891	В
	COLLEGE READY PROG WAMU	\$	16 \$	0 \$	0 \$			0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	COMMNTY OUTREACH-KLCS-WILAND	\$	101 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CONNECTION PROJ-COUER D ALLEN	\$	137,236 \$	68,000 \$	9.122 \$	77.122	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	COUNTY SUMMER YOUTH	\$	743,635 \$			0	\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	COUNTRY WIDE CLERICAL CERT. TRAINI	N(\$	39,805 \$, , , ,	39,805		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CPB-DIGITAL DISTRIB FUND RND 12B	\$	0 \$,		357,792		0		\$	0 \$	178,895	В
	CPB-FISCAL STABILIZATION GRANT	\$	0 \$			69,680		0	,	\$	0 \$	47,614	В
	CRAILJOHNSON-MENTL HLTH SVC-VAR	\$	11,090 \$,	11,090		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	CRAIL JOHNSON-PROJECT PLUS	\$	0 \$,		\$	0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DIGITAL TV TRANSITION GRANT 2009	\$	\$	\$,000 \$		29,333		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DIPLOMA PLUS GRANT	\$	113,750 \$,	31,380		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DIVERSITY IN ED TRNG-HWLT PCKK	\$	41,152 \$			38,168		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DISCOV ARTS DIRECTOR	\$	188,152 \$			141,152		0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	DWP SCIENCE EDUCATION PARTNER	φ \$	400,000 \$,	601,609		0	151,577	Ф \$	400,000 \$	551.577	В

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

								DISTRICT			
					2009-10		SUPERINTE	NDE	NT'S 2010-2011 FI	NAL BUDGET	Defined
		2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget	2010-11	2009-2010		2010-11	_	Prog
		Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	Beg Balance	Carryover		Grant	Total	Code
8699	EDUC TECH K-12 VOUCHER	0 \$	0	0	0	\$ 0	60,571	\$	10,000,000 \$	10,060,571	В
	ENRICHED STUDIES-LA CENTER	0 \$	0 \$	99,997 \$	99,997	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	ENRICHED STRATEGIES FOE SCHOOL/NAC	0 \$	0	0	0	\$ 0	72,917	\$	49,996 \$	122,913	В
	GENERAL FUND SUMMER YOUTH	\$ 437,878 \$	450,000 \$	(450,000) \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	GILDER LEHRMAN INST OF AMERICA	\$ 42,066 \$	12,547 \$	(772) \$	11,775	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	GREENING PROJECT-CALVERT ES	127,014 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	GREENING PROJECT-WILSON SH	\$ 33,930 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	70,000 \$	70,000	В
	HARBOR TEACHER PREP(HTP 8518)	66,608 \$	89,882 \$	(89,644) \$	238	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	HEALTHY EATING ACTIVE CMTY	0 \$	0 \$	194,056 \$	194,056	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	HP-HANDS ON SCIENC-M ARTS CLST	\$ 38,437 \$	7,687 \$	30,750 \$	38,437	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	ING UNSUNG HEROES AWARDS PROG	708 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	K-12 VOUCHER PROGRAM	\$ 18,351,071 \$	5,000,000 \$	524,407 \$	5,524,407	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	KAISER ONE E-APP EXPANSION PROJ	\$ 320,280 \$	248,629 \$	65,901 \$	314,530	\$ 0	74,903	\$	269,820 \$	344,723	В
	KAISER PERM-CHAMP PROGRAM -VAR	140,254 \$	51,294 \$	4,887 \$	56,181	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	KAISER PERM-ORAL HEALTH INIT	0 \$	40,000 \$	80,000 \$	120,000	\$ 0	40,000	\$	40,000 \$	80,000	В
	L.A. CARE HEALTH EXPRESS -VAR	91,368 \$	67,058 \$	30,053 \$	97,111	\$ 0	10,207	\$	0 \$	10,207	В
	LA TRUST FOR CHILDREN'S HLTH	15,857 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LA COMMUNITY BEAUTIFICATION	0 \$	448,562 \$	(448,562) \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LA COM REDVPMT AFT SCHOOL	196,374 \$	16,536 \$	415,712 \$	432,248	\$ 0	5,535	\$	383,302 \$	388,837	В
	LA COMMUNITY COLLEGE LIASON	91,411 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LA SCHOOL NUTRITION PROJ	61,361 \$	0 \$	100,325 \$	100,325	\$ 0	15,895	\$	0 \$	15,895	В
	LA84 FOUNDATION BEYOND THE BELL	1,157,942 \$	549,300 \$	698,087 \$	1,247,387	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LA84 FOUNDATION -BTB MS SPORTS PROG	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	110,743	\$	561,980 \$	672,723	В
	LA'S BEST- VARIOUS	3,908,183 \$	2,821,730 \$	(189,638) \$	2,632,092	\$ 0	0	\$	1,848,328 \$	1,848,328	L
	LAB CDD CIT OF LA#1	558,241 \$	0 \$	183,157 \$	183,157	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LEADERS FOR URBAN SCHOOL-CSU	0 \$	0	170,602	170,602	\$ 0	84,697	\$	0 \$	84,697	В
	LEARN AND EARN PROGRAM	1,368,687 \$	1,400,000 \$	200,000 \$	1,600,000	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	LOWE'S PARK	\$ 400,000 \$	0 \$	221,160 \$	221,160	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	MACK FAMILY	0 \$	0	82,519	82,519	\$ 0	0	\$	85,000 \$	85,000	В
	MC CAN PROG	812,484 \$	0 \$	0 \$		\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	MIDDLE COLLEGE EARLY COLL PROG	\$ 42,500 \$	0 \$	13,803 \$	13,803	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В
	MERCK CHILDHOOD ASTHLM NTWK-MCAN	\$ O \$	177,886 \$	126,564 \$	304,450	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$	0	В

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

District 2009-10 SUPERINTENDENT'S 2010-2011 FINAL BUDGET Defined 2008-2009 2009-2010 2009-2010 Adj Budget 2010-11 2009-2010 2010-11 Prog **Actual Budget** Final Budget Adjustment As of 04-30-10 Beg Balance Carryover Grant Total Code 8699 OBERKOTTER FDN HEAR US NOW \$ 125.950 \$ 0 \$ 112.554 \$ 112.554 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 В 0 \$ OJAI FOUNDATION \$ 218,376 \$ 0 \$ 243,962 \$ 243,962 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 В PRIME GATES FDN-JOHN HOPKINS \$ 295,261 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 В PROJECT GRAD-LA \$ 137,126 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ \$ 0 \$ В 0 0 \$ 0 PROP K - MAINTENANCE FUND \$ 24.484 \$ 0 \$ 171.307 \$ 171.307 \$ 0 0 \$ 171.307 \$ 171.307 В ROBERT WOOD FOUNDATION \$ 164,891 \$ 187,306 \$ (93,730)\$ 93,576 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 В RTI INTERNATIONAL GRANT \$ \$ \$ 24,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 В SCH BASED HLTH CLINIC-SPPT FND \$ 58,320 \$ 0 \$ 75,034 \$ 75,034 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 В SEIU REVOLVING GRANT FND 6,418 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 В 41.355 \$ 0 \$ TAPER FOUNDTN-MENTAL HLTH PROF \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ Ω 0 \$ 0 В В TRAUMA SERVICE CTR-RHW SAMHSA \$ 0 \$ 0 100.370 100,370 \$ 0 95.006 \$ 0 \$ 95,006 TV COMMUNITY SVC GRT FY10 \$ 779.944 779,944 \$ 389,772 \$ 1,169,716 0 \$ 0 0 779,944 \$ В \$ 0 0 \$ В TV INTERCONNECTION GRT FY10 0 \$ 15,556 15,556 \$ 0 15,556 \$ 15,556 TRANS PROG HARBOR TECH \$ 100.000 \$ 423.717 \$ 92,530 \$ 0 \$ В (331,187)\$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 19,108 \$ 14.946 \$ В UCLA-ARRA NIMH GRANT 0 \$ 19,108 Ω 0 \$ 14,946 0 \$ В UNITE WAY SUPP SATURDAY SCH-WMS 0 \$ 66.800 \$ 66.800 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 UNIMPLEMENTED -GEN PROG \$ 549,655 \$ 0 \$ 33,623 \$ 33,623 \$ 0 0 \$ 6,135,000 \$ В 6,135,000 UNIMPLEMENTED -ROC \$ 0 \$ Ε 55,268 \$ 300,000 \$ (300,000)\$ 0 \$ 0 300,000 \$ 300,000 URBAN LEARNING CTR \$ 4,745 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ В 0 53.293 \$ 60.000 \$ 33.989 \$ 0 680 \$ 0 \$ В VISION PROJ PROG-QUEENS CARE \$ (26,011)\$ 680 WALLACE FND-ARTS YOUNG PEOPLE \$ 0 \$ 552.566 552.566 \$ 0 \$ В 0 \$ 0 551.000 \$ 551.000 WASSERMAN FOUNDATION \$ 1,460,000 55,600 \$ 1,515,600 \$ 0 0 \$ 1,542,000 \$ В 0 \$ 1,542,000 WEINGART FDTN-PLUS COUNSELLING \$ 600.000 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 \$ В 0 WIA-YOUTH AYE/ESK \$ 0 \$ 30,000 30,000 \$ 0 0 \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 В \$ В WILDLANDS ENDWMNT-VAR 2.861.079 \$ 181.362 \$ 1.885.667 \$ 2.067.029 \$ 0 1.002.242 \$ 0 \$ 1.002.242 6,181,283 \$ TOTAL LOCAL INCOME 36.346.009 \$ 15,646,552 \$ 21.827.835 \$ 0 2.557.021 \$ 23.368.124 \$ 25.925.145

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS GENERAL FUND

														District
						2009-10			SUPERINTE	ND	ENT'S 2010-201	1 F	INAL BUDGET	Defined
			2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-2010	Adj Budget		2010-11	2009-2010		2010-11			Prog
		_	Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	As of 04-30-10	_	Beg Balance	Carryover		Grant		Total	Code
8912	INTERFUND TRANSFERS FOR SRF COPS	\$	0 \$	1,300,000 \$	4,310,728 \$	5,610,728	\$	0	0	\$	0	\$	0	
8990	CONTRIBUTION TO REGULAR PROGRAM	\$	\$	0 \$	(5,402,878) \$	(5,402,878)	\$	0	0	\$	(9,397,832)	\$	(9,397,832)	
	TOTAL FEDERAL INCOME	\$	739,200,287 \$	791,155,753 \$	63,638,831 \$	854,794,584	\$	33,242	201,224,382	\$	750,669,797	\$	951,927,421	
	TOTAL STATE INCOME	\$	386,999,316 \$	317,488,025 \$	17,793,863 \$	335,281,888	\$	73,028,235	9,610,430	\$	243,089,457	\$	325,728,122	
	TOTAL LOCAL INCOME	\$	36,346,009 \$	15,646,552 \$	6,181,283 \$	21,827,835	\$_	0	2,557,021	\$	23,368,124	\$	25,925,145	
	TOTAL INCOME	\$	1,162,545,612 \$	1,125,590,330 \$	86,521,827 \$	1,212,112,157	\$ =	73,061,477	213,391,833	\$	1,007,729,546	\$	1,294,182,856	

⁽A) Compensatory Education

(E) ROC/Skills Center

(L) After Schjool Programs

⁽B) General Program

⁽C) Special Education

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS ADULT EDUCATION FUND

				2009-10	SUPERINTEN	IDENT'S 2010	-2011 FINAL BU	JDGET	Districe Define
	2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-10	Adj Budget	2010-2011	2009-2010	2010-2011	-	Prog
	Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	as of 04/30/2010	Beg Balance	Carryover	Grant	Total	Code
EDERAL INCOME			-						
240 PERKINS POST SECONDARY - VARIOUS	\$ 1,152,358 \$	2,534,716 \$	881,618	\$ 3,416,334 \$	0 \$	0 \$	3,642,557 \$	3,642,557	D
T1C-SEC 132 PKN (INSTRUCTION)	2,059,130	881,618	(486,158)	395,460	0			0	D
WIA-ENG SECOND LANGUAGE	610,400	511,997	(511,997)		0			0	D
290 ADULT ED-ESL-CITIZENSHIP	11,838,771	11,236,877	32,884	11,269,761	0		14,000,000	14,000,000	D
EDD-TRA-VAR	0	0	3,638	3,638	0		581,000	581,000	D
ENG LIT AND CIVIC ED GRNT-ADLT	1,457,985	1,255,562	(14,532)	1,241,030	0	0		0	D
LA COUNTY-GAIN BASIC ED SKL-AD	55	0	0	0	0	0		0	D
PACIFIC GATEWAY WORKFORCE-HOC	0	0	124,177	124,177	0		110,000	110,000	D
FEDERAL PELL GRANT	255,220	312,653	(101,458)	211,195	0		200,000	200,000	D
FEDERAL SUPPLY EDU OPPORT GRANT	0	100,415	0	100,415	0		154,761	154,761	D
LA REFINERY & MFG MAINT PROG	9,155	0	0		0			0	D
LA COUNTY COM DV BL GR-CDBG	16,000	16,000	0	16,000	0		16,000	16,000	D
PACIFIC GATEWAY WORKFORCE-HOC	80,000	80,000	(80,000)		0	0		0	D
ITRAIN	2,500	0	11,006	11,006	0		4,000	4,000	D
FWS-W. VALLEY A. FRIEDMAN & HARBOR	0	246,834	(194,361)	52,473	0		52,473	52,473	D
FWS-MAXIN WATER EMPL CTR	0	6,667	0	6,667	0		66,667	66,667	D
OTHER ARRA PROG	0		15,000	15,000	0				D
ROC-HEA T1 COLLEGE WORK STUDY	0	254,770	(254,770)	0	0			0	D
WATTS/WEP AUTO TRAINING PROJ	0	0	81,534	81,534	0		81,000	81,000	D
WIA-ADULT/CITY WORKS COMP FY 09	15,000	0	1,202	1,202	0			0	D
WIA-ADULT SECONDARY ED(ASE)	0	0	909,048	909,048	0			0	D
WIA-ONE STOP CAREER CTR-WLCAC	0	111,325 0	(111,325)	0	0	0		0	D
WIA-SE LA WATTS WORKSOURCE CTR	0		133,868	133,868	0		148,868	148,868	D
UNIMPLEMENTED -FEDERAL	2,497,433	3,057,396	(545,691)	2,511,705	0		2,500,000	2,500,000	D

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS ADULT EDUCATION FUND

				2009-10	SUPERINTEN	IDENT'S 2010-	2011 FINAL BL	IDGFT	District Defined
	2008-2009	2009-2010	2009-10	Adj Budget	2010-2011		2010-2011		Prog
	Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	as of 04/30/2010	Beg Balance	Carryover	Grant	Total	Code
STATE INCOME									
8590 COMMNTY BASED ENGL TUTORL PG	\$ 18,314,933	\$ 14,788,070 \$	1,867,463	\$ 16,655,533	7,637,757 \$	\$	6,200,000 \$	13,837,757	D
FAMILY LITERACY	7,179	0	10,713	10,713	0		10,713	10,713	D
EVEN START ADULT	0	7,178	(7,178)		0			0	D
GENERAL RELIEF OPP FOR WORK-GROW	1,949,352	765,582	0	765,582	0			0	D
UNIMPLEMENTED-STATE	1,291,899	2,087,966	(3,098)	2,084,868	0		2,500,000	2,500,000	D
							_		
TOTAL STATE INCOME	\$ 21,563,363	\$ 17,648,796 \$	1,867,900	\$ 19,516,696	7,637,757 \$	0 \$	8,710,713 \$	16,348,470	
LOCAL INCOME									
8699 CRAIL JOHNSON-SP NARB COMM AD - VARIOU	\$ 40,028	\$ 6,508 \$	4,949	\$ 11,457 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	D
BIENVENIDOS SCH READINESS PROG	20,466	22,455	3,256	25,711	0	9,132	21,000	30,132	D
FAMILY LIT R PARSONS FDN-WESTSIDE	16,138	0	0		0		0	0	D
LA WORKS-WORKSOURCE DISLOCATED	0	0	4,000	4,000		400	4,000	4,400	D
PACIFIC GATEWAY ARRA-HOC	0	0	110,000	110,000		862		862	D
RGK FOUNDATION LITERACY GRT	0	0	20,000	20,000			20,000	20,000	D
TOYOTA FAMILIES IN SCH PG	13,895	0	462	462	0		0	0	D
TOYOTA NATIONAL CTR FAMILY LIT -ADULT	1,948	668	696	1,364	0		0	0	D
TRAINING 4 EVALUATION PJ-NCFL	8,635	0	0		0		0	0	D
MARK TAPER FOUNDATION	2,941	0	0					0	D
UNIMPLEMENTED-LOCAL	288,572	300,000	(134,000)	166,000	0		300,000	300,000	D
TOTAL LOCAL INCOME	\$ 392,623	\$ 329,631 \$	9,363	\$ 338,994	0 \$	10,394 \$	345,000 \$	355,394	
TOTAL INCOME	\$41,949,993	\$38,585,257_\$	1,770,946	\$40,356,203_\$	7,637,757 \$	10,394 \$	30,613,039 \$	38,261,190	

⁽D) Adult Education

DETAIL OF INCOME - SPECIALLY FUNDED PROGRAMS CHILD DEVELOPMENT FUND

						2009-10	SUPERIN	TENDENT'S 201	0-2011 FINAL BI	UDGET	District Defined
			2008-2009	2009-10	2009-10	Adj Budget	2010-2011	2009-2010	2010-2011		Prog
		_	Actual Budget	Final Budget	Adjustment	as of 04-30-10	Beg Balance	Carryover	Grant	Total	Code
FEDE	RAL INCOME										
8290	CCDF SCHOOL AGE RESOURCE	\$	0 \$	0	\$ 29,150 \$	29,150 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	F
8290	CCDF - CIMS 9254-INSTRUCTIONAL AMT		0	0	8,905	8,905	0	0	0	0	F
8290	CIMS-INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL		17,495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	F
	OTHER ARRA PROG-HEAD START		0	0	362,334	362,334	0	0	4,000	4,000	F
8290	UNIMPLEMENTED-FEDERAL	_	456,038	500,000	(38,055)	461,945	0	0	996,000	996,000	F
	TOTAL FEDERAL INCOME	\$	473,533 \$	500,000	\$ 362,334 \$	862,334 \$	0 \$	0 \$	1,000,000 \$	1,000,000	
STATI	E INCOME										
8530	STATE LATCHKEY PROGRAM	\$	869,837 \$	882,921	\$ (738,161) \$	144,760 \$	0 \$	0 \$	\$	0	F
8590	CAL-SAFE CHILD CARE		958,962	800,000	0	800,000	58,836	0	798,454	857,290	F
	CD PRE K & FAMILY LITPART DAY		1,525,713	1,312,640	(212,595)	1,100,045	0	0	1,084,476	1,084,476	F
	CD PRE K & FAMILY SUPPORT		30,000	2,454	35,046	37,500	0	0	14,240	14,240	F
8590	STATE PRE-SCHOOL REVENUE		13,444,540	13,146,764	999,491	14,146,255	0	0	0	0	F
8590	UNIMPLEMENTED-STATE	_	2,724,671	5,413,542	(4,596,894)	816,648	0	0	5,690,306	5,690,306	F
	TOTAL STATE INCOME	\$	19,553,723 \$	21,558,321	\$ (4,513,113) \$	17,045,208 \$	58,836 \$	0 \$	7,587,476 \$	7,646,312	
LOCA	L INCOME										
8699	HEALTHY FAMILY KAISER	\$	6,423 \$	0	\$ 6,423 \$	6,423 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	F
	KIDCARE SERVICE FEES		425,145	0	23,134	23,134	0	0	0	0	F
8699	L.A. UNIVERSAL PRE SCH		1,056,968	1,065,591	733,821	1,799,412	0	0	778,893	778,893	F
	LACOE ARRA-HEAD START		0	0	2,828,038	2,828,038	0	406,706	712,715	1,119,421	F
8699	READY FOR SCHOOLS		6,725,522	6,580,938	125,039	6,705,977	0	0	8,251,288	8,251,288	F
	RFS CLINIC BROUDOUS CYCLE 1		0	0	544,099	544,099	0	0	1,050,450	1,050,450	F
	RFS R & R LOCKE CYCLE 1		0	0	1,023,635	1,023,635	0	0	1,692,608	1,692,608	F
	STATE LATCH KEY PROGRAM		0	431,949	(431,949)	0	0	0	0	0	F
8699	SCH READINESS INITIATIVE		0	727,405	(727,405)	0	0	0	0	0	F
8699	UNIMPLEMENTED-LOCAL	_	2,300,034	0	0	0	0	0	8,931,371	8,931,371	F
	TOTAL LOCAL INCOME	\$	10,514,092 \$	8,805,883	\$ 4,124,835 \$	12,930,718 \$	0 \$	406,706 \$	21,417,325 \$	21,824,031	
OTHE	R SOURCES										
8979	CC FACILITIES REVOLVING FUNDS	\$	352,828 \$	352,828	\$	352,828 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	F
	TOTAL INCOME	\$_	30,894,176 \$	31,217,032	\$ (25,944)	31,191,088 \$	58,836 \$	406,706 \$	30,004,801 \$	30,470,343	

⁽F) Child Development

IV. Appendices

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APPENDICES

INTRODUCTION

This Section provides information related to a number of areas of importance with regard to the District's budget for the 2010-11 fiscal year. Included in this Section are the following:

<u>Appendix A – Budget Principles and Processes</u>. This section explains the general principles used by the District in preparing its budget, and the process for developing and amending the budget.

<u>Appendix B – How Education is Funded in California</u>. This section presents an overview of California's complex funding mechanisms, and summarizes significant legislation that has impacted K-12 funding since the 1970s.

<u>Appendix C – Average Daily Attendance (ADA)</u>. These pages provide information regarding Average Daily Attendance (ADA), which is the basis utilized by the State to allocate many funding sources to local school districts. ADA is based almost entirely on actual in-seat attendance, without reference to most excused absences. The page provided reflects information regarding estimated 2010-11 ADA data.

<u>Appendix D – Revenue Limit Information</u>. The Revenue Limit is the single largest funding source for California school districts. These pages provide information regarding the various revenue limit rates.

<u>Appendix E – Major Revenue Streams</u>. This section provides narrative and historical information regarding the most important revenue sources of the General Fund and other District Funds.

Appendix F - School Staff and Resources. These pages provide information related to the staffing of District schools, based on existing allocation formulas. This information is provided for elementary and secondary schools, magnet schools, options schools, special education schools and programs, adult schools, regional occupational centers and programs, and other District schools for which the allocation of positions and other resources occurs. Information is also provided regarding the allocation of support staff, instructional materials, and other supplies to District schools.

Appendix G – Enrollment Trends. The District uses data on live births in Los Angeles County and historical grade retention ratios, as well as economic factors and other relevant information, to project enrollment. Estimated enrollments in grades 1 through 12 for the 2010-11 through 2012-13 school years are calculated using various scenarios, generally involving weighted and true averages. The grade retention ratio uses past trends to estimate student progress from grade level to grade level. Enrollments in kindergarten are calculated as a percentage of live births in Los Angeles County five years earlier. Separate Enrollment charts are provided for regular District schools, fiscally independent charter schools and total districtwide enrollment.

Introduction (cont'd)

<u>Appendix H – Budget and Finance Policy</u>. These pages provide the complete text of the District's Budget and Finance Policy, as adopted by the Board of Education in June 2004.

<u>Appendix I – District Debt Management Policy</u>. These pages provide the complete text of the District's Debt Management Policy, as adopted by the Board of Education.

<u>Appendix J – Capital Budget</u>. These pages provide information regarding the District's capital facilities plan and other major capital expenditures anticipated during the next several years.

Appendix K - Notes. These pages provide information regarding a number of items throughout the budget.

<u>Appendix L - Glossary and Acronyms</u>. These pages provide definitions of terms and abbreviations appearing throughout the budget document.

Appendix A

BUDGET PRINCIPLES AND PROCESSES

A. Principles of Budgeting and Accounting

The <u>California School Accounting Manual</u> and the <u>California Education Code</u> govern budget development for California school districts, and their standards form the basis for development of the District's Adopted Final Budget. Among these standards are:

<u>Basis for Accounting</u>. The <u>California School Accounting Manual</u> mandates that districts use either the accrual basis or the modified accrual basis in accounting for revenues and expenditures. The difference between the two is as follows:

- In the <u>Modified Accrual Basis</u>, revenues are recognized in the period when they become available and measurable, and expenditures when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the receipt or payment of cash takes place. School districts use the modified accrual basis in accounting for governmental funds such as the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.
- In the <u>Accrual Basis</u>, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenditures when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the receipt or payment of cash takes place. School districts use the accrual basis in proprietary funds such as the Cafeteria and Self-Insurance Funds, and fiduciary funds such as the Annuity Reserve Fund.

<u>Basis for Budgeting</u>. The <u>California School Accounting Manual</u> also mandates the basis for school district budgeting. It requires that "generally, for California (school districts), the basis of budgeting should be the same as the basis of accounting used in the audited financial statements. Budgetary accounting must conform to the account codes in the standardized account code structure." California school districts are required to display their budgets by fund, by object, and by function.

Budgetary accounts are "projections and show how much is estimated to be spent or received during a given period of time to carry out the local educational agency's (LEA's) goals." In general, budgetary accounts have two purposes: (1) to record the estimated revenues of a fund by source and amount, and (2) to record and control the limits that are set on the expenditure levels by the appropriations. The recording of actual revenue and expenditures allows a comparison to the amounts that are available to be committed or expended within the limits set by law or by the governing board.

Revenue Budget. For each fund, the revenue budget anticipates all income from federal, state, and local sources, as well as the anticipated beginning balance. The total of beginning balance and income is the maximum amount a school district may legally budget to spend for any fund.

<u>Expenditure Budget</u>. Each fund has an expenditure budget reflecting the fund's authorized costs, and, for most funds, the anticipated expenditure level.

<u>Budget by General Fund District Defined Program</u>. Because the General Fund budget comprises many programs, it is divided into District Defined Programs such as Special Education, Regional Occupational Centers/Skills Centers, etc., to bring into focus programs of particular interest.

B. The budget process

<u>Budget Preparation</u>. The first step in preparing the budget is to determine the cost to continue the existing program. Enrollment-related costs are adjusted for projected changes. Costs not directly controllable by the District, such as utilities, retirement contributions, insurance, continuing contractual obligations, and legal costs are adjusted to reflect estimated expenditures for the coming fiscal year.

Estimates of income are developed based on a review of federal and State statutory provisions and local revenue sources. Beginning balance amounts for the budget year are calculated utilizing a comparison of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the current year. The projected beginning balances and revenues are compared to the cost of continuing current programs to determine whether budget reductions may be necessary or whether unanticipated amounts may be available for allocation.

<u>Board and public participation</u>. Board meetings are scheduled for discussion of proposed budget changes. These are public meetings that can be attended in person or viewed on the District's television station at scheduled times. Members of the public may contact the District to speak on individual budget items or on the budget as a whole. A public hearing, at which any member of the public may address the Board regarding the District's proposed budget, is mandated prior to Board adoptions of the Final Budget in June.

C. Budget revision process

<u>Budget adjustments</u>. The Budget Services and Financial Planning Division either receives or initiates well over 20,000 requests annually to adjust or revise the adopted budget. Generally speaking, a budget adjustment (B.A.) enables a school or office to substitute a new use for funds previously budgeted for a particular purpose.

Certain limitations apply to B.A.s For example, schools or offices may not transfer funds from a restricted program into an unrestricted one (e.g., transfers from Gifted and Talented Education or from Title I into a District-funded school instructional materiel account would not be permitted).

B.A.s may be either continuous (ongoing), or limited to the remainder of the current fiscal year. They may be either "routine," requiring only normal handling

by staff, or "non-routine," requiring formal approval by the Board of Education. Categories of "non-routine" B.A.s are determined by the Board, and are currently defined as follows:

- A. All B.A.s from object of expenditure 7900 Undistributed Reserves.
- B. All B.A.s which increase the total number of regular, non-school-based budgeted positions, except for those that are fully funded from the budgeted resources of the requesting office ("cost-neutral" budget adjustments).
- C. All B.A.s which change the total amount budgeted for the Student and Staff Integration/Targeted Instructional Improvement Grant (TIIG) Program.
- D. All B.A.s that shift funds from school to non-school locations, except in those cases in which such a transfer directly benefits the schools.

In addition to the above, California Education Code §42602 authorizes Boards of Education to increase income to reflect unanticipated new revenues during the course of the fiscal year.

APPENDIX B

HOW EDUCATION IS FUNDED IN CALIFORNIA

Historically, local property taxes have been the major source of funding for public schools, with property tax rates set by local school boards, other local officials, or directly by the citizens. This led to dramatic differences in school district funding, usually depending on the relative property wealth of the surrounding community. During the 1970s and 1980s, courts in many states, including California, ruled that these wealth-related differentials in school support needed to be eradicated. In California, this led to a series of actions aimed at reducing the dramatic differences in school district funding levels.

As a result, California schools today receive the large majority of their funding from the State, primarily from income and sales tax revenues, but also from local property taxes that are collected at the local level but distributed by the State. By their nature, income and sales taxes are more volatile revenue sources than property taxes; during periods of financial downturns, employees may be laid off and securities values may decline, leading to fewer purchases, and less income and capital gains available to be taxed.

California school districts therefore face dramatic cyclical funding variations as the economy rises and falls. Further, California's Governor and State Legislature, whose vote on the State Budget Act determines how State funds may be spent, have enormous control over the ability of local school districts to utilize funding to meet the specific needs of their students. It is estimated that approximately 60% of all school district funds in California are general purpose in nature; the remaining 40% are restricted to specific purposes, such as the needs of special education students, low income students, limited English-proficient students, and specific grade levels. This greatly constrains local boards of education in their spending decisions. They are further constrained in their ability to raise taxes independently of the State. Bond issues, usually limited to building programs, require a 55% vote for passage; parcel tax measures require a 2/3 vote.

The following provides information on past legislation and court rulings that have significantly affected California's educational funding (many of these rulings have been amended by subsequent legislation):

<u>Senate Bill 90 (1972)</u> – In 1972, the Legislature established revenue limits for California public schools, placing ceilings on the amount of tax money each district could receive per pupil. The 1972-73 general purpose spending level became the base amount in determining each district's annual revenue limit. This was the beginning of the shift from local to State control of school finance in California.

<u>Serrano v. Priest (1976)</u> – This 1976 California Supreme Court decision declared the existing system of financing schools unconstitutional because it violated the equal protection clause of the State Constitution. The Court ruled that property tax rates and per pupil expenditures should be equalized and that, by 1980, the difference in revenue limits per pupil should be less than \$100 (the "Serrano band"). This allowable difference in revenue limits has subsequently been adjusted for inflation. In equalizing funding, districts are divided into three types: elementary, high school, and unified. They are then further divided into small and large districts to ensure that appropriate funding comparisons are made. Special purpose or "categorical" funds are excluded from this calculation.

<u>Assembly Bill 65 (1977)</u> – In response to the *Serrano* decision, the California State Legislature passed AB 65, creating an annual inflation adjustment based on a sliding scale in order to equalize revenue limits among districts over time. Higher inflation increases were provided to districts with low revenue limits, with lower (occasionally no) inflation adjustments for high revenue districts.

<u>Proposition 13 (1978)</u> – This constitutional amendment (the "Jarvis Amendment") approved by California voters in 1978 limits property taxes to 1% of a property's assessed value, and caps increases in assessed value at 2% annually or the percentage growth in the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less. It also mandated a 2/3 vote for approval of new taxes, such as parcel taxes.

APPENDIX B

HOW EDUCATION IS FUNDED IN CALIFORNIA

<u>Assembly Bill 8 (1978)</u> – In response to Proposition 13, the Legislature established a formula for dividing property taxes among cities, counties, and school districts. This shielded schools from some of the measure's effects. In the process, the State replaced the lost property taxes and effectively took control of school district funding.

<u>Gann Limit (Proposition 4, 1979)</u> – Proposition 4 created a constitutional limit on government spending at every level in the State, including school districts. No agency's expenditures can exceed its Gann Limit, which is adjusted annually for inflation and population increase.

<u>Senate Bill 813 (1983)</u> – SB 813 provided additional money to school districts through equalization of revenue limits and new categorical programs, longer school day/year, and higher beginning teachers' salaries. It also established statewide model curriculum standards.

<u>Lottery Initiative (1984)</u> – In November 1984, voters approved Proposition 37, a constitutional amendment establishing the California State Lottery. Provisions guarantee that a minimum of 34% of total lottery receipts be distributed to publis schools, colleges, and universitites. Funds are to supplement, not replace, State support for education. Lottery funds cannot be used for purchase or construction of facilities, for land, or research. Under Proposition 20, passed in March 2000, 50% of lottery funding above the 1997-98 funding level must be used for purchase of instructional materials.

<u>Proposition 98 (1988)</u> – This constitutional amendment guarantees a minimum funding level from State and property taxes for K-14 public schools in a complex formula based on State tax revenues. It also requires each school to prepare and publicize an annual School Accountability Report Card (SARC) that covers at least 13 required topics. A 2/3 vote of the Legislature and the Governor's signature are required to suspend Proposition 98 for a year.

<u>Proposition 111 (1990)</u> – This constitutional amendment changed the inflation index for the Gann Limit calculation, effectively raising the limit. Additionally, the minimum Proposition 98 funding guarantee was changed to reflect the growth of California's overall economy. It did so by shifting the adjustment from the growth of per capita personal income (which historically has tended to be a lower amount) to the growth in State per capita General Fund revenues plus one-half percent.

<u>Assembly Bill 1200 (1991)</u> – AB 1200 established a system for school district accounting practices that specifies how districts must report their revenues and expenditures. It requires that districts project their fiscal solvency two years out, and provide the State with Board-approved financial interim reports twice annually. County offices of education are made responsible for monitoring and providing technical assistance to their districts. AB 2756 (2004) adds to the responsibilities and control of county offices of education over the budget and expenditure reporting of local districts.

<u>Class Size Reduction, K-3 (SB 1777, 1996)</u> – This legislation provided incentives for school districts to reduce K-3 classes to a pupil-teacher ratio of no more than 20 to 1, and provided additional funding to districts that met these ratios. A one-time allocation of \$25,000 per added classroom was also made available.

<u>Senate Bill 1468 (1997)</u> – This legislation changed the way average daily attendance (ADA) is counted, largely eliminating the concept of "excused absences" and basing ADA on students who are actually at school. To ensure that districts did not lose a large proportion of their revenue, the per-pupil revenue limit rate was adjusted by the average attendance rates of each individual school district.

APPENDIX B

HOW EDUCATION IS FUNDED IN CALIFORNIA

<u>Assembly Bill 1115 (1999)</u> – Under the terms of this bill, an independent charter school is deemed a school of the chartering school district for the purposes of establishing its special education local plan ("SELPA") status unless it designates otherwise in its charter petition. As such, independent charter schools which are members of a school district's SELPA are entitled to an equitable share of special education services and funding.

<u>Assembly Bill 1600 (1999)</u> – This bill gave charter schools the option to receive funding directly from the State, rather than from their local district, in the form of a block grant.

<u>Proposition 39 (2000)</u> - This constitutional amendment established a 55% vote threshold for the issuance of school facilities construction bonds. In order to issue bonds under Proposition 39, the District must, among other things, use Proposition 39 bond funds only for those projects specifically listed in the ballot measure and strategic execution plans; create and maintain a citizens' bond oversight committee; and annually ensure that performance and financial audits are conducted for Proposition 39 facilities projects. Proposition 39 also requires the District to make offers of reasonably equivalent District school facility space to independent charter schools.

Proposition 49 (2002) - This voter initiative, otherwise known as the "The After School Education and Safety Program Act of 2002," increased state funding for before and after school programs at elementary and middle schools. Funding is provided to the District through a competitive grant process with priority given to those school sites which have a minimum of 50 percent of its student population eligible for the free and reduced lunch program. A portion of funding provided by the State under Prosition 49 satisfies the revenue limit guarantee under Proposition 98.

<u>Assembly Bill (825)</u> - Under the terms of this bill, the District receives funding for its Integration Program and for other instructional program needs as part of a targeted instructional improvement block grant.

<u>Senate Bill 1133 (Quality Education Investment Act of 2006)</u> – Adopted in 2006 as a settlement of the CTA v. Schwarzenegger et al. lawsuit, the QEIA program provides targeted funding for eligible schools in API deciles 1, 2 and 3. The funding is to be used primarily for class-size reduction purposes and overall academic achievement goals.

Education Trailer Bill - Senate Bill 4 of the 2009-10 Third Extraordinary Session (SBX3 4) – For fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13, this bill established: (1) the Categorical Program Flexibility and categorized the programs into Tiers I, II, and III and identified Tier III programs as unrestricted; (2) the public hearing requirement as a condition for receipt of Tier III funds; (3) the use of 2008-09 as the base year in calculating for most of the Tier III categorical programs and use of 2007-08 as the base year for calculating the revenue limit-related Tier III categorical programs; and (4) the use of June 30, 2008 ending balances as unrestricted funds with a few program exceptions. In addition, it also established the relaxation of K-3 Class Size Reduction penalties for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2011-12 only.

Source: This section of the budget relies heavily on information found in the *State Funding of K-12 Education* section of the State Funding of Education website, and from *EdSource*.

APPENDIX C

AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

General Description

Average Daily Attendance (ADA) is a measure of pupil attendance which is used as the basis for providing revenue to school districts, as well as a means of measuring unit costs.

Only attendance (in-seat or applicable attendance credit) is counted when calculating ADA. Generally, ADA is calculated by dividing the total number of pupil days of attendance by the number of instructional days in an ADA reporting period. An exception to this involves the use of fixed divisors (in place of the number of instructional days) in calculating ADA for Adult Education, Regional Occupational Centers, Regional Occupational Programs, Community Day Schools, and Extended School Year (Special Education-Special Day Classes (SDC) and Non-public School).

ADA Reporting Periods

First Period (P-1) This reporting period is from July 1 through the school month ending on or

before December 31. The ADA reported in this period is used by the State to estimate the amount of legally authorized revenue to school districts. It serves as a basis for State progress payments to districts during the second

semester.

Second Period (P-2) This reporting period is from July 1 through the school month ending on or

before April 15. The ADA reported in this period is used by the State to

apportion most budget year revenue to school districts.

Annual Period This reporting period is from July 1 through June 30. Annual ADA is used

primarily to develop unit program costs. The California State Lottery revenue and Revenue Limit for ADA of Community Day Schools, Special Education-SDC Extended School Year, and Non-public Schools are based on annual ADA. Up to fiscal year 2007-08, revenue for Regional Occupational Centers, Regional Occupational Programs, and Community Adult Schools were based on ADA reported in this period, but not for fiscal years 2008-09 through

2012-13 based on 2009 Budget Act's SBX3 4. The details are in Appendix F,

Revenue Limit Information.

ADA As The Basis of Revenue

Revenue Average Daily Attendance reflects the Average Daily Attendance (ADA) used to calculate the district's revenue. Generally, the basis for K-12 revenue is mostly *P-2 ADA*; while Adult Education Programs, Regional Occupational Centers, and Regional Occupational Programs revenue are based on *annual period ADA*.

For fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13, revenue for all Adult Education Programs, Regional Occupational Centers, Regional Occupational Programs, and the additional K-12 funding for Community Day Schools (All Other CDS Pupils only), is earned based on the District's 2007-08 percentage of entitlement to statewide total funding. The funding for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13 is then estimated by taking the 2007-08 percentage and applying it to each fiscal year's total statewide funding available. Absent any legislation, the State will revert to using ADA as the basis of entitlement effective fiscal year 2013-14.

The table below best describes the various types of ADA and which period the revenue is based on.

Grade Level/Program ADA	Period of Revenue ADA
K-12	P-2
Continuation Education	P-2
Opportunity School	P-2
Home & Hospital	P-2
Special Education-SDC	P-2
Special Education-SDC – Extended School Year	Annual
Community Day School (first four hours)	Annual
Community Day School (additional hours)	Annual (see above paragraph for details)
Non-public School	Annual
Non-public School-LCI	Annual
Non-public School – Extended School Year	Annual
Non-public School-LCI – Extended School Year	Annual
Regional Occupational Center/Program	Annual (see above paragraph for details)
Adult Education	Annual (see above paragraph for details)

ADA from Special Education Program includes only those generated by pupils who attend Special Day Classes in Special Education schools, regular schools, Opportunity schools or Continuation high schools, and by those who attend non-public schools. ADA of pupils in regular education classes who receive special education services on a part-time basis is included in regular K-12 ADA.

In **Adult Education Programs**, only those units of ADA earned that fall under the ten *mandated classes* may be included in the revenue calculation. These mandated courses and classes are:

- 1. Parenting
- 2. Elementary basic education in core academic areas for pupils not possessing a diploma or equivalency and to provide remedial instruction
- 3. Secondary basic education in core academic areas for pupils not possessing a diploma or equivalency and to provide remedial instruction
- 4. English-As-A-Second Language (ESL)
- 5. Citizenship

- 6. Vocational education; short-term career technical programs with high employment potential
- 7. Programs for older adults
- 8. Adults with disabilities
- 9. Home economics education
- 10. Health and safety education

A day of attendance in adult education is three hours; 525 hours (three hours per day multiplied by 175 days) equals one adult ADA. Pupil attendance may be more or less than the three hours in a day, and the adult school may operate more or less than the 175 days a year. Therefore, adult ADA is simply total hours of attendance divided by 525. If more than 175 days were offered it is possible for a student to earn more than one ADA.

AB 23 added Section 52617 in the Education Code to provide adjustments to allocation of apportionments to adult education's average daily attendance. School districts that exceed its units of authorized ADA in the two prior fiscal years shall receive a prorated amount of units available relative to the authorized ADA limit of the school district. If it fails to generate its units of authorized ADA in the two prior fiscal years, the authorized (cap) ADA shall be reduced by an amount equal to one-half of the lowest level of unearned ADA in either of the two prior fiscal years. AB23 is suspended for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13.

For fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13, the entitlement for this program is based on the funding received in 2007-08 as a percentage to the 2007-08 total statewide available funds. This same percentage is then multiplied to each fiscal year's total statewide amount to get to the entitlements for 2008-09 through 2012-13. Beginning 2013-14, the State will revert to the previous methodology of calculating the entitlement.

Regional Occupational Centers/Programs (ROC/P) are hourly programs and pupils are considered in attendance if they attend at least once during the scheduled hour. Generally, there is no limit on the number of ROC/P hours that might be earned by a single pupil. If a pupil is enrolled in ROC/P as part of a work experience program, however, the hours are capped at 15 per calendar week.

A day of attendance for pupils in a regional occupational *center* and regional occupational *program* is three hours; 525 hours is equal to one ADA.

Effective fiscal year 2008-09 through 2012-13, the entitlement for this program is now based on the funding received in 2007-08 as a percentage to the 2007-08 total statewide available funds. This same percentage is then multiplied to each fiscal year's total statewide amount to get to the entitlements for 2008-09 through 2012-13. Beginning 2013-14, the State will revert to the previous methodology of calculating the entitlement.

As part of the ROC/P, the district offers programs for apprentices which are funded by the State based on the lesser of the actual hours earned or State-approved number of hours.

AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE TABLE

	<u>2009-10</u>	<u>2010-11</u>	<u>2011-12</u>
K-12	Funded ADA	Funded ADA	Funded ADA
Regular Program			
Non-charter Schools - K-12	555,178.46	535,713.61	518,911.43
Fiscally-dependent Charter Schools – K-12	6,787.96	6,864.53	6,918.75
Fiscally-independent Charter Schools – K-12	57,033.45	62,761.20	71,562.37
Total Regular Program	618,999.87	605,339.34	597,392.55
Special Education Program			
Regular Session Classes – Non-charter Schools	26,032.86	25,652.25	25,013.21
Regular Session Classes – Fiscally-dependent Charter Schools	114.96	105.18	106.11
Regular Session Classes – Fiscally-independent Charter Schools	372.95	113.38	118.63
All Non-public Schools - Non-charter Schools*	3,432.48	3,392.93	3,378.80
Extended Session – Non-charter Schools*	1,594.15	1,605.00	1,566.80
Extended Session – Fiscally-dependent Charter Schools*	0.00	0.00	0.00
Extended Session – Fiscally-independent Charter Schools*	23.34	6.74	7.05
Total Special Education Program	31,570.74	30,875.48	30,190.60
Total K-12 Funded ADA	650,570.61	636,214.82	627,583.15

Regional Occupational Centers/Programs**

See note below for information on funding.

Adult Education**

See note below for information on funding.

Supplemental Instructional Hourly Programs***
Core Academic Program
Remedial Program – Grades 7-12

Recommended For Retention – Grades 2-9

See note below for information on funding. See note below for information on funding. See note below for information on funding.

Funded ADA is based on annual ADA

^{**} Per SBX3 4, revenue is not based on ADA but on 2007-08 percentage of District entitlement to 2007-08 statewide amount, and applying the same percentage to the current year's statewide amount.

^{***} Per SBX3 4, revenue is not based on *hours* but on 2007-08 percentage of District entitlement to 2007-08 statewide amount, and applying the same percentage to the current year's statewide amount.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND CENTERS

School Sites

The table on the following page shows the preliminary number of schools and centers budgeted for operation for the 2010-11 school year. Generally, Continuation High Schools and Magnet Centers share sites with a regular school. Most Community Adult Schools use regular secondary school facilities in late afternoon and evenings. Regional Occupational Centers are separate sites. The Regional Occupational Programs/Centers consists of a series of individual work locations identified as one school location for purpose of attendance and expenditure reporting.

Grade Level Configuration

Elementary and secondary schools have been organized with grade levels of kindergarten through sixth grade in elementary schools, sixth through eighth grade in middle schools, and ninth through twelfth grade in senior high schools. Some magnet schools follow a traditional grade configuration while others include kindergarten through the twelfth grade. Span schools include combinations of elementary and secondary grades or secondary grades only.

School Size

Individual schools vary widely in enrollment. Elementary schools range from less than 200 to more than 1,300 pupils. Middle schools and senior high schools range from less than 600 to more than 2,000 and from less than 400 to more than 4,000, respectively. Magnet schools range from less than 400 to more than 1,700 pupils. Some Magnet Centers serve less than 100 pupils although other magnet centers enroll 800 or more.

Most Special Education Schools and Opportunity High Schools have enrollments of between 100 and 300 pupils. Continuation High Schools generally have fewer than 120 pupils.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND CENTERS

	TOTAL	MULTI-TRACK	SINGLE	TRACK
K-12 Separate School Campus				Continuous
Primary School Centers	20	2	18	
Elementary Schools	449	22	427	
Middle Schools	82	3	79	
Senior High Schools	82	5	77	
Option Schools	55	0	42	13
Magnet Schools	26	0	26	
Multi-level Schools	16	1	15	
Special Education Schools	18	0	18	
Sub Total	748	33	702	13
K-12 Magnet Centers (on regular school campuses)				
Elementary	45	3	42	
Middle	48	1	47	
Senior	53	3	50	
Sub Total	146	7	139	0
Other Schools				
Community Adult Schools	24	0	24	
Regional Occupational Centers/Program	6	0	6	
Skills Centers	5	0	5	
Early Education Centers	104	0	104	
Sub Total	139	0	139	0
TOTAL	1033	40	980	13
Fiscally Independent Charter Schools				
Primary School Centers	10	1	9	
Elementary Schools	44	2	42	
Middle Schools	32	0	32	
Senior High Schools	59	0	59	
Multi-level Schools	32	0	32	
Total Charter Schools	177	3	174	0
GRAND TOTAL SCHOOLS AND CENTERS	1210	43	1154	13

Note: The above number of schools and centers includes 36 new district schools and 25 new independent charter schools opening in 2010-11 school year.

APPENDIX D

REVENUE LIMIT INFORMATION

General Description

The revenue limit is the basic financial support for District activities. The total amount generated from the revenue limit is calculated using Average Daily Attendance (ADA) of pupils and a unit rate amount expressed as dollars per unit of ADA.

There are two sources for revenue limit income, State income and local property taxes. The State portion is determined by calculating the total revenue limit, then subtracting the amount available from local property taxes. For the District in 2010-11, it is estimated that the State portion of the revenue limit income comprises 41% of the total General Fund revenue.

Per 2009 Budget Act SBX3 4, categorical programs are classified into Tiers I, II, and III which identifies whether a categorical program is subject to a reduction, if any, and program flexibility. The Categorical Programs associated with the revenue limit are in Tiers II and III. The Apprenticeship Program is included in Tier II, while the Supplemental Instructional Hourly Programs, Community Day School Additional Funding (All Other CDS Pupils only), Regional Occupational Centers/Program, and Adult Education are included in Tier III. These programs use 2007-08 entitlement as the base year when estimating the entitlements for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13. Other Tier II and Tier III Categorical Programs not listed on this paragraph use 2008-09 entitlement as the base year. Beginning 2013-14, the State will revert back to the previous method of calculating the entitlements for all categorical programs.

Revenue Limit Calculations

The revenue limit calculations are based on the Governor's 2010-11 May Revise Budget.

K-12 Revenue Limit

The 2010-11 budget calls for a cost of living allowance (COLA) of -0.39%, a decrease of 4.64% from the 2009-10 statutory COLA of 4.25%. The 2010-11 COLA is reduced by an 18.355% deficit which results to a -0.39% effective COLA.

In addition, the district has provided a 3.85% reduction to the undeficited revenue limit to reflect the \$1.5 billion budget cut at the State level which was originally directed to school districts as administrative cut. School districts are now given the discretion as to how to apply this revenue limit cut.

The revenue limit rate per ADA is calculated as follows:

2009-10 Base Revenue Limit Per ADA	\$6,387.56
2010-11 COLA	-25.00
2010-11 Equalization	0.00
2010-11 Revenue Limit Deficit	- 1,167.85
2010-11 Additional Revenue Limit Reduction	-244.96
2010-11 Base Revenue Limit Per ADA	\$4,949.75

APPENDIX D

REVENUE LIMIT INFORMATION

Special Education

The *base revenue limit per ADA* for Special Education reflects the same COLA and deficit as the K-12 revenue limit. In addition, Special Education funding is provided through the AB602 formula using total SELPA ADA. A -0.38% COLA was applied for 2010-11.

Meals For Needy Pupils

Beginning Teacher Salary

The calculation for the Meals For Needy Program and Beginning Teachers Salary Incentive Funding has changed. Per AB851, beginning 2010-11, both entitlements are now based on funding received in 2007-08 divided by the 2007-08 revenue limit ADA, reduced by the current year -0.39% COLA, multiplied by the revenue limit ADA and deficit factor.

Supplemental Instructional Hourly Programs SB813 provides a formula beginning in 1984-85 for funding Summer School programs based on hours of attendance rather than ADA for proficiency classes, mathematics, science, and other academic courses. Since these programs may be offered at various times during the school year and not only during summer, they are now referred to as "Supplemental Instructional Hourly Programs."

The 2010-11 entitlement was estimated by taking the 2007-08 entitlement as a percentage to total 2007-08 statewide available funding, multiplying the percentage to the 2009-10 statewide available funding, and reduced by the -0.38% COLA provided for 2010-11.

Per 2009 Budget Act SBX3 4, the Supplemental Instructional Hourly Programs are part of the Tier III Categorical Programs. Therefore, the district is given flexibility as to use of funds.

Community Day School Additional Funding

There is no change in the calculation of the "Mandatory Expelled Pupils" portion of the additional funding.

The 2010-11 entitlement for "All Other CDS Pupils" was estimated by taking the 2007-08 entitlement as a percentage to total 2007-08 statewide available funding, multiplying the percentage to the 2009-10 statewide available funding, and reduced by the -0.38% COLA provided for 2010-11.

Per 2009 Budget Act SBX3 4, the Community Day School Additional Funding for "All Other CDS Pupils" is part of the Tier III Categorical Programs. Therefore, the district is given the flexibility as to use of funds.

Apprenticeship Programs

Applying the 2010-11 COLA of -0.38%, this program is estimated to be funded at \$5.04 per hour times the estimated funded hours. There is no flexibility as to use of funds for this program.

APPENDIX D

REVENUE LIMIT INFORMATION

Regional Occupational Centers/Programs/ Skills Centers

The 2010-11 entitlement was estimated by taking the 2007-08 entitlement as a percentage to total 2007-08 statewide available funding, multiplying the percentage to the 2009-10 statewide available funding, and reduced by the -0.38% COLA provided for 2010-11.

Per 2009 Budget Act SBX3 4, the ROC/P Program is part of the Tier III Categorical Programs. Therefore, the district is given the flexibility as to use of funds.

Adult Education

The 2010-11 entitlement was estimated by taking the 2007-08 entitlement as a percentage to total 2007-08 statewide available funding, multiplying the percentage to the 2009-10 statewide available funding, and reduced by the -0.38% COLA provided for 2010-11.

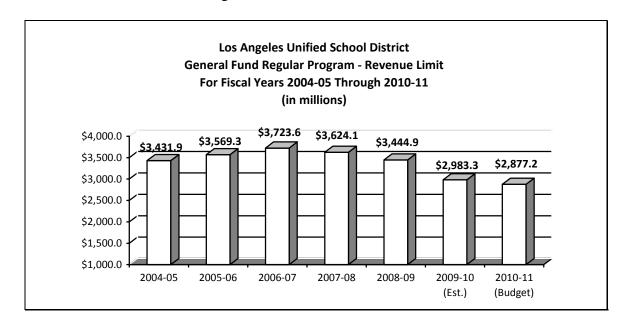
Per 2009 Budget Act SBX3 4, the Adult Education Program is part of the Tier III Categorical Programs. Therefore, the district is given the flexibility as to use of funds.

Appendix E

LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

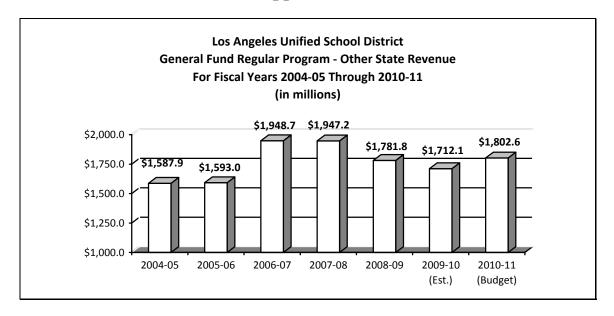
MAJOR REVENUE SOURCES – GENERAL FUND REGULAR PROGRAM AND SPECIALLY-FUNDED PROGRAMS

The Revenue Limit is the single largest funding source to the General Fund, Regular Program. Revenue Limit entitlement is based on Average Daily Attendance (A.D.A.) and funding is comprised of State apportionment and Local Property Tax revenues. These are general purpose revenues. The primary factors impacting Revenue Limit funding are: (1) A.D.A., (2) the State cost of living adjustment (COLA), (3) State deficit factor that may be applied when available State revenues are insufficient to provide a full COLA, (4) the State's general economic status, and (5) the State's declining enrollment provisions, which allow districts with declining enrollment to use prior year A.D.A. in calculating its Revenue Limit entitlement. 2010-11 Revenue Limit funding is expected to decline due to the negative 0.39% COLA, additional 3.85% reduction to Revenue Limit, and the District's own declining A.D.A.

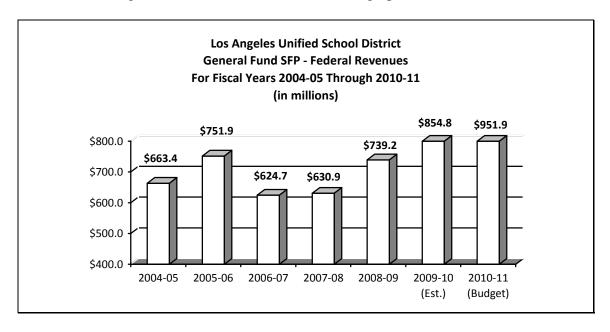


Other State Revenue sources include funding for programs intended to benefit specific categories of students, as well as general purpose income. Other State Revenues include sources such as the California State Lottery, which has very few limitations as to use, and categorical programs which are limited very specifically to qualifying students. The primary factors impacting Other State Revenues funding are: (1) the State's financial condition; (2) the COLA; and (3) the District's student program participation and ADA, which determine program eligibility and funding allocation for many programs. State categorical programs receive -0.38% COLA in 2010-11. Other State Revenues will decline in 2010-11 due primarily to the State's continued unstable economy and the District's own declining enrollment.

Appendix E

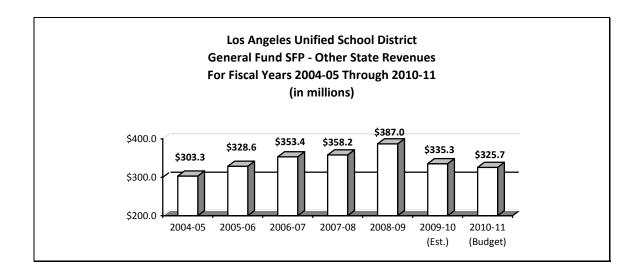


Federal funding is the largest component of the General Fund – Specially-Funded Programs (SFP), which includes categorical (restricted) grants and entitlements. The largest single component of SFP federal revenue is ESEA – Title I, which is provided to the District based on U.S. Census poverty data to compensate for the educational disadvantages of poverty. The District's major federal fund entitlements, including Title I, Title II for highly qualified teachers and education technology, and Title III for English Learners have declined since 2006-07. Other federal sources provide funding for after school programs and preschool for special education students. Most federal programs include requirements that the funds be expended only for qualifying students, and prohibit their use to supplant District funding. Federal funding is expected to increase 11% in 2010-11. The primary factors impacting General Fund – SFP federal revenue are: (1) the Federal education budget, specially the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (stimulus) funding; and (2) the District's student demographics.



Appendix E

Other State Revenues is a second major source of categorical (restricted) funding included in the District's General Fund – SFP budget. Other State categorical revenues include Economic Impact Aid, intended to address the educational impact of poverty and of English language acquisition, and other programs intended to meet specific needs or to benefit specific categories of students. Most State categorical funding includes requirements that the funds be used only for qualifying students and prohibit their use to supplant District funding. State funding is expected to decrease 3% in 2010-11. The primary factors impacting Other State Revenues funding are: (1) the State's financial condition, which influences its ability to fund programs; (2) the COLA; and (3) the District's student population, which determines eligibility for many programs.



APPENDIX E

MAJOR REVENUE STREAMS

I. GENERAL FUND-REGULAR PROGRAM

The District's General Fund-Regular Program revenue budget is comprised of a variety of federal, state, and local resources. In the current budget year, 2010-11, Federal funding represents approximately 4.15% of total General Fund-Regular Program income sources, State funding at approximately 77.46%, and local sources (including local property taxes, other financing sources such as certificates of participation, and contributions) at approximately 18.38%.

Following is an assessment of the most important revenue streams, including the allocation basis, allowable uses, and a history of actual and budgeted revenues, along with the assumptions used in calculating 2010-11 revenues and trend data.

The most important single funding source in the General Fund-Regular Program is the K-12 Revenue Limit, which in 2010-11 is expected to provide 57.40% of total General Fund,-Regular Program revenues. Federal and State Special Education funding are the second largest sources at 10.63%, while the Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant (TIIBG) is third at 9.12%. A wide variety of General Fund-Regular Program sources provides the remaining 22.85%.

All amounts in the tables that follow are in millions of dollars. 2009-10 figures are based on the District's Third Period Interim Financial Report, reflecting estimated revenues as of April 30, 2010.

K-12 REVENUE LIMIT

<u>Source</u>: Revenue Limit funding is comprised of a combination of State revenues and Local Property Tax revenues which are allocated by the State.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: The Revenue Limit is the largest single General Fund revenue item. It provides 57.40% of the total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Revenue Limit funds are general purpose revenues which are allocated to school districts on the basis of Average Daily Attendance (A.D.A.). Until 1998-99, excused absences were included in the computation of A.D.A.; however, with the passage of SB 727, excused absences were eliminated from revenue A.D.A., and the amount per A.D.A. was increased to offset the loss of revenue previously resulting from excused absences.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: Revenue Limit funding is ongoing, but as with all State funding sources, the statutory COLA may be reduced, withheld, or even deficited during periods of economic downturn.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Because the District's enrollment is expected to decline in 2010-11, it is allowed to use the prior year A.D.A. in calculating its revenue limit entitlement. In 2010-11,

the Revenue Limit COLA is funded at -0.39%, a deficit rate of 18.355% is applied, and an additional decrease of 3.85% of the undeficited revenue limit was applied.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$3,624.1	\$3,444.9	\$2,983.3	\$2,877.2

SPECIAL EDUCATION

<u>Source</u>: Special education revenues are mostly provided through a combination of federal and state funds. Because the combined federal and state funding stream is insufficient to cover the excess costs of the special education program, general program support ("encroachment") is essential to the maintenance of the special education program in the Los Angeles Unified School District, and in all districts statewide.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Special Education revenue including the special education transportation but excluding the special education revenue limit, comprises 11.43% of total General Fund, Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget. This includes the usual Federal IDEA and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) IDEA funding for Local Assistance Entitlement and a prior year adjustment to 2009-10 Special Disabilities Adjustment funding.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Assembly Bill (AB) 602, which became law in 1997, fundamentally revised the State's basis for funding special education. Whereas the Instructional Personnel Services Unit (I.P.S.U.) approach utilized under the former Special Education Master Plan provided funding based on the numbers of identified special education students, AB 602 provides funding on the basis of district-wide average daily attendance (A.D.A.). Additional funding streams are provided for extremely high-cost nonpublic school students, for districts with high percentages of other unusually high-cost special education students, and for students requiring special equipment or supplies to compensate for low-incidence handicapping conditions. Amounts shown below include special education transportation revenues. Non-special education transportation revenues are included in the Transportation category.

Onetime/Ongoing: Special Education income is an ongoing funding source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: AB602 calculation reflects the -0.38% COLA. The 2010-11 budget includes the estimated 2009-10 entitlement for Special Disabilities Program which the District anticipates to receive in 2010-11 in the amount of \$20.4 million.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$740.6	552.5	\$642.8	\$573.1

TARGETED INSTRUCTIONAL IMPROVEMENT BLOCK GRANT

Source: Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant revenue is provided by the State.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant revenue comprises 9.12% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant (T.I.I.B.G.) funding is allocated to districts on the basis of amount previously received, adjusted for growth and the statutory cost of living adjustment (C.O.L.A.). For the budget year, the -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 funding.

T.I.I.B.G. replaced the former mandated cost reimbursement for court-ordered and voluntary desegregation activities in 2002-03, with T.I.I.B.G. revenue provided as a State grant. By statute, T.I.I.B.G. money is intended (1) to maintain District court-ordered and voluntary desegregation efforts; and (2) if additional funds are available, to meet the needs of underachieving schools. Supplemental Grants funding had been provided as a means of improving the equity in categorical funding across school districts. The Los Angeles Unified School District did not participate in Supplemental Grant funding.

Per SBX3 4, this program, being part of the Tier III categorical programs, is unrestricted as to use for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: The Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant is an ongoing funding source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$575.7	\$486.0	\$459.0	\$457.2

CLASS SIZE REDUCTION PROGRAM – GRADES K-3 (K-3 CSR)

Source: Class Size Reduction funding for Grades K-3 is provided by the State.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Class Size Reduction – K-3 revenue comprises 3.13% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget. This includes prior year entitlement of \$7.2 million anticipated to be received in 2010-11 as an adjustment to 2009-10 entitlement.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Normally, Districts receive an amount per student for grade K-3 classrooms operating with 20 or fewer students, computed on an annualized basis by classroom. As part of the flexibilities included in the State budget, SBX3 4 has changed the range of class sizes allowed and the corresponding penalty percentages. The District is implementing this program at 24:1 ratio.

Onetime/Ongoing: Class-Size Reduction Program – K-3 income is an ongoing funding source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 rate per participating K-3 pupil to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement. The number of students in District non-charter schools in grades K-3 is expected to decline by 2,327 between 2009-10 and 2010-11.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$199.7	\$195.4	\$153.0	\$164.2

SB 1133 – QUALITY EDUCATION INVESTMENT ACT

<u>Source</u>: The Quality Education Investment Act (QEIA) was created as a result of the settlement of the *CTA v. Schwarzenegger* lawsuit. QEIA provides funding beginning in 2008-09 and extending through 2013-14 for schools meeting the qualifications to remain within the program.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: QEIA revenue comprises 2.67% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Funds are provided to deciles 1 and 2 schools selected as part of a random lottery of schools applying for these funds. Only schools that existed in the California Department of Education's records were eligible to apply. Funds are intended primarily to improve student achievement at low-performing schools by reducing class size. 15% of QEIA funds were made available to schools submitting alternative plans. In 2007-08, funding for planning purposes was provided at the rate of \$333 per pupil in grades K-3, \$600 per pupil in grades 4-8, and \$667 per pupil in grades 9-12; beginning in 2008-09 and continuing through the conclusion of the program funding will be provided at \$500, \$900, and \$1,000 per student, respectively. Funding is based on prior year CBEDS enrollment.

Onetime/Ongoing: QEIA funding is considered an ongoing source of revenue.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: District schools selected as part of the random lottery have been funded at the appropriate rates per pupil.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$102.2	\$144.9	\$138.7	\$133.9

CALIFORNIA STATE LOTTERY

<u>Source</u>: The California State Lottery was through the passage of Proposition 37 by California voters in November of 1984. California State Lottery is a State funding source.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: California State Lottery revenue comprises 1.70% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Funds are provided to school districts on the basis of lottery sales and A.D.A. On April 8, 2010, the Legislature passed AB142 which requires that not less than 37% of the annual revenues from the sale of lottery tickets be distributed to education. Lottery funds must be expended for instructional purposes, and may not be used for land, building repair, construction, or research. Under Proposition 20, passed by the voters in March of 2000, 50% of new lottery revenues above the 1997-98 level must be utilized for purchase of instructional materials.

Onetime/Ongoing: California State Lottery is considered an ongoing source of revenue. However, it is more subject than many revenue sources to upward and downward swings, as individuals decide whether and at what level to participate in lottery games.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The District estimates that lottery funding will be received at the rate of \$125.50 per ADA in 2009-10. Of this amount, Proposition 20 guidelines require that \$14.50 per ADA be utilized for instructional materials.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$98.0	\$86.8	\$89.5	\$85.4

INTERFUND TRANSFERS BETWEEN GENERAL FUND AND VARIOUS OTHER FUNDS

<u>Source</u>: This revenue item results from transfers of funds to the General Fund from other District funds. The source of funding for the transfers is a combination of Federal, State, and local revenues.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Interfund Transfers comprise 0.10% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: This item is comprised of transfers to the General Fund from other District funds:

• <u>Special Reserve Fund:</u> Funds are transferred between the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund as required by the *California School Accounting Manual*.

Onetime/Ongoing: The Interfund transfer is a one-time revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The need for Interfund transfers is determined based upon State law and the financial status of the individual Funds.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$99.9	\$62.1	\$67.2	\$4.8

ROC/SKILLS CENTERS ENTITLEMENT

<u>Source</u>: This is a State funding source, which provides the basic support for the District's Regional Occupational Centers/Skills Centers program.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: ROC/Skills Centers revenue entitlement comprises 0.97% of total General Fund, Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Normally, funds are allocated on a per-ADA basis. Funding for base ADA is capped and funding of ADA in excess of the cap is generally not funded unless statewide funding for this purpose is available. Per SBX3 4, for 2008-09 through 2012-13, the entitlement is not based on ADA but on the District's percentage of 2007-08 funding to the 2007-08 statewide funding. This same percentage is applied to the statewide available funding to estimate each fiscal year's entitlement. For the current budget year, the program received the 2010-11 COLA of -0.38%. Generally, funds are intended to be utilized for ROP and ROC/Skills Centers. Per SBX3 4, this entitlement, being part of the Tier III categorical programs, is unrestricted as to use for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13.

Onetime/Ongoing: The ROC/P and Skills Center entitlement is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: ROC/P entitlement received the -0.38% COLA. In addition to this entitlement, the District receives funding for the ROC-Adults With Disabilities and the Apprenticeship programs as well. The amounts indicated in the table below reflects the ROC/P entitlement only.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$61.7	\$62.2	\$53.6	\$48.5

MULTI-TRACK YEAR-ROUND EDUCATION

<u>Source</u>: This is a State funding source, intended to provide additional funds to districts that utilize year-round calendars to increase the number of classroom seats available, thereby reducing the need for the State to fund the construction of additional schools.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Multi-Track Year-Round Education revenue comprises 0.55% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Funding is provided on the basis of a complex excess capacity calculation that includes consideration of projected enrollment, school site acreage, and other factors. Multi-Track Year-Round Education Grants are considered to be an unrestricted funding source. A portion of the funding is allocated to schools for additional custodial time, resources for traveling teachers, supplemental discretionary allocations, and other purposes; the remainder is treated as general purpose revenue.

Onetime/Ongoing: Multi-Track Year-Round Education funding is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: This funding is being phased out by the State with the last apportionment occurring in 2011-12.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$89.2	\$60.1	\$42.6	\$27.7

SCHOOL AND LIBRARY IMPROVEMENT BLOCK GRANT

Source: This is a State funding source.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: The School and Library Improvement Block Grant comprises 0.87% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: The -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement. Per SBX3 4, this entitlement, being part of the Tier III categorical programs, is unrestricted as to use for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: School and Library Improvement Block Grant funding is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: This funding source is provided based on a per-pupil rate, based on the prior year's CBEDS enrollment.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$54.8	\$46.1	\$43.6	\$43.4

INTEREST INCOME

<u>Source</u>: Interest income is considered a local funding source. It represents the interest earned on cash surpluses throughout the fiscal year.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Interest revenue comprises 0.53% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: The use of these funds is controlled by the source of the cash on which the interest was earned. For example, interest earned on available textbook money is limited to the purchase of textbooks. Much of the interest income earned by the District is general purpose in nature.

Onetime/Ongoing: Interest income is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The amount of interest income is dependent upon the day-by-day level of cash invested and the prevailing interest rates.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$62.7	\$41.2	\$21.0	\$26.5

TRANSPORTATION

<u>Source</u>: This is a State funding source, provided to partially offset the cost of home-to-school transportation of students. The State's special education transportation allowance is included in the Special Education Revenue section.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Transportation revenue comprises 0.72% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: School districts are entitled to the lesser of their prior fiscal year's approved home-to-school expenses or their prior fiscal year's home-to-school entitlement, and adjusted for COLA, if any. For the budget year, the -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement. These are general purpose funds.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: Transportation funding is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The 2010-11 -0.38% COLA was applied to 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$45.1	\$45.1	\$36.1	\$36.0

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUNDING REALIGNMENT PROGRAM

<u>Source</u>: This is a State funding source. In 2002-03, in order to increase expenditure flexibility, the State folded a variety of resources provided for textbooks, library books, and materials into a single block grant appropriation (in previous budget documents this was referred to as the Instructional Materials Block Grant). The Instructional Materials Realignment Program replaced the following programs:

- Grades K-12 Schiff-Bustamante Standards-Based Instructional Materials Program
- State Instructional Materials Program K-8
- State Instructional Materials Program 9-12
- Classroom Library Materials Act of 1999 K-4.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program revenue comprises 0.71% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: For the budget year, the -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement. Per SBX3 4, funds are now unrestricted as to use from 2008-09 through 2012-13.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program funding is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$45.9	\$37.7	\$35.6	\$35.4

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

<u>Source</u>: This is a State funding source. In 2006-07, three State-funded programs were consolidated into a single Professional Development Block Grant. These programs were:

- Instructional Time and Staff Development Reform ("Staff Development Buyback")
- Teaching as a Priority
- Inter-segmental Programs (College Readiness, Comprehensive Teacher Education Institutes).

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: The Professional Development Block Grant comprises 0.46% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: The Professional Development Block Grant is intended to provide K-6 teachers with "opportunities to participate in professional development activities in reading/language arts/English language development." For the budget year, the -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement. Per SBX3 4, funds are now unrestricted as to use from 2008-09 through 2012-13.

Onetime/Ongoing: The Professional Development Block Grant is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement.

2007-08 actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$29.2	\$24.6	\$23.2	\$23.1

MIDDLE AND HIGH SCHOOL SUPPLEMENTAL SCHOOL COUNSELING

Source: This is a State funding source.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund Revenue</u>: Middle and High School Supplemental School Counseling revenue comprises 0.33% of total General Fund-Regular Program income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: For the budget year, the -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement. Per SBX3 4, funds are now unrestricted as to use from 2008-09 through 2012-13. Counselors are required to review individual student records, meet with pupils and parents to explain student records, educational options, coursework, progress, and needs related to the California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE), and perform other tasks related to academic counseling.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: Middle and High School Supplemental School Counseling funding is an ongoing revenue source.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The -0.38% COLA was applied to the 2009-10 entitlement to estimate the 2010-11 entitlement.

2007-08 actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$21.3	\$17.6	\$18.2	\$16.6

II. GENERAL FUND, SPECIALLY-FUNDED PROGRAMS (SFP)

The District's General Fund, Specially-Funded Programs revenue budget is comprised of a variety of federal, state, and local resources. In the most recently completed fiscal year, 2009-10, Federal funding represented approximately 70% of total General Fund, SFP income sources, State funding approximately 28%, and local sources (including other financing sources such as certificates of participation) approximately 2%.

Following is an assessment of the most important revenue streams, including the allocation basis, allowable uses, and a history of budgeted and actual revenues, along with the assumptions used in calculating 2010-11 revenues and trend data.

<u>ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT (ESEA) – TITLE I – Basic and Neglected</u>

<u>Source</u>: ESEA – Title I funding is a federal funding source. ESEA was amended by the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund SFP Income</u>: ESEA – Title I is the largest General Fund, SFP revenue source. It provides 34.2% of the total General Fund, SFP income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: ESEA – Title I funding is provided to the District based on U.S. Census poverty data. The District then allocates these resources to schools based primarily on the number and percentage of students eligible for free and reduced price meals. Federal guidelines require that these funds be expended only for qualifying students, and prohibit using Title I revenues to supplant District funding.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: ESEA – Title I funding is onetime in nature, but federal statutes permit districts to carry forward a maximum of 15% of their year-end balance into the subsequent fiscal year for reallocation.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The District's 2010-11 Title I funding is projected to decrease 1% from FY 2009-10 levels. The District's eligibility for funding is based upon the available federal dollars and the number of District students qualifying under program criteria.

	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
Entitlement	\$393.6	\$393.6	\$369.5	\$355.5
Carryover	\$78.6	\$78.6	\$78.0	\$87.5
Total	\$472.2	\$472.2	\$447.5	\$443.0

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT (ESEA) – TITLE I Basic & Neglected – American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (Stimulus)

<u>Source</u>: ESEA – Title I is a federal funding source. The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) provided \$10 billion in new funding for programs under Title I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund SFP Income</u>: Title I Stimulus funding will provide 17.6 of total general fund, specially-funded program revenue in FY 2010-11.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Similar to Title I Regular funds, Title I Stimulus funds are allocated to schools based primarily on the number and percentage of students eligible for free and reduced price meals. The same limitations and restrictions that apply to Title I Regular apply to Title I Stimulus funding. In addition, four principals guide the use of all ARRA funds, including Title I: (1) spend funds quickly to save and create jobs; (2) improve student achievement through school improvement and reform; (3) ensure transparency, reporting and accountability; and (4) invest one-time ARRA funds thoughtfully to minimize the "funding cliff".

Onetime/Ongoing: Title I Basic and Neglected funds are FY 2010-11 funds. They are one-time in nature, but may be carried over into FY 2010-11 subject to the carryover limitation in section 1127 of the ESEA.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The District has applied through the California Department of Education for waivers from the following six ARRA Title I fund requirements, and assumes the waivers will be granted:

- (a) A school in improvement's responsibility to spend 10 percent of its Title I funds on professional development.
- (b) An LEA in improvement's responsibility to spend 10 percent of its Title I allocation on professional development
- (c) An LEA's obligation to spend an amount equal to at least 20 percent of its Title I allocation on transportation for public school choice and on Supplemental Educational Services (SES)
- (d) An LEA's responsibility to calculate the per-pupil amount for SES based on an LEA's FY 2009 allocation.
- (e) The prohibition on limiting carryover waivers approvals to once every three years
- (f) The Title I maintenance of effort requirement.

	FY 2009-10 3rd Interim	FY 2010-11 Budget
Entitlement	\$142.9	\$180.8
Carryover	\$0.0	\$47.0
Total	\$142.9	\$228.0

ECONOMIC IMPACT AID (EIA)

<u>Source</u>: Economic Impact Aid is a State funding source. The District allocates its EIA resources between State Compensatory Education programs, which are similar in nature to Title I, services for Limited English Proficient and Economically Disadvantaged students.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund SFP Income</u>: Economic Impact Aid is the largest General Fund, SFP State revenue source. It provides 14.3 % of the total General Fund, SFP income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: The Economic Impact Aid funding formula was recently revised to include the number of English Learners as well as the same poverty criteria used to determine Title I entitlements. State guidelines generally require that these funds be restricted to qualifying students, and prohibit supplanting of District funding.

Onetime/Ongoing: Economic Impact Aid funding is ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Economic Impact Aid entitlements have been severely impacted by the State's budget crisis and are expected to decrease by 11% in FY2010-11.

	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
Entitlement	\$176.1	\$158.4	\$137.9	\$120.7
Carryover	\$95.9	\$57.0	\$70.8	\$64.5
Total	\$272.0	\$215.4	\$208.7	\$185.2

AFTER SCHOOL EDUCATION AND SAFETY PROGRAM (ASES) & 21st CENTURY COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTER GRANTS (CCLC)

<u>Source</u>: The District has been operating after school programs funded by California's After School Education & Safety Act since 1999. These comprehensive programs have the objective of keeping children safe in the before- and after-school hours and providing them with academic enrichment, homework centers and a range of cultural, development, and recreational activities.

In addition, the federally-funded 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program has provided resources for after school services in grades K-12 since 1996. These five-year grants help students in schools serving high-poverty areas by providing services to reinforce and complement the academic program.

In 2002, California voters passed Proposition 49 to increase the state's investment in after school programs. Programs previously funded with 21st CCLC monies are now funded by the After School Education and Safety Act effective January 2007.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund SFP Income</u>: ASES and CCLC comprise approximately 7.5% of the total General Fund, SFP budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: CCLC funds are restricted to schools that meet eligibility requirements for Title I Schoolwide programs. Core funding for elementary and middle schools is based on the expected number of students to be served.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: Funding is available on a competitive basis, with successful applicants receiving five one-year grants. It is important to note that, after the second year, the CDE may reduce funding of programs in which actual participation is significantly below projected attendance levels.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The 2010-11 Final Budget assumes that, as a result of the State fiscal crisis, revenues will be reduced by 11%.

	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
Entitlement	\$95.9	\$99.2	\$101.3	\$93.7
Carryover	\$27.5	\$8.1	\$7.6	\$3.1
Total	\$123.4	\$107.3	\$108.9	\$96.9

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT (ESEA) – TITLE IIA – High Quality Teachers

Source: ESEA – Title IIA funding is a federal funding source.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund SFP Income</u>: ESEA – Title IIA provides 5.2% of the total General Fund, SFP income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: ESEA – Title IIA funding is provided to the District based on 2001-02 class size reduction and professional development funding levels, as well as poverty and census data. It is limited to teacher and principal training and recruitment programs. ESEA funds may not supplant District funding.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: ESEA – Title IIA funding is considered onetime in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The Final Budget assumes that Title IIA funding is expected to decrease 4% in 2010-11. Title IIA funding is dependent on the amount of funding made available in the 2009-10 federal education budget.

	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
Entitlement	\$56.3	56.0	54.5	\$52.6
Carryover	\$3.9	7.3	\$15.9	\$15.2
Total	\$60.2	\$63.3	\$70.4	\$67.8

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT (ESEA) – TITLE III – Limited English Proficient Students

<u>Source</u>: ESEA – Title III funding is a federal funding source.

<u>Percent of Total General Fund SFP Income</u>: ESEA – Title III provides 3.8% of the total General Fund, SFP income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: ESEA – Title III funding is provided to the District based on the number of limited English proficient students. Funds may be used for English language development instruction and professional development.

Onetime/Ongoing: ESEA – Title III funding is onetime in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The FY 2010-11 budget assumes a 4% decrease in Title III funding. The District's revenue projection is based upon the number of qualifying students and the amount of funding made available in the 2010-11 federal education budget.

	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
Entitlement	\$27.1	\$24.3	\$22.8	\$19.9
Carryover	\$13.1	\$12.2	\$23.8	\$28.9
Total	\$40.2	\$36.5	\$46.7	\$48.7

III. OTHER FUNDS

The District's other funds revenue budgets are comprised of a variety of federal, state, and local resources. Following is an assessment of the most important revenue streams including the allocation basis, allowable uses, and a history of budgeted and actual revenues.

OPERATING FUNDS

ADULT EDUCATION FUND ENTITLEMENT

Source: The Adult Education Fund's major revenue source is from the State.

<u>Percent of Total Adult Education Fund Revenue</u>: It provides 98.91% of total Adult Education Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget. For the budget year, it is recognized in the General Fund as it is now considered as unrestricted revenue per the flexibilities allowed in SBX3 4.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Generally, Adult Education Fund entitlement is provided to the District based on A.D.A. earned in the Adult Education Program. Per SBX3 4, for 2008-09 through 2012-13, the entitlement is not based on ADA but on the District's percentage of 2007-08 funding to the 2007-08 statewide funding. This same percentage is to be applied to the statewide available funding to estimate each fiscal year's entitlement. For the current budget year, the program received the 2010-11 COLA of -0.38%.

By State law, Adult Education Fund cannot be utilized to support any other fund of the District, nor can the General Fund support the Adult Education Fund. Per SBX3 4, this program, being part of the Tier III categorical programs, is unrestricted as to use for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13.

Onetime/Ongoing: Adult Education Fund entitlement is ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Adult Education Fund entitlement received the -0.38% COLA in 2010-11. Out of this entitlement, the ROC/P program of the General Fund received \$10.6 million subsidy as authorized by Education Code Section 52501.5(b), and \$16.3 million as additional support to the General Fund. For the 2010-11 budget below, the amount shown is after the total support to the General Fund.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$195.1	\$163.0	\$168.3	\$135.7

CAFETERIA FUND – Federal Special Assistance Program

Source: Cafeteria Fund – Federal Special Assistance Program is a federal funding source.

<u>Percent of Total Cafeteria Fund Revenue</u>: Federal Special Assistance Program funds provide 76.26% of total Cafeteria Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Cafeteria Fund Federal Special Assistance Program funds are provided to the District based on free, reduced price, and full price meals claimed under the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs. Funds shall be used only for the operation and improvement of the District's child nutrition programs.

Onetime/Ongoing: Federal Special Assistance Program funds are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Federal Special Assistance Program funds are based on an anticipated decline in overall participation in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs due to a decline in the District's enrollment.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$144.7	\$159.2	\$160.3	\$235.7

CAFETERIA FUND – Food Service Sales

<u>Source</u>: Cafeteria Fund – Food Service Sales are considered a local funding source.

<u>Percent of Total Cafeteria Fund Revenue</u>: Food Service Sales provide 4.57% of total Cafeteria Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Food Service Sales are retained within the Cafeteria Fund for the purpose of child nutrition in District schools.

Onetime/Ongoing: Food Service Sales funds are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Food Service Sales funds reflect revenues from meals served to students in the reduced and full price eligibility categories.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$16.3	\$15.0	\$12.4	\$14.1

CAFETERIA FUND – State Child Nutrition Program

Source: Cafeteria Fund – State Child Nutrition Program is a State funding source.

<u>Percent of Total Cafeteria Fund Revenue</u>: State Child Nutrition Program funds provide 5.53% of total Cafeteria Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Funding is provided to the District based on free, reduced price, and full price meals claimed under the Child and Adult Care Food Program. Funds are to be used only for administrative and operational costs associated with the program.

Onetime/Ongoing: Cafeteria Fund State Child Nutrition Program funds are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Cafeteria Fund State Child Nutrition Program funding is projected based on numbers of meals to be served.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$11.7	\$11.8	\$11.8	\$17.1

CHILD DEVELOPMENT FUND – Early Education Centers Apportionments

Source: Early Education Center Apportionments are State funding sources.

<u>Percent of Total Child Development Fund Revenue</u>: Early Education Center Apportionments provides 69.57% of total Child Development Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Early Education Center Apportionments are provided to the District based on Child Days of Enrollment (CDE).

Onetime/Ongoing: Early Education Center Apportionments are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Child Days of Enrollment for purposes of this apportionment are expected to total 2,781,319 in 2010-11.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$84.2	\$86.6	\$82.3	\$92.5

CHILD DEVELOPMENT FUND - Federal Block Grant

Source: Early Education Center Federal Block Grant is a federal funding source.

<u>Percent of Total Child Development Fund Revenue</u>: Federal Block Grant funds provide 20.77% of total Child Development Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Early Education Center Federal Block Grant funds are provided to the District based on Child Days of Enrollment.

Onetime/Ongoing: Children's Center Federal Block Grant is ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The State COLA and offsetting deficit factor were both applied to these funds. Child Days of Attendance for purposes of this apportionment are expected to total 1,018,744 in 2010-11.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$15.2	\$15.2	\$27.6	\$27.6

DEFERRED MAINTENANCE FUND – State Deferred Maintenance Allowance

<u>Source</u>: Deferred Maintenance Fund – State Deferred Maintenance Allowance is a State funding source.

<u>Percent of Total Deferred Maintenance Fund Revenue</u>: State Deferred Maintenance Allowance provides no Deferred Maintenance Fund income in this fund but it is estimated in the General Fund based on SBX3 4 flexibilities in 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: When it is provided by the State, Deferred Maintenance Allowance income is retained within the Deferred Maintenance Fund for the purpose of funding major maintenance projects in District schools. For 2010-11, it is estimated in the General Fund as part of the SBX3 4 flexibilities at \$24.8 million.

Onetime/Ongoing: State Deferred Maintenance Allowance funds are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: State Deferred Maintenance Allowance funds are usually allocated in the State Budget subject to a dollar-for-dollar District matching effort. These funds were included in the Governor's 2010-11 May Revision Budget but the district is not providing for any match as it is not required.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$28.9	\$24.5	\$0	\$0

DEFERRED MAINTENANCE FUND – Other Financing Sources – Interfund Transfers

<u>Source</u>: Deferred Maintenance Fund – Other Financing Sources – Interfund Transfers are considered a local funding source.

<u>Percent of Total Deferred Maintenance Fund Revenue</u>: Interfund Transfers provide no Deferred Maintenance Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Interfund Transfers, if any, reflect the District matching portion of the Deferred Maintenance Fund. Their use is limited to funding major maintenance projects in District schools.

Onetime/Ongoing: Interfund Transfers are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Interfund Transfers are allocated on the basis of a 100% match to State deferred maintenance allowances. Amounts not utilized during the fiscal year are retained in the County Treasury, and may be used in subsequent years to reduce the District's General Fund matching requirement. Although State Deferred Maintenance Allowance funding is included in the Governor's 2009-10 May Revision budget, no District matching funds are provided in the Final Budget. The match is not required for fiscal years 2008-09 through 2012-13.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$31.0	\$30.0	\$0.9	\$0

<u>CAPITAL FACILITIES ACCOUNT FUND – Developer Fees</u>

Source: Developer Fees are a local revenue source.

<u>Percent of Total Capital Facilities Account Fund Revenue</u>: Developer Fees provide 95.31% of total Capital Facilities Account Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Developer Fees are limited to expenditure for the District's construction program.

Onetime/Ongoing: Developer fee funds are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The amount budgeted for Developer Fees reflects the estimated amount of available cash that will be available during the fiscal year for investment, and the prevailing interest rates that will be applied to the available cash invested.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$65.4	\$32.5	\$18.2	\$18.0

<u>COUNTY SCHOOL FACILITIES FUND – PROPOSITION 55 – School Facilities</u> <u>Apportionments</u>

Source: Proceeds from School Facilities Apportionments are considered a State revenue source.

<u>Percent of Total County School Facilities Fund – Proposition 55 Revenue</u>: School Facilities Apportionments provide 98.89% of total County School Facilities Fund – Proposition 55 income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: School Facilities Apportionments for the County School Facilities Fund – Proposition 55 are limited to expenditure for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants specifically funded through voter-approved Proposition 55.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: School Facilities Apportionments are one-time in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The amount budgeted for School Facilities Apportionments reflect the estimated amount that will be required during the budget year for the cost of projects funded through Proposition 55.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$393.1	\$336.5	\$403.6	\$294.4

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND – Certificates of Participation (COPs) Proceeds

Source: COPs Proceeds are considered a State funding source.

<u>Percent of Total Special Reserve Fund Revenue</u>: COPs Proceeds provide 89.09% of total Special Reserve Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: COPs proceeds reflect revenue from bond sales for the purpose of funding specific capital projects. Use of COPs proceeds is limited to the projects for which the bonds have been issued.

Onetime/Ongoing: COPs Proceeds are one-time in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The amount budgeted for COPs Proceeds reflects the estimated level of COPs bond sales for the budget year, based on information received from Accounting and Disbursements Division.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$105.4	\$326.3	\$223.1	\$296.0

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

BOND INTEREST AND REDEMPTION FUND – District Taxes

<u>Source</u>: District Taxes are considered a local revenue source, provided through ad valorem taxes levied on all property subject to tax by the District.

<u>Percent of Total Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:</u> District Taxes provide 96.26% of total Bond Interest and Redemption Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: District Tax Revenues to the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund are utilized to pay principal and interest on voter-approved bond issues.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: District Tax Revenues for purposes of the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund are primarily one-time in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: The amount budgeted for Bond Interest and Redemption Fund taxes reflects the estimated amount of tax revenues that will be generated on behalf of the Fund during the budget year.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$535.6	\$594.6	\$759.8	\$943.7

<u>CAPITAL SERVICES FUND – Interfund Transfers</u>

<u>Source</u>: Capital Services Fund – Other Financing Sources – Interfund Transfers are considered an Other Financing Source.

<u>Percent of Total Capital Services Fund Revenue</u>: Interfund Transfers provide 98.24% of total Capital Services Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Interfund Transfers reflect the amount transferred from other Funds of the District to cover principal and interest on certificates of participation (COPs) and long-term capital lease agreements.

<u>Onetime/Ongoing</u>: Interfund Transfers for purposes of the Capital Services Fund are one-time in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Interfund Transfers are allocated on the basis of the estimated amount required for scheduled repayment of principal and interest.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$58.4	\$208.3	\$118.8	\$49.0

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>HEALTH AND WELFARE BENEFITS FUND – Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums</u> Source: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are considered local revenues.

<u>Percent of Total Health and Welfare Benefits Fund Revenue</u>: Self-Insurance Fund Contributions/Premiums provide 100% of total Health and Welfare Benefits Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use: Self-Insurance Fund Contributions/Premiums reflect the estimated cost to the other funds of the District for medical and dental claims, vision services, optional life insurance, insurance coverage, administrative costs, and related expenditures to the District's Health and Welfare Self-Insurance Program, based upon a collectively bargained maximum for this purpose. Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are implemented as an interfund transfer between the user funds and the self-insurance fund.

Onetime/Ongoing: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are charged to user funds on the basis of the requirements needed to maintain the self-insurance fund in a viable financial condition.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$831.6	\$867.3	\$939.5	\$970.6

LIABILITY SELF-INSURANCE FUND – Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums

Source: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are considered local revenues.

<u>Percent of Total Liability Self-Insurance Fund Revenue</u>: Self-Insurance Fund Contributions/Premiums provide 100% of total Liability Self-Insurance Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Self-Insurance Fund Contributions/Premiums reflect the estimated cost to the other funds of the District for liability claims, excess insurance coverage, administrative costs, and related expenditures. Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are implemented as an interfund transfer between the user funds and the self-insurance fund.

Onetime/Ongoing: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are charged to user funds on the basis of the requirements needed to maintain the self-insurance fund in a viable financial condition.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$25.6	\$19.8	\$42.3	\$21.1

<u>WORKERS' COMPENSATION SELF-INSURANCE FUND – Self-Insurance</u> <u>Contributions/Premiums</u>

Source: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are considered local revenues.

<u>Percent of Total Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund Revenue</u>: Self-Insurance Fund Contributions/Premiums provide 87.47% of \$56.7 million total Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund income in the 2010-11 Final Budget.

<u>Allocation Basis/Limitations on Use</u>: Self-Insurance Fund Contributions/Premiums reflect the estimated cost to the other funds of the District for workers' compensation claims, excess insurance coverage, administrative costs, and related expenditures. Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are implemented as an interfund transfer between the user funds and the self-insurance fund.

Onetime/Ongoing: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are ongoing in nature.

<u>Underlying Assumptions</u>: Self-Insurance Contributions/Premiums are charged to user funds on the basis of the requirements needed to maintain the self-insurance fund in a viable financial condition.

2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Actual	2009-10 3 rd Interim	2010-11 Budget
\$85.9	\$0.0	\$107.1	\$49.6

APPENDIX F

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES

Introduction

The School Staff and Resources section describes the staff and non-staff allocations made to most District schools based on Board-approved allocation rates or "norms." Staffing ratios are provided for regular elementary schools, regular secondary schools, magnet and alternative schools, special education schools, community adult schools, regional occupational centers (ROC) and skills centers.

Personnel resources provided on a "norm" basis are such positions as teachers, principals and assistant principals, librarians, instructional aides, and clerical and other office personnel. Staffing allocations are also provided for such non-classroom support personnel as guidance, welfare, and attendance personnel, physical and mental health personnel, and maintenance and operations staff.

A separate listing is provided indicating materiel and supplies allocation rates, which cover such needs as basic instructional materiel, textbooks, custodial, gardening and operational supplies, and school-community advisory committee expenses.

A number of District schools receive funding on the basis of revenues generated by the schools' students, with flexibility provided in the use of funds. These schools include those funded under a per pupil funding model that the District has been piloting since 2009-10 as well as schools funded under the Boston Pilot Schools model. With a few exceptions, District "norms" are not used in the development of budget for such schools.

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES School Staff

Regular Elementary Schools

Staffing of elementary schools is based on established norm tables and District policies. The norm tables prescribe the numbers and types of positions for a given enrollment. For certain positions, enrollment is weighted or adjusted to reflect extraordinary need. In addition to norm tables, other District policies allocate off-norm positions to schools with identified special needs.

ELEMENTARY NORMS – 2010-11

CERTIFICATED - Based on District Norm Charts

- teacher per 24 students in Kindergarten
- 1 teacher per 24 students in grades 1-3
- 1 teacher per 39 students in grades 4-6*

For special education classes, see Special Education norms.

- 1 principal per school
- assistant principal for multi-track year round school with 1,000-1,809 students
- assistant principal for single track school with 1,110 to 1,809 students
- 2 assistant principals for schools with 1,810 to 2,419 students
- 3 assistant principals for schools with 2,420 or more students

CLASSIFIED

- 1 school administrative assistant per school, plus:
- .5 office technician for schools with enrollments up to 300
- office technicians for schools with enrollments of 301 to 749
- 2 office technicians for schools with enrollments of 750 to 1,499
- 3 office technicians for schools with enrollments of 1,500 to 2,249
- 4 office technicians for schools with enrollments of 2,250 to 2,999
- 5 office technicians for schools with enrollments of 3,000 to 3,479
- 6 office technicians for schools with enrollments of 3,480 and above
- * Designated schools involved in the court-ordered integration program received additional positions to provide an overall ratio of one teacher for every 30.5 students in grades 4-6 for Predominantly Hispanic, Black, Asian and other Non-Anglo schools; and 36.0 in grades 4-6 for Desegregated/Receiver schools.

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES

School Staff (Continued)

Regular Secondary Schools

Staffing of secondary schools is based on established norm tables and District policies. The norm tables prescribe the numbers and types of positions for a given enrollment. At the secondary level, teacher norm tables are modified to provide only five teaching periods. For certain positions, enrollments are weighted to reflect extraordinary needs. For example, for clerical positions enrollment is weighted to reflect transiency. In addition, other District policies allocate off-norm positions to schools with identified special needs.

SECONDARY NORMS - 2010-11

CERTIFICATED – Based on District Norm Charts

- 1 teacher per 42.5 students in middle schools*
- 1 teacher per 42.5 students in senior high schools**
- 1 principal per school
- 1 assistant principal, secondary counseling services per school with enrollment of 800 to 1,354
- 1 assistant principal per school with enrollment of 1,355 to 1,749
- assistant principal per school with enrollment of 1,750 to 2,088
- assistant principal per school with enrollment of 2,089 to 4,233
- 1 assistant principal per school with enrollment of at least 4,234
- 1 librarian per senior high school

CLASSIFIED

- school administrative assistant per school, plus:
- .5 clerical position for middle schools with enrollments up to 550 plus 1 clerical position for each additional 500 students over 700
- .5 clerical position for senior high schools with enrollments of enrollments up to 550, plus 1 clerical position for each additional 500 students over 700
- 1 financial manager per middle school
- senior financial manager per senior high school
- * Designated middle schools involved in court-ordered integration programs received additional positions to provide an overall ratio of one teacher for every 34.0 students in academic classes for Predominantly Hispanic, Black, Asian, and Other Non-Anglo schools; and 39.5 students in academic classes for Desegregated/Receiver Schools. In addition, beginning in the 2002-03 school year, Economic Impact Aid funds have been used to lower class size in 6th, 7th, and 8th graders in the Accelerating Academic Literacy (previously known as Developing Readers and Writers Courses) to one teacher for every 25 students.
- ** Designated senior high schools involved in court-ordered integration programs received additional positions to provide an overall ratio of one teacher for every 34.0 9th and 10th grade students in academic classes for Predominantly Hispanic, Black, Asian, and Other Non-Anglo schools; and 39.5 9th and 10th grade students in academic classes for Desegregated/Receiver Schools.

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES

School Staff (Continued)

Magnet Schools

Several Magnet Schools have been established which provide services for both elementary and secondary students. Basic teacher allocations are determined by the magnet and alternative school norm tables for total enrollment. Other staff is based on District policy.

MAGNET NORMS - 2010-11

Magnet schools and centers identified as serving Predominantly Hispanic, Black, Asian, and Other Non-Anglo students:

- 1 teacher per 24.0 students in grades K-3
- 1 teacher per 30.5 students in grades 4-5
- 1 teacher per 34.0 students in grades 6-8
- 1 teacher per 34.0 students in grades 9-12

All other magnet schools and centers:

- 1 teacher per 24.0 students in grades K-3
- 1 teacher per 34.0 students in grades 4-5
- 1 teacher per 36.5 students in grades 6-8
 - teacher per 36.5 students in grades 9-12

Options Schools

A number of schools have been established to serve the needs of students for whom placement in the regular school environment is not in the best interest of the students. Because these students require an individualized program to meet their unique academic and behavior needs, a lower pupil/teacher norm is provided.

CONTINUATION NORMS – 2010-11

- 1 teacher per 29 students per continuation school
- 1 principal per continuation school
- 1 school office manager/clerk per continuation school

OPPORTUNITY AND COMMUNITY DAY SCHOOLS NORMS - 2010-11

- 1 teacher per 21 students per opportunity and community day school
- 1 principal per opportunity and stand alone community day school
- assistant principal per opportunity school and stand alone
 - community day school for school with enrollments greater than 200
- school administrative assistant per stand alone community day school

<u>INDEPENDENT STUDY NORMS – 2010-11</u>

- 1 teacher per 30 students per opportunity and community day school
- 1 principal
- 2 assistant principals
- 1 school administrative assistant

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES

School Staff (Continued)

Special Education Programs & Special Education Schools

<u>Special Day Programs</u> serve pupils whose nature or severity of disability precludes participation in a general education program for a majority of the school day.

Resource Specialist Programs provide instructional service for individuals with exceptional needs in general education schools. Resource specialist students are assigned to their general education classroom for a majority of the school day and receive services from the resource specialist teacher either directly in a collaborative basis with the general education classroom teacher or a Learning Center Model.

<u>Designated Instruction and Services</u> are provided to special education students who require assistance in a particular area, such as language, speech, audiology, mobility, adaptive physical education, vision, counseling, etc.

SPECIAL EDUCATION NORMS - 2009-10

<u>Special Day Programs</u> - Class size varies depending on type of program. Special day programs have one baseline trainee/assistant except for Autism (AUT) and Emotionally Disturbed (ED) which have 2 baseline trainees/assistants. Special Education Schools have specific student/assistant ratio based on students' eligibilities.

<u>Designated Instruction and Services</u> – Student/teacher ratios vary by type of service, except for language, speech, and hearing which may not exceed a caseload of 55 students. There are no trainees/assistants for this program.

- A. Special Education Schools
 - 1 principal per school
 - 1 asst. principal at large enrollment schools
- B. Elementary Schools
 - 1 school administrative assistant, E Basis
 - 2 office technicians, B Basis
- C. Secondary or K-12 Schools
 - 1 school administrative assistant, E Basis
 - 1 senior office technician, B Basis
 - 1 office technician, B Basis

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES

School Staff (Continued)

Community Adult Schools

Community Adult Schools (CAS) are staffed based on established staffing guidelines for administrative and classified personnel. Administrative and classified personnel are allocated based on the prior 18 months of cumulative A.D.A. ending on the latest sixth school month. Subsequent realignment of staffing resources occurs every three years.

Teacher positions are allocated at each school site from the teacher hour allocation. Due to wide variances in the programs offered at each site, teacher hours are allocated based on prior year A.D.A, average school-wide class size index, as well as other subjective criteria. In addition, other District programs allocate additional positions to schools with identified special community needs.

COMMUNITY ADULT SCHOOL NORMS - 2010-11 **CERTIFICATED** principal 1 assistant principal, operations 1 assistant principal, adult counseling services 3rd assistant principal (operations or adult counseling services) if total 1 A.D.A. exceeds 2,250 **CLASSIFIED** school administrative assistant 1 financial manager school office computer coordinator 1 office technicians if A.D.A. is 1,200 or less, 2 additional office technician for every 675 A.D.A. in excess of the first 1,200 A.D.A.

^{*}Subject to availability of funds.

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES

School Staff (Continued)

Regional Occupational Centers (ROC)/Skills Centers (SC)

Regional Occupational Centers (ROC)/Skills Centers (SC) are staffed based on established staffing guidelines for administrative and classified personnel. Administrative and classified personnel are allocated based on the prior 18 months of cumulative A.D.A. ending on the latest sixth school month. Subsequent realignment of staffing resources occurs every three years.

Teacher positions are allocated at each school site from the teacher hour allocation. Due to wide variances in the programs offered at each site, teacher hours are allocated based on prior year A.D.A., average school-wide class size index, as well as other subjective criteria. In addition, other District programs allocate additional positions to schools with identified special community needs.

ROC/SKILLS CENTERS NORMS – 2009-10 **CERTIFICATED** principal 1 assistant principal, operations assistant principal, adult counseling services 1 3rd assistant principal (operations or adult counseling services) if total A.D.A. exceeds 2,250. **CLASSIFIED** school administrative assistant 1 occupational center financial manager (ROC) or financial manager (SC) school office computer coordinator 1 6 office technicians with A.D.A. of 2.400 or less for ROC 2 office technicians with A.D.A. of 1,200 or less for SC 1* additional office technician for every 675 A.D.A. in excess of the first 2,400 A.D.A. for ROC or additional office technician for every 675 A.D. A. in excess of the first 1,200 A.D.A. for SC

Regional Occupational Program

The Regional Occupational Program is staffed based on the same staffing guidelines as Community Adult Schools, Regional Occupational Centers, and Skills Centers. Additional staff may be allocated based on the needs of the secondary schools that the program serves.

Alternative Education & Work Centers

Alternative Education and Work Centers (AEWC) which are associated with Community Adult Schools, Regional Occupational Centers, or Skills Centers are located at 27 sites. AEWC provides students who left the comprehensive high schools, with additional educational opportunities leading to a high school diploma or equivalency, apprenticeship, and other career and technical education training programs. An AEWC site is under the principal of a Community Adult School, Regional Occupational Center, or Skills Center. A typical AEWC site has the following staff: 1 outreach consultant, 2-4 teachers, 2-7 teacher assistants, 1 clerical staff, and 1 special officer.

^{*}Subject to availability of funds.

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES School Staff (Continued)

Support Personnel

SUPPORT ALLOCATIONS - 2010-11

Custodial personnel are allocated to schools based on a complex formula involving enrollment, building area, grounds, service to teachers, etc.

District-funded nurses are allocated as follows. Schools may purchase additional nursing time from their budget based on student needs.

Elementary Schools – 1 day per week Middle Schools – 1.5 days per week SPAN Schools – 2 days per week Senior High Schools – 2.125 days per week

School Psychologists and related personnel are allocated to schools based primarily on student population size, type of school, and need for those services in the school population. In combination with allocations, additional school-based psychological services are purchased directly by schools based on need for services and the schools' ability to fund the positions from categorical funds.

School-based Pupil Services and Attendance Counselors are purchased directly by schools based on both the need for child welfare and attendance services in the school population and the schools' ability to fund the positions from categorical funds.

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES School Resources

Materiel and Supplies Allocation Rates

In addition to the position resources detailed on the preceding pages, instructional materiel, school advisory committee expense funds, and various operational supplies are allocated to schools according to fixed formulas.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIEL

	Program		2009-10 Rate		2010-11 Rate	
Regular -	K-6 7-8 9-12	\$	21.25 per Enrl. 25.50 per Enrl. 28.90 per Enrl.	\$	16.00 per Enrl. 20.00 per Enrl. 22.00 per Enrl.	
Instructional	Materials Block Grant		*		*	
Community Adult School			20.00 per ADA	20.00 per ADA		
Options Programs			985.15 per Teacher		739.00 per Teacher	
Regional Occ	cupational Centers and Skills Centers		30.00 per ADA		30.00 per ADA	
Regional Occ	cupational Program		30.00 per ADA		30.00 per ADA	
Special Educ	ration – Special Day Classes – Special Education Schools Regular Schools		879.75 per Class 23.80 **		659.81 per Class 17.85 **	

^{* -} Allocations are determined based on schools' need.

^{** -} Per active Individualized Education Program (IEP) in Welligent

SCHOOL STAFF AND RESOURCES

School Resources (Continued)

Materiel and Supplies Allocation Rates

OPERATIONAL SUPPLIES

Type	2009-10 Rate	2010-11 Rate				
Custodial, Gardening, and Other Operational Supplies –						
Community Adult Schools	\$ 108.00 per custodial hour (separate site) +1.80 per enrolled student (all sites)	\$ 112.50 per custodial hour (separate site) +3.20 per enrolled student (all sites)				
Continuation Schools	\$ 32.65 per custodial hour +7.49 per enrolled student	\$ 27.70 per custodial hour +6.35 per enrolled student				
Opportunity Schools	\$ 75.50 per custodial hour +6.14 per enrolled student	\$ 64.05 per custodial hour +5.20 per enrolled student				
Regular Schools	\$ 132.60 per custodial hour +3.80 per enrolled student	\$ 112.50 per custodial hour +3.20 per enrolled student				
ROCs and Skills Centers	\$ 130.00 per custodial hour +1.80 per enrolled student	\$ 130.00 per custodial hour +3.20 per enrolled student				
ROP	\$ 130.00 per custodial hour +1.80 per enrolled student	\$ 130.00 per custodial hour +3.20 per enrolled student				
Special Education	\$ 53.95 per custodial hour +9.05 per enrolled student	\$ 45.80 per custodial hour +7.70 per enrolled student				
Administrative Sites	\$ 204.00 per custodial hour	\$ 173.10 per custodial hour				
<u>OTHER</u>						
Type	2009-10 Rate	2010-11 Rate				
School Community Advisory Council Expenses –						
Community Adult Schools	\$ 300.00 per School	\$ 300.00 per School				
ROCs and Skills Centers	\$ 500.00 per School	\$ 500.00 per School				
ROP	\$ 500.00 per School	\$ 500.00 per School				

APPENDIX G

DISTRICT ENROLLMENT TRENDS

This section provides information and data related to the number of students served in the District's schools.

Enrollment and Enrollment Projections. The Los Angeles Unified School District uses data on live births in Los Angeles County and historical grade retention ratios, as well as economic factors and other relevant information, to project enrollment. Estimated enrollments in grades 1 through 12 are calculated using a variety of scenarios, generally involving weighted and true averages. The grade retention ratio measures the percentage of students expected to progress to the next grade level from one year to the next, based on past trends. Enrollments in kindergarten are calculated as a percentage of live births in Los Angeles County five years earlier.

In order to convey the impact of fiscally-independent charter schools on District enrollment, the enrollment projections differentiate students in fiscally-independent charter and non-charter locations. The fiscally-independent charter school data include both schools that have converted from non-charter to fiscally-independent charter school status ("conversion charters") and schools that began their existence as fiscally-independent charter schools ("start-up charters").

ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS as of May 5, 2010

ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

Norm Day Enrollment - Including Independen	t Charter	Schools										
	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated
LA County - Live Births Lagged 5 Years	168,973	162,036	158,604	156,153	157,391	153,523	151,167	152,192	151,504	150,377	151,837	151,813
Graded Enrollment												
Kindergarten	57,641	57,228	55,351	55,234	54,462	52,452	50,822	50,877	51,193	50,812	51,306	51,297
Grade 1	63,721	62,924	61,248	58,610	56,872	55,267	53,543	52,305	51,798	52,875	51,869	52,373
Grade 2	68,797	65,226	62,115	59,632	56,097	54,222	53,082	52,338	50,674	50,579	51,829	51,469
Grade 3	62,221	64,609	62,210	59,254	56,530	53,348	51,814	51,418	50,376	48,648	48,507	49,707
Grade 4	57,007	61,469	62,551	60,288	56,568	53,618	51,174	50,692	49,982	48,820	47,145	47,009
Grade 5	60,056	56,197	59,688	60,604	57,531	54,205	51,787	50,206	49,430	48,613	47,360	45,617
Grade 6	56,329	57,083	52,972	56,117	56,262	53,089	50,559	49,246	47,622	46,762	45,868	44,642
Grade 7	51,729	55,404	55,794	51,906	53,815	53,702	51,458	49,557	48,084	46,547	45,706	44,832
Grade 8	49,947	50,856	54,370	54,524	50,262	51,837	51,985	50,452	48,595	47,144	45,637	44,813
Grade 9	62,893	67,744	67,397	70,477	71,056	67,816	66,643	67,029	63,549	61,696	60,325	58,853
Grade 10	47,043	47,539	50,374	50,266	52,045	52,480	51,749	51,900	53,543	50,445	48,666	47,283
Grade 11	34,662	36,912	37,299	39,514	40,303	42,399	43,536	43,082	43,884	45,489	43,866	43,462
Grade 12	27,097	26,302	27,452	28,596	29,090	29,058	31,899	34,755	34,733	34,595	36,391	35,093
Total graded enrollment	699,143	709,493	708,821	705,022	690,893	673,493	660,051	653,857	643,463	633,025	624,475	616,451
K-5 enrollment	369,443	367,653	363,163	353,622	338.060	323,112	312,222	307,836	303,453	300,346	298,016	297,473
6-8 enrollment	158,005	163,343	163,136		160,339		154,002	,	144,301	140,453	137,211	134,287
9-12 enrollment	171,695	178,497	182,522	188,853	192,494	191,753	193,827	196,766	195,709	192,225	189,248	184,691
Total graded enrollment	699,143	709,493	708,821	705,022	690,893		660,051	653,857		633,025	624,475	616,451
Ungraded enrollment												
Special day classes in regular schools	28,104	28,670	29,064	28,582	27,486	26,713	26,328	26,350	26,465	25,556	25,225	24,918
Special day classes in special ed schools	4,376	4,392	4,153	3,984	3,908	3,673	3,656	3,604	3,552	3,430	3,386	3,345
Continuation and opportunity schools	5,031	4,249	4,542	4,478	4,932	4,558	4,242	4,327	4,961	4,791	4,729	4,671
Nonpublic schools	21	27	30	24	10	24	11					
Total ungraded enrollment	37,532	37,338	37,789	37,068	36,336	34,968	34,237	34,281	34,978	33,777	33,339	32,933
Total graded and ungraded enrollment	736,675	746,831	746,610	742,090	727,229	708,461	694,288	688,138	678,441	666,802	657,814	649,384

ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS as of May 5, 2010

ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
	Actual	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated								
LA County - Live Births Lagged 5 Years	168,973	162,036	158,604	156,153	157,391	153,523	151,167	152,192	151,504	150,377	151,837	151,813
Graded Enrollment												
Kindergarten	854	1,307	1,717	2,059	2,357	2,556	2,755	3,096	3,599	3,947	4,344	4,760
Grade 1	901	1,196	1,610	1,836	2,125	2,382	2,662	2,907	3,341	3,661	3,994	4,356
Grade 2	854	1,130	1,471	1,640	1,952	2,272	2,481	2,749	3,036	3,291	3,561	3,831
Grade 3	760	1,062	1,440	1,580	1,890	2,101	2,376	2,648	2,828	3,070	3,302	3,520
Grade 4	773	1,039	1,373	1,548	1,803	2,000	2,238	2,574	2,792	3,056	3,329	3,580
Grade 5	766	997	1,482	1,755	1,844	2,164	2,452	2,738	3,141	3,467	3,805	4,161
Grade 6	680	897	1,029	1,760	2,270	2,774	3,216	4,304	4,998	5,739	6,580	7,339
Grade 7	328	832	1,001	1,197	1,781	2,234	2,825	3,426	4,354	5,061	5,806	6,599
Grade 8	120	399	823	1,054	1,180	1,697	2,087	2,705	3,273	3,798	4,369	4,923
Grade 9	0	171	2,815	3,987	4,771	5,709	6,656	7,973	9,433	9,824	11,164	12,495
Grade 10	0	0	1,845	2,377	3,436	4,034	4,937	6,709	7,824	8,437	9,821	11,065
Grade 11	0	0	1,404	1,706	2,073	2,979	3,656	5,266	6,528	7,161	8,513	9,766
Grade 12	0	0	1,166	1,125	1,387	1,800	2,505	3,770	5,122	5,779	7,021	8,250
Total graded enrollment	6,036	9,030	19,176	23,624	28,869	34,702	40,846	50,865	60,269	66,291	75,609	84,645
K-5 enrollment	4,908	6,731	9,093	10,418	11,971	13,475	14,964	16,712	18,737	20,492	22,335	24,208
6-8 enrollment	1,128	2,128	2,853	4,011	5,231	6,705	8,128	10,435	12,625	14,598	16,755	18,861
9-12 enrollment	0	171	7,230	9,195	11,667	14,522	17,754	23,718	28,907	31,201	36,519	41,576
Total graded enrollment	6,036	9,030	19,176	23,624	28,869	34,702	40,846		60,269	66,291	75,609	84,645
Ungraded enrollment												
Special day classes in regular schools	18	62	301	228	268	259	227	222	374	108	113	117
Special day classes in special ed schools	10	32	501	220	200	237	221	222	3/4	100	113	117
Continuation and opportunity schools												
Nonpublic schools												
Total ungraded enrollment	18	62	301	228	268	259	227	222	374	108	113	117
6			-									
Total graded and ungraded enrollment	6,054	9,092	19,477	23,852	29,137	34,961	41,073	51,087	60,643	66,399	75,722	84,762

ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS as of May 5, 2010

ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

Norm Da	y Enrollment -	 Excluding 	Independent	Charter Schools

Norm Day Enrollment - Excluding Independent	nt Chartei	Schools										
	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated
LA County - Live Births Lagged 5 Years	168,973	162,036	158,604	156,153	157,391	153,523	151,167	152,192	151,504	150,377	151,837	151,813
Graded Enrollment												
Kindergarten	56,787	55,921	53,634	53,175	52,105	49,896	48,067	47,781	47,594	46,865	46,962	46,537
Grade 1	62,820	61,728	59,638	56,774	54,747	52,885	50,881	49,398	48,457	49,214	47,875	48,017
Grade 2	67,943	64,096	60,644	57,992	54,145	51,950	50,601	49,589	47,638	47,288	48,268	47,638
Grade 3	61,461	63,547	60,770	57,674	54,640	51,247	49,438	48,770	47,548	45,578	45,205	46,187
Grade 4	56,234	60,430	61,178	58,740	54,765	51,618	48,936	48,118	47,190	45,764	43,816	43,429
Grade 5	59,290	55,200	58,206	58,849	55,687	52,041	49,335	47,468	46,289	45,146	43,555	41,456
Grade 6	55,649	56,186	51,943	54,357	53,992	50,315	47,343	44,942	42,624	41,023	39,288	37,303
Grade 7	51,401	54,572	54,793	50,709	52,034	51,468	48,633	46,131	43,730	41,486	39,900	38,233
Grade 8	49,827	50,457	53,547	53,470	49,082	50,140	49,898	47,747	45,322	43,346	41,268	39,890
Grade 9	62,893	67,573	64,582	66,490	66,285	62,107	59,987	59,056	54,116	51,872	49,161	46,358
Grade 10	47,043	47,539	48,529	47,889	48,609	48,446	46,812	45,191	45,719	42,008	38,845	36,218
Grade 11	34,662	36,912	35,895	37,808	38,230	39,420	39,880	37,816	37,356	38,328	35,353	33,696
Grade 12	27,097	26,302	26,286	27,471	27,703	27,258	29,394	30,985	29,611	28,816	29,370	26,843
Total graded enrollment	693,107	700,463	689,645	681,398	662,024	638,791	619,205	602,992	583,194	566,734	548,866	531,806
K-5 enrollment	364,535	360,922	354,070	343,204	326,089	309,637	297,258	291,124	284,716	279,854	275,681	273,265
6-8 enrollment	156,877	161,215	160,283	158,536	155,108	151,923	145,874	138,820	131,676	125,855	120,456	115,426
9-12 enrollment	171,695	178,326	175,292	179,658	180,827	177,231	176,073	173,048	166,802	161,024	152,729	143,115
Total graded enrollment	693,107	700,463	689,645	681,398	662,024	638,791	619,205	602,992	583,194	566,734	548,866	531,806
77												
Ungraded enrollment	• • • • • •	20.500	20.7.0	20.274	25.210	25.17.1	25101	2 - 1 2 0	2 - 004	27.20.5	27.074	24.742
Special day classes in regular schools	28,086	28,608	28,763	28,354	27,218	26,454	26,101	26,128	26,091	25,386	25,051	24,742
Special day classes in special ed schools	4,376	4,392	4,153	3,984	3,908	3,673	3,656	3,604	3,552	3,456	3,411	3,369
Continuation and opportunity schools	5,031	4,249	4,542	4,478	4,932	4,558	4,242	4,327	4,961	4,827	4,763	4,704
Nonpublic schools	21	27	30	24	10	24	11	0	0			
Total ungraded enrollment	37,514	37,276	37,488	36,840	36,068	34,709	34,010	34,059	34,604	33,669	33,226	32,816
Total anaded and unameded arms!!!	720 621	727 720	727 122	710 220	608 002	672 500	652 215	627 0F1	617 700	600,403	592 002	564,622
Total graded and ungraded enrollment	130,041	737,739	141,133	/10,438	090,092	073,500	055,415	037,031	017,798	000,403	582,092	304,042

Purpose of the Budget and Finance Policy

The California School Accounting Manual, the State's financial guide for school districts, defines a budget as "a plan of financial operation consisting of an estimate of proposed income and expenditures for a given period and purpose". It is through the budget that the Board and Superintendent set priorities and allocate resources.

With regard to the budget process, California school districts, including LAUSD, are bound by legal requirements, administrative regulations, and oversight processes. These include:

Legal Requirements for Budget

- Budgets must show a plan for all proposed expenditures of the school district and of all estimated revenues for the fiscal year (Education Code 42122).
- School districts must choose either a single or dual budget adoption schedule. Single-adoption districts must approve a "final budget" by June 30, but may continue to amend the budget throughout the fiscal year as needed. Dual-adoption districts approve a preliminary budget by June 30 and a final budget by September 8, but may continue to amend the budget throughout the fiscal year as needed.
- School districts may not spend more than authorized in the adopted Final Budget as adjusted during the fiscal year (Education Code 42600).

Administrative Regulations for Budget

- The California School Accounting Manual, published by the State Department of Education, provides detailed definitions of income and expenditure categories together with approved budget and accounting practices.
- Each year the Superintendent of Public Instruction issues budget and expenditure documents which specify the income and expenditure categories to be reflected in each school district budget.

Oversight Processes for Budget

- The Los Angeles County Office of Education (LACOE) is primarily charged with monitoring the financial health of the District with oversight and review from the Superintendent of Public Instruction (Education Code 33127, 33128, 42120 et. seq., 42637).
- Should a district's financial condition deteriorate below the State's standards, the LACOE is authorized to take corrective action including assuming management of that District's financial affairs (Education Code 42127.3).

The District is also bound to comply with the accounting standards and rules promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Further, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) promulgates best practices for finance, accounting, and budgeting by government agencies.

Appendix H

LAUSD BUDGET AND FINANCE POLICY

Consistent with State law and regulation, the LAUSD budget is developed, adopted, refined and reviewed on a timely basis, through an annual cycle, as highlighted by the table below.

Timetable of LAUSD Budget Process

Timing	Activity
December	• First Interim Report released -projects current year revenues,
	expenditures, & balances.
January	 Governor proposes State Budget for next fiscal year to the
	Legislature
	 District Staff analyzes Governor's Proposed State Budget for
	Board
	 District staff presents enrollment projections to Board
March	Controller presents Second Interim Report projecting current year
	revenues, expenditures, & balances
	• Budget Services &Financial Planning Division presents District's
	3-year financial forecast to Board
	 Board discusses recommendations for Budget Issues
	 Regular Program funding levels presented
April	 Board receives input from stakeholders regarding next year's
	budget
	Board votes on adoption of Budget Issues for next year's budget
May	 Governor releases May Revision of proposed State Budget
	 Categorical Funding levels presented
	 Monies allocated to multi-track year round schools
June	Board adopts Final Budget for coming year
June / July/August	State budget adopted
	• If necessary, Board holds special meetings to consider changes to
	Final Budget
	 Monies allocated to single-track schools

Finance and Budget Policy

To assist the Board of Education in making sound policy, guide the development of the District's budget, enhance the management of the District's finances, minimize the risk of LACOE action, and reduce potential audit concerns, the Board has adopted this Finance and Budget Policy which is based on five core principles. The budget should:

- 1. Reflect District policies and goals.
- 2. Be based on sound financial principles.
- 3. Be clear and easy to understand.
- 4. Be timely, and easy to manage at the school level.
- 5. Be based on a process that informs stakeholders.

This policy was developed after reviewing the document "Recommended Budget Practices" developed by the Government Finance Officers Association and is consistent with the standards and criteria established by the State Board of Education (Education Code Sections 33127, 33128), as well as current GASB rules and standards. To the extent that LAUSD's current budgeting and accounting practices are not in compliance with this policy, implementation of this policy is to be phased in.

The Finance and Budget Policy is a "living document." LAUSD expects that it will evolve over time to best connect District policy, budgeting and financing principles.

Principle One: The budget should be based on the goals of the Board and Superintendent.

All units of government are charged with fulfilling their programmatic mission while maintaining fiscal integrity. The Board and Superintendent have the primary responsibility for developing and articulating the District's goals consistent with this charge. As the budget is developed and presented, these goals should be considered.

Principle Two: The budget should be based on sound financial principles.

LAUSD's budget should be based on financial principles that will keep the District financially viable and able to sustain its key programs over time. The following specific financial principles, based on law, expert advice and experience, are offered to this end.

- a) Balanced Operating Budget
- b) Appropriate Use of One-Time Revenues
- c) Alignment of Budget with Expected Expenditures
- d) Adequate Reserves
- e) Revenue Maximization
- f) Revenue Estimation

- g) Cost Recovery Through Fees and Charges
- h) Multi-Year Capital Plan and Budget
- i) Asset Management
- j) Equipment Replacement
- k) Prudent Debt Management
- 1) Program Sustainability
- m) GASB Compliance

A) BALANCED OPERATING BUDGET

LAUSD should have a balanced budget because it is sound financial policy and because it is required by law. State law requires the Superintendent to annually prepare and recommend a balanced budget where operating revenues are equal to, or exceed, operating expenditures (Education Code Sections 42100, 42127.5). Any year-end operating surpluses will be used in the following year to maintain reserve levels set by policy for equipment and/or other "one-time only" General Fund expenditures. Any exception to this policy shall be clearly identified in the proposed budget, showing the magnitude of the exception and the reason for it.

LAUSD shall manage the operating budget in a manner that balances revenues and expenditures under normal operating conditions. Annual appropriations shall be made to responsibly address all identified liabilities, including pension, vacation accrual, workers' compensation and asset replacement needs.

The District shall strive to adopt a "pay-as-you-go" approach to balancing its current expense budget and limit debt financing to capital items.

The Office of the Chief Financial Officer shall prepare the First Period Interim Financial Report and the Second Period Interim Financial Report in accordance with the law and shall make appropriate recommendations to the Board if financial adjustments are necessary.

B) APPROPRIATE USE OF ONE-TIME REVENUES

Ongoing expenditures of LAUSD should not exceed ongoing revenues. To the extent feasible, one-time revenues will be applied toward one-time expenditures. By definition, one-time revenues cannot be relied on in future budget periods. This policy on the use of one-time revenues provides guidance to minimize disruptive effects on services due to non-recurrence of these sources. The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for identifying one-time revenues and expenditures and for making recommendations regarding their use.

Any new or unanticipated unrestricted revenues recognized during the fiscal year should be applied to reduce any operating imbalance, before being used for other purposes.

C) ALIGNMENT OF BUDGET WITH EXPECTED EXPENDITURES

It is expected that actual expenditures will closely approximate the appropriation. To the extent that funding is required for expenditures that span fiscal years, appropriate financial techniques should be identified and employed.

D) ADEQUATE RESERVES

LAUSD shall strive to maintain certain reserve funds to provide financial stability and accounts to provide for replacement of depreciated equipment. These reserve funds shall be for operations or for liabilities, and shall include:

<u>Operating Reserves:</u> The purpose of operating reserves is to set aside monies for current year obligations. These reserves include:

- Reserve for Anticipated Balances
- Emergency Reserve
- Reserve for Economic Uncertainties
- Reserves for Revolving Cash, Stores, and Prepaid Expenditures

<u>Liability Reserves:</u> The purpose of the Liability Reserves is to set aside monies for legally mandated, but currently unfunded obligations of the District. Liability reserves include:

- Liability Self-Insurance Account
- Workers Compensation Fund Unfunded Liability
- Health & Welfare Fund Retirement Benefits for Active Employees
- Health & Welfare Fund Retirement Benefits for Retired Employees

Other reserves may be created as necessary. When a reserve is created, the Board will be informed of the reason for it and how it will ultimately be used. Newly established reserves shall be phased-in over a period of years to be determined.

Operating Reserves:

The purpose of the operating reserves is to stabilize the District's operating budget in the face of uncertainties. Ideally the Board, Superintendent and Chief Financial Officer shall strive to fund the combination of operating reserves identified above at a level which is 5% or more of General Fund Regular Program revenues. This level is consistent with the bond rating criteria of Fitch Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, and Standard and

Poor's. Funding levels of reserves shall be reviewed annually and adjusted as appropriate.

Reserve for Anticipated Balances: At the time the final budget is adopted, District staff will provide estimates of unexpended appropriation authority within the General Fund Regular Program. These estimates will be used to create an expenditure budget that more accurately reflects the District's actual expenditure expectations and expectations regarding the ending balance. The reserve for anticipated balances that is created by this process shall be in addition to other reserves noted in this section and cannot be made available for any other use unless the underlying appropriation authority is reduced. These reserves should be funded at an aggregate, major object code level of appropriation (e.g., 1000 – Certificated Salaries, 2000 – Classified Salaries, 3000 – Employee Benefits, 5000 – Services, 6000 – Capital Outlay, 7000 – Other Outgo).

Emergency Reserve: LAUSD will strive to maintain a General Fund Regular Program emergency reserve in years of good funding. The minimum funding goal of this reserve is 2% General Fund Regular Program revenues. The Emergency Reserve is available to fund one-time emergency, unanticipated expenditure requirements or offset unanticipated revenue fluctuations occurring within a fiscal year. The Board may approve withdrawal of funds from the emergency reserve after the Chief Financial Officer finds that the General Fund's budgeted balances will be exhausted during the fiscal year. The emergency reserve will only be accessed when the result of emergency expenditures or an unexpected revenue reduction would be that the General Fund would likely end the fiscal year with a negative ending fund balance. Restoration of the Emergency Reserves will begin the fiscal year following their use. The Chief Financial Officer will recommend an appropriate level of funding to the Board. This planned reserve is intended to be in addition to the reserve for economic uncertainty.

Reserve For Economic Uncertainties: This General Fund Regular Program reserve is required by State law. The minimum funding of this reserve is 1% of General Fund Regular Program appropriations. The Reserve For Economic Uncertainties will be budgeted and appropriated annually to avoid the need for service level reductions in the event an economic downturn causes revenues to come in lower than budget. (For 2003-04 and 2004-05, districts have been allowed to reduce this reserve to 0.5% of the General Fund Regular Program budget.)

Reserves for Revolving Cash, Stores, and Prepaid Expenditures:

It is the District's current accounting practice to establish a reserve for revolving cash, stores, and prepaid expenditures. This reserve will be continued as an operating reserves under the proposed policy.

Liability Reserves:

The purpose of the Liability Reserves is to set aside monies for legally mandated, future obligations of the District. Fully funding these reserves over time can prevent disruptive

reductions to LAUSD operating programs that would occur if the liabilities were funded rapidly at their due dates.

<u>Liability Self Insurance Fund:</u> The General Fund shall make annual contributions to the Liability Self Insurance Fund to set aside resources for potential costs not covered by the District's other insurance programs. Historically, the Liability Self Insurance Fund has covered legal liability settlements other than workers compensation. It has not covered settlements and judgments associated with school construction (which are covered elsewhere), or major costs associated with disasters or other fiscally negative events that are not reimbursable from insurance or from the Federal or State government. Each year, the Chief Financial Officer shall recommend to the Board an appropriate level of funding for the Liability Self Insurance Fund. The Board will strive to maintain the Fund in an amount consistent with uninsured obligations.

Workers Compensation Fund: An employee who is injured on the job may receive medical treatment and partial replacement of lost income for a short time or a period of many years, depending on the nature of the injury. The total cost of workers compensation claims should be estimated and funded in the year the claim is incurred. This fund should equal the actuarially determined liability associated with workers compensation claims. Each year, the Chief Financial Officer shall recommend to the Board an appropriate level of funding for the Workers Compensation Fund.

Health & Welfare Fund: Retirement Benefits for Active Employees: Most active LAUSD employees have the prospect of receiving medical, dental and vision benefits after retirement. Historically, LAUSD has funded these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. New accounting rules require that the District estimate and fully disclose the amount these benefits are likely to cost in the future. Each year, the Chief Financial Officer shall recommend to the Board an appropriate level of funding for the Health & Welfare Fund. The Board will strive to accumulate resources over time with the ultimate goal of fully reserving the amount needed for these benefits.

Health & Welfare Fund: Retirement Benefits for Retired Employees: Most retired LAUSD employees receive District-funded medical, dental and vision benefits, coordinated with federal Medicare benefits. Historically, LAUSD has funded these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. New accounting rules require that we estimate and fully disclose the amount these benefits are likely to cost in the future. Each year, the Chief Financial Officer shall recommend to the Board an appropriate level of funding for the Health & Welfare Fund. The Board will strive to accumulate resources over time with the ultimate goal of fully reserving the amount needed for these benefits.

E) SPECIAL RESERVE FUND FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

A means is needed to replace aging vehicles, computers and other equipment which have reached the end of their useful lives. To this end, there should be a Special Reserve Fund for Equipment Replacement which is maintained at a rate based on accumulated depreciation determined by the Chief Financial Officer.

F) REVENUE MAXIMIZATION

LAUSD receives the preponderance of its funding from the State of California. To supplement these funds LAUSD shall seek additional revenue from a variety of sources including the Federal Government, Foundations, Corporations, parent and community organizations and through changes to legislation. These additional resources should be for purposes which are consistent with the District's goals and objectives and which complement the LAUSD's resources. LAUSD shall also seek the approval of granting agencies to provide flexibility in the use of scarce resources. In addition, LAUSD shall aggressively pursue reimbursement for state-mandated costs.

G) REVENUE ESTIMATION

Developing a revenue budget is complicated by the fact that there may be significant delays between the time the District develops an expectation that it will receive revenue, the time a specific commitment is made to provide the revenue, and the time the revenue is actually received. It is appropriate to include revenue in the budget before a specific funding commitment is made and the funds are actually received. However, it may be necessary to withhold the authority to spend part or all of the budgeted revenue until there is more certainty about its receipt.

The Chief Financial Officer shall strive to include in the budget all revenues that can reasonably be expected for the fiscal year. The Chief Financial Officer shall appropriate funds for expenditure based on a prudent assessment of the risks associated with each revenue source.

H) COST RECOVERY THROUGH FEES AND CHARGES

LAUSD may charge fees to recover costs of certain services, such as those provided to charter schools. LAUSD shall set fees so that they cover the entire cost of the service provided. All costs (direct and indirect) shall be considered in establishing the appropriate fee. The amount of a fee will be set by the LAUSD at its discretion and shall cover all appropriate costs subject to any legal restrictions.

I) MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL PLAN AND BUDGET

In addition to its ongoing operating programs for instruction and support, LAUSD conducts a very sizable program to build and refurbish facilities and systems. Consistent with this responsibility, LAUSD will strive to provide comprehensive planning and budgeting for its capital needs by:

- Developing, on a periodic basis, a Statement of Need for capital programs.
- Adopting annually a multi-year capital budget that identifies the projects that are planned, the estimated cost of each project, the expected sources of revenue for each project, and the fiscal year or years in which project funds must be committed.

• Presenting annually an analysis of the future operational impact of the capital projects.

J) ASSET MANAGEMENT

The District shall:

- Budget appropriate amounts so that physical assets are properly maintained and replaced when needed.
- Maintain inventories of assets and the condition of major assets assessed on a regular basis to develop appropriate replacement and maintenance programs.
- Prepare a maintenance plan that identifies the commitment needed to maintain the value of its assets and protect the health and safety of students and employees.
- Estimate and set aside annually resources for preventative maintenance.

K) PRUDENT DEBT MANAGEMENT

LAUSD shall adhere to the Debt Management Policy as adopted by the Board of Education.

L) PROGRAM SUSTAINABILITY

LAUSD's mission is long-term and ongoing. To meet its near and longer-term goals, the District should plan and budget resources and commitments in a way that provides a sustainable approach to its mission. To achieve this sustainability, LAUSD should strive to:

- Link multi-year programs to multi-year funding. When funding is non-continuous, the program should be identified as non-sustainable.
- Set parameters for multi-year programs and offices by identifying specific "sunset dates" for program termination as well as the ending date for personnel assignments funded in the program.
- Identify programs as either mandatory or discretionary. If mandatory, there will be disclosure of the legal source to the mandate.
- Make defined fiscal commitments rather than open-ended commitments (e.g. fund health benefits at a specific cost level rather than a specific service level).
- Identify impact on the budget of unfunded mandates and other spending pressures.

M) GASB STANDARDS FOR FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board promulgates rules governing financial accounting and reporting. LAUSD shall strive to comply with these rules. It will be an ongoing goal of LAUSD to strive to receive the GFOA Certificate for Excellence in Financial Reporting each year.

For example, in order to comply with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District will soon be required to disclose the amount we owe our employees for vacation or sick time they have not yet used. It is prudent to book this liability as an expense annually.

Principle Three: The budget should be clear and easy to understand.

LAUSD's budget and related financial documents are relied upon for crucial financial information by a broad cross-section of stakeholders in the District, including administrators, teachers, parents, community groups and oversight bodies. LAUSD's budget should be organized and presented in such a way that both lay persons and experts can understand:

- What the District intends to do and how it intends to do it
- The District's overall financial condition
- The historical context for LAUSD programs

The budget must meet requirements under State statute including those related to structure, presentation, and form. In addition LAUSD should strive to develop its annual budget in a manner consistent with the GFOA standards for budget presentation. These guidelines are established to provide appropriate disclosure of financial information to the public and other interested parties, while facilitating management decisions on program expenditures.

Consistent with the GFOA standards, LAUSD has identified guidelines for the presentation of budgets. These standards provided guidance for development of LAUSD's budgets from four perspectives, as a:

- 1. Policy Document
- 2. Financial Plan
- 3. Operations Guide
- 4. Communications Device

A) GUIDELINES FOR LAUSD BUDGET AS A POLICY DOCUMENT

LAUSD's budget should include an overview message that articulates priorities and issues for the budget for the new fiscal year, as well as provide a clear statement of organization-wide financial and programmatic policies and goals that address long-term concerns and issues. The budget should describe the District's short-term financial and operational policies that guide the development of the budget for the upcoming year.

B) GUIDELINES FOR LAUSD BUDGET AS A FINANCIAL PLAN

As a blueprint for the financial implications of LAUSD's annual plan, the budget should provide fiscal information such as the following:

• Present a summary of major revenues and expenditures, as well as other sources and uses, to provide an overview of total resources budgeted by the organization.

- Include summaries of revenues, other resources, and expenditures for the prior year, current year and budget year.
- Identify self-funded enterprise operations and set goals for their level of financial self-sufficiency.
- Explain the underlying assumptions for the revenue estimates and discuss significant revenue trends.
- Identify funding by:
 - o Source, including Federal, State, Local, Non-Profit, or other.
 - o Type, including general fund, special fund-restricted by external agency, special fund-restricted by LAUSD policy, or other.
- Estimate projected changes in fund balances and fund balances available for appropriation.
- Include or be accompanied by a budget for capital expenditures and a list of major capital projects for the budget year and describe the impact of capital spending on the current and future operating budgets.
- Include financial data on current debt obligations and the relationship between current debt levels and statutory limitations.

C) GUIDELINES FOR LAUSD BUDGET AS AN OPERATIONS GUIDE

The budget, once adopted will become a key guide to LAUSD's operations. The budget should:

- Describe activities, services or functions carried out by organizational unit and by program. (This information need not be in the main budget document but should be accessible to all operating units of the District and any person interested in the District's finances.)
- Include an organization chart for the entire organization.
- Provide a schedule or summary tables of personnel or position counts for the prior and current budget years, including description of significant changes.

D) GUIDELINES FOR LAUSD BUDGET AS A COMMUNICATION DEVICE

One of LAUSD's budget's most important role is as a communications tool. It is a document that must meet the needs of a wide and varied audience. The budget should:

Provide Context

- Provide a summary information, including issues, trends and choices as executive summary or "Popular Budget".
- Describe the process for preparing, reviewing and adopting the budget for the coming fiscal year.
- Include statistical and supplemental demographic data to describe the LAUSD and the community it serves.

Appendix H

LAUSD BUDGET AND FINANCE POLICY

Include Visual Aids

- Offer visually inviting graphs, charts and formatting to enhance understanding and usability of the document.
- Include a glossary for any terminology not readily understood by a reasonably informed lay reader.
- Provide the document in electronic form on the District website.

Principle Four: The budget should be timely and easy to manage at the school level.

Budgeting is a dynamic process that includes a development period and an implementation period, each of which may require a series of adjustments. The process of managing the budget is easier for schools and offices if they have access to systems and training. The Chief Financial Officer retains responsibility for defining the parameters under which schools and offices are allowed to manage their budgets, as set forth by the Board of Education.

Principle Five: The budget process should inform stakeholders.

Prior to the adoption of the final budget, District staff should present the budget to stakeholders. The Board should also conduct a formal public review of the budget, prior to its adoption.

APPENDIX I

LAUSD Debt Management Policy

Los Angeles Unified School District DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY

Fiscal Year 2009-10



Prepared by:

The Office of the Chief Financial Officer

April 13, 2010

DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY

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The policies set forth in this Debt Management Policy (the "Policy") have been developed to provide guidelines for the issuance of general obligation bonds, certificates of participation ("COPs") and other forms of indebtedness by the Los Angeles Unified School District (the "District"). While the issuance of debt can be an appropriate method of financing capital projects, careful and consistent monitoring of such debt issuance is required to preserve the District's credit strength and budget and financial flexibility. These guidelines will serve the District in determining the appropriate uses for debt financing and debt structures as well as establishing prudent debt management goals.

Background

The District enjoys some of the highest credit ratings of any major urban school district in the nation. The District's general obligation bonds are rated Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service and AA- by Standard & Poor's Corporation. The District's COPs ratings are A1 (Moody's, for non-abatement leases), A2 (Moody's, for leases subject to abatement) and A+ (Standard & Poor's, for both lease types). These high credit ratings reduce the interest costs paid by the District on the amounts borrowed. Lower interest costs result in lower tax rates paid by the District's taxpayers and a reduced burden on the General Fund. These debt management policies are intended to maintain the District's high credit ratings so that access to borrowed funds is provided at the lowest possible interest rates. Additionally, these policies are intended to set forth selection criteria for certain financial consultants and attorneys which will ensure a fair and open selection process, provide opportunities for all firms (including small business enterprises) to participate in District contracts, and result in the selection of the best qualified advisors.

The District faces continuing capital infrastructure and cash requirements. In particular, the District is presently engaged in building new schools and modernizing schools with the Facilities Improvement Program to be completed over the next several years. The costs of these requirements will be met, in large part, through the issuance of various types of debt instruments and other long-term financial obligations. Under "Proposition BB", "Measure K", "Measure R", "Measure Y" and "Measure Q" adopted by the voters in April 1997, November 2002, March 2004, November 2005 and November 2008, respectively, the District has already raised a combined \$20.605 billion in general_obligation bond authorization for its Facilities Improvement Program and other capital and General Fund relief projects. Consequently, the District needs to anticipate increases in historical levels of such debt and other obligations, some of which may be repaid from the District's General Fund.¹With these increases, the effects of decisions regarding type of issue, method of sale, and payment structure become ever more critical to the District's fiscal health. To help ensure the District's creditworthiness, an established policy of managing the District's debt is essential. To this end, the Board of Education of the District (the "Board") recognizes this Policy to be financially prudent and in the District's best economic interest.

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¹ For purposes of this policy, long-term obligations such as lease payments in support of COPs will be considered "debt."

Article I. **Purpose and Goals**

The purpose of the Policy is to provide a functional tool for debt management and capital planning, as well as to enhance the District's ability to manage its debt and lease financings in a conservative and prudent manner. In following this Policy, the District shall pursue the following goals:

The District shall strive to fund capital improvements from referendum-approved bond issues to preserve the availability of its General Funds for District operating purposes and other purposes that cannot be funded by such bond issues.
The District shall endeavor to attain the best possible credit rating for each debt issue (with or without credit enhancement) in order to reduce interest costs, within the context of preserving financial flexibility and meeting capital funding requirements.
The District shall take all practical precautions and proactive measures to avoid any financial decision which will negatively impact current credit ratings on existing or future debt issues.
The District shall remain mindful of debt limits in relation to assessed value growth within the school district and the tax burden needed to meet long-term capital requirements.
The District shall consider market conditions and District cash flows when timing the issuance of debt.
The District shall determine the amortization (maturity) schedule which will best fit with the overall debt structure of the District at the time the new debt is issued.
The District shall give consideration to matching the term of the issue to the useful lives of assets whenever practicable and economic, while considering repair and replacement costs of those assets to be incurred in future years as an offset to the useful lives, and the related length of time in the payout structure.
The District shall, when planning for the issuance of new debt, consider the impact of such new debt on overlapping debt and the financing plans of local, state and other governments which overlap with the District.
The District shall, when issuing debt, assess financial alternatives to include new and innovative financing approaches, including whenever feasible categorical grants, revolving loans or other State/federal aid, so as to minimize the encroachment on the District's General Fund.
The District shall, when planning for the sizing and timing of debt issuance, consider its ability to expend the funds obtained in a timely, efficient and economical manner.

The key financial management tools and goals that are intrinsic to the Policy include:

- A. <u>Fund Balance Policy</u>: The District recognizes the importance of emergency reserves, including liquidity in the General Fund, that can provide a financial cushion in years of poor revenue receipts. A Reserve Fund Policy has been adopted by the Board.
- B. <u>Capital Financing Plan</u>: The Office of the Chief Financial Officer will prepare a 5 year Capital Financing Plan in conjunction with the capital budget. The Plan will detail the sources of financing for all facilities in the capital budget, establish funding priorities and review the impact of all borrowings on the District's long-term debt affordability ratios. The Plan will consider all potential sources of financing, including non-debt options and ensure that these financing sources are in accordance with the goals of this policy. The Office of the Chief Financial Officer will revise the Plan annually. See Articles III and IV herein.
- C. <u>Annual Debt Report</u>: The Chief Financial Officer will annually prepare for and submit to the Superintendent and the Board a Debt Report which reviews the outstanding debt of the District as further described under Section 4.02 herein.

Article II. **Authorization**

Section 2.01 Authority and Purposes of the Issuance of Debt

The laws of the State of California authorize the issuance of debt by the District, and confer upon it the power and authority to make lease payments, contract debt, borrow money, and issue bonds for public improvement projects. Under these provisions, the District may contract debt to pay for the cost of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, rehabilitating, replacing, improving, extending, enlarging, and equipping such projects: to refund existing debt; or to provide for cash flow needs.

Section 2.02 **Types of Debt Authorized to be Issued**

A. Short-Term: The District may issue fixed-rate and/or variable rate short-term debt which may include tax and revenue anticipation notes ("TRANs") when such instruments allow the District to meet its cash flow requirements. However, the District shall generally manage its cash position in a manner so that internally generated cash flow is sufficient to meet expenditures. The District may also issue commercial paper in the context of providing funding of shorter term acquisitions, such as equipment, or interim funding for capital costs that will ultimately be replaced with COPs. The District may also participate in an annual pooled financing of delinquent property taxes to the extent that the Chief Financial Officer determines such financing produces significant benefit to the District. The District may also issue bond anticipation notes ("BANs") to provide interim financing for bond projects that will ultimately be taken out by permanent general obligation bonds.

- В. Long-Term: Debt issues may be used to finance essential capital facilities, projects and certain equipment where it is appropriate to spread the cost of the projects over more than one budget year. In so doing, the District recognizes that future taxpayers who will benefit from the investment will pay a share of its cost. Projects which are not appropriate for spreading costs over future years will not be financed with long-term debt. Long-term debt will, under no circumstances, be used to fund District operations. The District may issue long-term debt which may include, but is not limited to, general obligation bonds ("G. O. Bonds"). G.O. Bonds may be issued pursuant to Proposition 39 which permits bonding authorization if approved by at least 55% of voters versus the two-thirds approval requirement under other statutes. The District may also enter into long-term leases and/or COPs for public facilities, property, and equipment. In the event that lease revenue bond ("LRB") financing costs are significantly lower than COPs financing costs, the District may consider using a lease revenue bond structure for financing public facilities, property, and equipment. The District may issue COPs or LRBs in variable rate mode so long as the requirements in Section 3.08. (A) hereof are met.
- C. <u>Equipment Financing</u>: Lease obligations are a routine and appropriate means of financing capital equipment. However, lease obligations also have the greatest impact on budget flexibility. Therefore, efforts will <u>be</u> made to fund capital equipment with pay-as-you-go financing where feasible, and only the highest priority equipment purchases will be funded with lease obligations. With the exception of leases undertaken through the District's standard procurement process, all equipment with a useful life of less than six years shall be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis unless the following conditions are met:
 - i. In connection with the proposed District budget, the Superintendent makes the finding that there is an "economic necessity" based on a significant economic downturn, earthquake or other natural disaster and there are no other viable sources of funds to fund the equipment purchase.
 - ii. The Board concurs with the Superintendent's finding in the adoption of the budget.
 - iii. The various debt ceilings in Section 3.08 of this Policy are not exceeded.
- D. <u>Lease Financing of Real Property</u>: Lease financing for facilities is appropriate for facilities for which there is insufficient time to obtain voter approval or in instances where obtaining voter approval is not feasible. Such financings will be structured in accordance with Section 3.01 of the Policy. If and when voter approved debt proceeds become available subsequently, the District will use such proceeds to take out the financing where appropriate.
- E. <u>Identified Repayment Source</u>: The District will, when feasible, issue debt with a defined revenue source in order to preserve the use of General Fund supported debt for projects with no stream of user-fee revenues. Examples of revenue sources include voterapproved taxes that repay general obligation or special tax bonds.

- F. <u>Use of General Obligation Bonds</u>: Voter-approved general obligation bonds typically provide the lowest cost of borrowing and do not impact the District's General Fund. General obligation bond debt to the extent authorized for the District requires either two-thirds approval of the voters (in the case of traditional general obligation bonds) or 55% approval of the voters (in the case of general obligation bonds issued pursuant to Proposition 39). In recognition of the difficulty in achieving the required two-thirds voter approval or 55% voter approval, as the case may be, to issue general obligation bonds, such bonds will be generally limited to facilities and projects that provide wide public benefit and for which broad public support has been generated.
- G. <u>Use of Revenue Bonds</u>: Revenue bonds supported solely from fees are not included when bond rating agencies calculate debt ratios. Repayment of such bonds would rely on dedicated, pledged funds such as developer fees and/or redevelopment agency pass-throughs. Accordingly, in order to preserve General Fund debt capacity and budget flexibility, revenue bonds will be preferred to General Fund supported debt when a distinct and identifiable revenue stream can be identified to support the issuance of bonds.
- H. <u>Use of Asset Transfer COPs</u>: The District will restrict the use of an "asset transfer" COP financing to finance emergency capital needs for which there are no other viable financing options. Additionally, asset transfer COPs may be used if significant savings in financing costs can be generated compared to other financing alternatives.
- I. <u>Pay-As-You-Go Financing</u>: Except in extenuating circumstances, the District will fund routine maintenance projects in each year's capital program with pay-as-you-go financing. Extenuating circumstances may include unusually large and non-recurring budgeted expenditures, or when depleted reserves and weak revenues would require the delay or deletion of necessary capital projects.
- J. <u>Use of Special Financing Structures</u>: The District may use special financing structures permitted by the federal government if they are determined to result in significantly lower financing costs versus traditional tax-exempt bonds and/or COPs.

Pursuant to State law, the District can issue either fixed-rate, variable rate or capital appreciation debt, depending on the applicable law.

Section 2.03 State Law

Section 18 of Article XVI of the State Constitution contains the basic "debt limitation" formula applicable to the District.

Sections 1(b)(2) and 1(b)(3) of Article XIII A of the State Constitution allow the District to issue traditional general obligation bonds and Proposition 39 bonds, respectively. The statutory authority for issuing general obligation bonds is contained in Section 15000 *et seq.* of the Education Code. Additional provisions applicable only to Proposition 39 general obligation

bonds are contained in Section 15264 *et seq.* of the Education Code. An alternative procedure for issuing general obligation bonds is also available in Section 53506 *et seq.* of the Government Code.

The statutory authority for issuing TRANs is contained in Section 53850 *et seq.* of the Government Code. Authority for lease financings is found in Section 17455 *et seq.* of the Education Code and additional authority is contained in Sections 17400 *et seq.*, 17430 *et seq.* and 17450 *et seq.* of the Education Code. The District may also issue Mello-Roos bonds pursuant to Section 53311 *et seq.* of the Government Code.

Section 2.04 Annual Review

The Policy shall be reviewed and updated at least annually and presented to the Board for approval as necessary. The Chief Financial Officer is the designated administrator of the Policy and has overall responsibility, with the Board's approval, for decisions related to the structuring of all District debt issues. The Chief Financial Officer may delegate the day-to-day responsibility for managing the District's debt and lease financings. The Board is the obligated issuer of all District debt and awards all purchase contracts for bonds, COPs, TRANs and any other debt issuances.

Article III. Structural Features, Legal and Credit Concerns

Section 3.01 Structure of Debt Issues

- A. <u>Maturity of Debt</u>: The duration of a debt issue shall be consistent, to the extent possible, with the economic or useful life of the improvement or asset that the issue is financing. The final maturity of the debt shall be equal to or less than the useful life of the assets being financed, and the average life of the financing shall not exceed 120% of the average life of the assets being financed. In addition, the District shall consider the overall impact of the current and future debt burden of the financing when determining the duration of the debt issue.
 - i. General Obligation Bonds: The final maturity of General Obligation bonds will be limited to the shorter of the average useful life of the asset financed or 25 years when such bonds are issued pursuant to the Education Code. General Obligation bonds may be structured with a term to maturity no longer than 40 years if issued pursuant to the Government Code; however, the selected term to maturity would have to be appropriate relative to the average useful lives of the assets financed. General Obligation bond issues will generally be sized to the amount reasonably expected to be required for two year's expenditure requirements.
 - ii. <u>Lease-Purchase Obligations</u>: The final maturity of equipment obligations will be limited to the average useful life of the equipment to be financed. The final maturity of real property obligations will be determined by the size of the financing, 15 years for small issues, 20 years for large issues and 30 years for exceptional projects.

- iii. <u>Mello-Roos Obligations and Revenue Bonds</u>: These obligations, although repaid through additional taxes levied on a discrete group of taxpayers or from pledged developer fees and/or redevelopment funds, constitute overlapping indebtedness of the District and have an impact on the overall level of debt affordability. The District will develop separate guidelines for the issuance of such obligations as the need arises.
- B. <u>Debt Service Structure</u>: The District shall design the financing schedule and repayment of debt so as to take best advantage of market conditions, provide flexibility, and, as practical, to recapture or maximize its debt capacity for future use. Annual debt service payments will generally be amortized on a level basis per component financed; however, slower principal amortization may occur more quickly or slowly where permissible to meet debt repayment and flexibility goals.
- C. <u>Capitalized Interest</u>: Unless required for structuring purposes, the District will avoid the use of capitalized interest in order to avoid unnecessarily increasing the bond size and interest expense. Certain types of financings such as COPs may require that interest on the debt be paid from capitalized interest until the District has use and possession of the underlying project. However, the District may pledge assets using an asset-transfer structure as collateral for the issue in order to eliminate the need for capitalized interest.
- D. <u>Call Provisions</u>: The Chief Financial Officer and Controller, based upon analysis from the financial advisors of the economics of callable versus non-callable features, shall set forth call provisions for each issue.

Section 3.02 Sale of Securities

There are three methods of sale: competitive, negotiated and private placement. The preferred method of sale shall be the competitive method as it is likely to result in the lowest interest cost to the District. All three methods of sale shall be considered for all issuance of debt, however, as each method has the potential to achieve the lowest financing cost given the right conditions. Any award through negotiation shall be subject to approval by the District, generally by the Chief Financial Officer or other person designated by the Chief Financial Officer, to ensure that interest costs are in accordance with comparable market interest rates. When a competitive bidding process is deemed the most advantageous method of sale for the District, award will be based upon, among other factors, the lowest offered True Interest Cost ("TIC"). While not used as frequently as negotiated or competitive sale methods, a private placement sale would be appropriate when the financing can or must be structured for a single or limited number of purchasers or where the terms of the private placement are more beneficial to the District than either a negotiated or competitive sale.

Section 3.03 Markets

The District shall consider products and conditions in domestic capital markets in meeting the District's financing needs. When practical in its financing program, the District shall consider local and regional markets as well as retail and institutional investors.

Section 3.04 Credit Enhancements and Derivatives

The District may enter into credit enhancement agreements such as municipal bond insurance, surety bonds, letters of credit and lines of credit with commercial banks, municipal bond insurance companies, or other financial entities when their use is judged to lower borrowing costs, eliminate restrictive covenants, or have a net economic benefit to the financing. The credit rating of any counterparty must be at least A+ at the time of the transaction. The District shall use a competitive process to select providers of such products to the extent applicable. In order to assure that the District purchases bond insurance cost-effectively, the Chief Financial Officer will review a bond insurance break-even analysis by maturity before selecting which maturities to insure.

The District may also undertake hedging strategies in connection with its debt issues. The Chief Financial Officer will develop an appropriate policy regarding interest rate swaps, interest rate caps and collars, rate locks and other derivatives for approval by the Board. Such policy, if approved, will be integrated into this Policy.

Section 3.05 Impact on Operating Budget and District Debt Burden

When considering any debt issuance, the potential impact of debt service and additional operating costs induced by new projects on the operating budget of the District, both short and long-term, will be evaluated. The ratio of annual debt service to General Fund expenditures is one method as is the additional debt burden of overlapping agencies and taxpayers. The cost of debt issued for major capital repairs or replacements should be judged against the potential cost of delaying such repairs.

Section 3.06 **Debt Limitation**

Section 15106 of the Education Code limits the District's total outstanding bonded debt (i.e., the principal portion only) to 2.5% of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of the District. Thus, Section 15106 of the Education Code limits the issuance of new debt when the District has total bonded indebtedness in excess of 2.5% of the assessed valuation in the District. TRANs and lease payment obligations in support of COPs generally do not count against this limit except as provided in Section 17422 of the Education Code.

Section 3.07 **Debt Issued to Finance Operating Costs**

The District cannot finance general operating costs from debt having maturities greater than thirteen months. However, the District may deem it necessary to finance cash flow requirements under certain conditions. Such cash flow borrowing must be payable from taxes, income, revenue, cash receipts and other moneys attributable to the fiscal year in which the debt is issued. General operating costs include, but may not be limited to, those items normally funded in the District's annual operating budget and having a useful life of less than one year.

Section 3.08 **Debt Burden Ratios and Debt Affordability Criteria**

A. <u>Debt Burden Ratios</u>: As noted in Section 3.06, the District may issue "bonds" in an amount no greater than 2.5% of taxable property within the school district. The 2.5%

issuance limit is known as the District's bonding capacity, with "bonds" referring to G.O. Bonds. Even though COPs do not technically constitute "debt" under California's Constitution and, thus, are excluded from the 2.5% bonding limit, the rating agencies and the investor community evaluate the District's debt position based on all of its outstanding long-term obligations whether or not such obligations are repaid from taxpayer-approved tax levies, the General Fund or developer fee sources. Therefore, the debt burden ratios described below will include both G.O. Bonds and COPs obligations as "debt" in the respective calculations. This conforms with market convention for the general use of the term "debt" and "debt service" as applied to a broad variety of instruments in the municipal market, regardless of their precise legal status or source of repayment. "Debt" excludes short-term obligations such as tax and revenue anticipation notes.

The following debt burden ratios should be considered in developing debt issuance plans: Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Assessed Value. The ratio "Direct Debt" shall be calculated using both G.O. Bonds and COPs. In addition, the ratio "Overall Direct Debt" or "Overall Debt" shall be calculated by aggregating all debt issues attributable to agencies located in the District as presented in the California Municipal Statistics Overlapping Debt Statement. It is important to monitor the levels and growth of Direct Debt and Overall Debt as they portray the debt burden borne by the District's taxpayers and serve as proxies for taxpayer capacity to take on additional debt in the future. Ratio of Outstanding Debt Per Capita. The formula for this computation is Outstanding Debt divided by the population residing within the District, based upon the most recent estimates as determined by the United States Bureau of the Census. Ratios shall be computed for both "Direct Debt Per Capita" and "Overall Debt Per Capita". Ratio of Annual Lease Debt Service to General Funds Expenditures. The formula for this computation is annual lease debt service expenditures divided by General Funds (i.e., General and Debt Service Funds) expenditures (excluding interfund transfers) as reported in the most recent CAFR. Proportion of Fixed-Rate and Variable-Rate COPs Issues. The District can benefit from some variable rate exposure in its portfolio of COPs issues. However, the District shall keep its variable rate exposure, to the extent not hedged or swapped to fixed rate, at or below 20% of the total principal of outstanding COPs or \$100 million, whichever is less. "Hedges" include unrestricted cash resources as well as interest rate products such as caps and collars. Under no circumstances will the District issue variable rate debt for arbitrage purposes. If variable rate debt is used, the Chief Financial Officer will periodically, but at least annually, determine whether it is appropriate to convert the debt to bear fixed interest rates.

B. <u>Debt Affordability</u>: The determination of how much indebtedness the District should incur will be based on a Capital Financing Plan (the "Plan") that is currently being developed by the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, which analyzes the long-term infrastructure needs of the District, and the impact of planned debt issuances on the long-term affordability of all outstanding debt. The Plan will be based on the District's current five-year capital plan and will

include all District financings to be repaid from the General Fund, special funds or *ad valorem* property taxes. The affordability of the incurrence of debt will be determined by calculating various debt ratios (itemized below) which would result after issuance of the debt and analyzing the trends over time.

C. <u>Targets and Ceilings for Debt Affordability</u>: One of the factors contributing to the District's high credit ratings is its moderate General Fund-supported debt level relative to other large issuers and as compared to the resources available to repay the debt. The issuance of debt to be repaid from the General Fund and other internal District resources (typically, the District's certificates of participation) must be carefully monitored to maintain a balance between debt and said resources.

The District's credit environment is also affected by the District's issuance of its general obligation bonds paid from voter approved tax levies as well as the debt issuance activities of other agencies (for example, the City of Los Angeles, the County of Los Angeles and the Los Angeles Community College District) whose jurisdictions overlap those of the District. It is important for the District to examine debt burden ratios for such debt as well, even though such debt is not paid from the District's General Fund or other internal resources. Further, the tax receipts used to repay the Districts general obligation bonds are levied and collected by the County of Los Angeles and are not controlled by the District.

Table 1 provides a listing of the debt burden factors that will be monitored by the Chief Financial Officer in the case of debt to be repaid from the General Fund or other District resources. The measured debt factors will be compared to targeted and maximum levels for those factors. The targets and ceilings are intended to guide policy. The targets and ceilings do not mean that debt issuance is automatically approved if there is room under a particular target or ceiling. On the contrary, each and every proposed debt issuance must be individually presented to and approved by the Board of Education.

Table 2 indicates the benchmark debt burden ratios to be monitored by the Chief Financial Officer that recognize the combined direct debt and overall debt of the District, as applicable. The Office of the Chief Financial Officer shall annually prepare or cause to be prepared a Debt Report providing details of the calculations of debt ratios and projections of the impact of future debt issuance on the District's direct debt. The Office of the Chief Financial Officer shall also develop appropriate appendices to the Debt Report containing relevant information on any rating agency and/or Government Finance Officer's Association debt policy guidelines with respect to debt burden ratios.

i. <u>Debt Ratios:</u> The following table sets forth the debt ratios to be monitored under the Policy and their targeted levels and Policy ceilings, if applicable.

Table 1

Debt Factor	Target	Ceiling
COP Debt Service Limit (gross)	2.0% of General Funds Expenditures	2.5% of General Funds Expenditures
COP Gross Annual Debt Service Cap	\$105 Million	

Table 2

Debt Burden Ratio	Benchmark
Direct Debt to Assessed Value	Moody's Median for Aa Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 200,000 Standard & Poor's Mean for AA Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 150,000
Overall Debt to Assessed Value	Moody's Median for Aa Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 200,000 Standard & Poor's Mean for AA Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 150,000
Direct Debt Per Capita	Standard & Poor's Median for AA Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 150,000 Standard & Poor's Mean for AA Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 150,000
Overall Debt Per Capita	Standard & Poor's Median for AA Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 150,000 Standard & Poor's Mean for AA Rated School Districts With Student Population Above 150,000

[&]quot;Direct Debt" includes all debt that is repaid from the General Fund or from any tax revenues deposited into special funds not supporting revenue bonds.

D. <u>Monitor Impact on District Taxpayer of Voter-Approved Taxes</u>: In addition to the analysis of the District's debt affordability, the Plan will review the impact of debt issuance on District taxpayers. This analysis will incorporate the District's general obligation bond tax levies

[&]quot;Overall Debt" includes any debt that is paid from general tax revenues and special assessments by residents in the District. This includes debt issued by other agencies whose taxing boundaries overlap the District, such as the City of Los Angeles, the County of Los Angeles and the Metropolitan Water District, but excludes revenue bonds with dedicated repayment sources.

as well as tax rates imposed by overlapping jurisdictions as reported in the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). In addition, the District will monitor the performance of the actual tax levy rate per \$100,000 of assessed value for each general obligation bond authorization versus what the tax levy rate was expected to be at the time of the original bond election and include said performance in the Debt Report. The Measure K, Measure R, Measure Y and Measure Q Bonds were each authorized with a tax levy limitation of \$60 per \$100,000 of assessed value to repay bonds issued under each authorization (Measure).

Section 3.09 Use of Corporations as Lessor for COPs Issues

The District has established two special purpose corporations to assist in COPs financings as lessor: the LAUSD Financing Corporation and the LAUSD Administration Building Financing Corporation. The District shall use these corporations rather than private corporations as lessor whenever feasible. The District shall maintain proper records relating to the corporations and prepare audits as required.

Article IV. Related Issues

Section 4.01 Capital Improvement Program

Planning and management of the District's Capital Improvement Program rests primarily with the Facilities Services Division under the Superintendent's direction, subject to review by the Bond Oversight Committee and approval by the Board of Education. The Facilities Master Plan and Strategic Execution Plans provide an overall description of the District's current Facilities Improvement Program. The Facilities Services Division will, as appropriate, supplement and revise these plans in keeping with the District's current needs for the acquisition, development and/or improvement of District's real estate and facilities. The plans must include a summary of total cost of each project, schedules for the projects, the expected quarterly cash requirements, and annual appropriations, in order for the projects to be completed.

The Office of the Chief Financial Officer shall prepare an annual capital financing plan and a capital program budget as part of the annual budget for the District. The capital program budget shall identify all appropriations for the capital program, sources of funds, uses of funds, future funding requirements for project completion and an estimate of the capital program's impact on subsequent operating budgets. The District Board, upon advice from the Chief Financial Officer, may consider incurring subsequent debt to fund multiple phases of the Facilities Improvement Program.

Section 4.02 **Reporting of Debt**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report will serve as the repository for statements of indebtedness. The annual debt statement certifies the amount of (i) new debt issued, (ii) debt outstanding, (iii) debt authorized but not issued, (iv) assessed valuation and (v) outstanding debt expressed as a percentage of assessed valuation, each as of the end of the fiscal year to which the CAFR relates. The CAFR will be posted on the District's website as well as the District's dissemination agent's website.

Section 4.03 Financial Disclosure

The District shall prepare or cause to be prepared appropriate disclosures as required by Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, the federal government, the State of California, rating agencies, bond insurers, underwriters, bond counsel, investors, taxpayers, and other persons or entities entitled to disclosure to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations and agreements to provide ongoing disclosure.

The District shall make available its annual CAFRs, budgets and Official Statements on the official District website and/or on the dissemination agent's website so that interested persons have a convenient way to locate major financial reports and documents pertaining to the District's finances and debt.

Section 4.04 **Review of Financing Proposals**

All capital financing proposals involving a pledge of the District's credit through the sale of securities, execution of loans, or lease agreements or otherwise directly or indirectly the lending or pledging of the District's credit initially shall be referred to the Chief Financial Officer who shall determine the financial feasibility of such proposal and make recommendations accordingly to the Board.

Section 4.05 **Establishing Financing Priorities**

The Chief Financial Officer shall administer and coordinate the Policy and the District's debt issuance program and activities, including timing of issuance, method of sale, structuring the issue, and marketing strategies. The Chief Financial Officer shall, as appropriate, report to the Superintendent and the Board regarding the status of the current and future year programs and make specific recommendations.

Section 4.06 Rating Agency and Credit Enhancer Relations

The District shall endeavor to maintain effective relations with the rating agencies and credit enhancers. The Chief Financial Officer along with the District's financial advisors shall meet with, make presentations to, or otherwise communicate with the rating agencies, and credit enhancers on a consistent and as appropriate basis in order to keep the agencies informed concerning the District's capital plans, debt issuance program, and other appropriate financial information.

Section 4.07 **Investment Community Relations**

The District shall endeavor to maintain a positive relationship with the investment community. The Chief Financial Officer shall, as necessary, prepare reports and other forms of communication regarding the District's indebtedness, as well as its future financing plans. This includes information presented to the media and other public sources of information. To the extent applicable, such communications shall be posted on the District's website.

Section 4.08 **Refunding and Restructuring Policy**

Whenever deemed to be in the best interest of the District, the District shall consider refunding or restructuring outstanding debt when financially advantageous or beneficial for debt repayment and structuring flexibility. The Chief Financial Officer shall review a net present value analysis of any proposed refunding in order to make a determination regarding the cost-effectiveness of the proposed refunding. The target net present value savings as a percentage of the refunded aggregate principal amount shall be no less than 3% per maturity unless, at the discretion of the Chief Financial Officer, a lower percentage is more applicable, for situations including, but not limited to, maturities with only a few years until maturity or COPs being defeased or redeemed from proceeds of G.O. Bonds or other structuring considerations. The Chief Financial Officer shall be empowered to restructure escrow funds for the District's refunded Bonds and COPs from time to time when savings can be achieved. The Chief Financial Officer shall review a savings analysis of any proposed restructuring in order to make a determination regarding its cost-effectiveness. The target net savings shall be no less than \$1.0 million unless, at the discretion of the Chief Financial Officer, a lower amount is more appropriate given the nature of the particular escrow fund. Any savings from such restructuring shall be applied in accordance with legal and tax considerations and legal analysis at the time such savings are available.

Section 4.09 **Investment of Borrowed Proceeds**

The District acknowledges its on-going fiduciary responsibilities to actively manage the proceeds of debt issued for public purposes in a manner that is consistent with California law governing the investment of public funds and with the permitted securities covenants of related bond documents executed by the District. Where applicable, the District's official investment policy shall govern specific methods of investment of bond related proceeds. The District shall competitively bid the purchase of investment securities, investment contracts, float contracts, forward purchase agreements and any other investments pertaining to its tax-exempt debt issues. A registered investment advisor or the County of Los Angeles Treasurer-Tax Collector shall solicit bids for investment products. The District's underwriters, but not its financial advisors, may bid on investment products. Preservation of principal will be the primary goal of any investment strategy followed by the availability of funds, followed by return on investment.

The management of public funds shall enable the District to respond to changes in markets or changes in payment or construction schedules so as to (i) ensure liquidity and (ii) minimize risk.

Section 4.10 Federal Arbitrage Rebate Requirement

The District shall maintain or cause to be maintained an appropriate system of accounting to calculate bond investment arbitrage earnings in accordance with the Tax Reform Act of 1986, as amended or supplemented and applicable United States Treasury regulations related thereto.

Section 4.11 **Transaction Records**

The Chief Financial Officer or designee shall maintain complete records of decisions made in connection with each financing, including the selection of members of the financing team, the structuring of the financing, selection of credit enhancement products and providers, and selection of investment products. Each transaction file shall include the official transcript for the

financing, the final number runs and a post-pricing summary of the debt issue. The Chief Financial Officer shall timely provide a summary of each financing to the Board.

Section 4.12 **Financing Team Members**

A. Retention of Consultants

i. General: All financial advisors, bond counsel, disclosure counsel and underwriters will be selected from a pool to be created through a Request for Proposals (RFP) or Request for Qualifications (RFQ) process, whichever is most appropriate given the circumstances. In isolated instances, such contracts may be awarded on a sole source basis if it is clear that an RFP/RFQ process would not be feasible or in the District's interests. The District's contracting policies will apply to all contracts with finance professionals. Generally, contracts for financial advisor, underwriter and bond counsel will be for five years with two one-year renewal options.

Based upon evaluation of submitted statements of qualifications, underwriting firms will be assigned to one of three specific tiers: the senior manager tier (with those firms eligible to serve as senior or co-senior manager); the co-manager tier (with those firms eligible to serve as co-manager); and the emerging firms tier (with those firms eligible to serve as co-manager). In the event the par amount of a transaction is \$100 million or less, firms in the co-manager tier may compete to serve as senior manager, in keeping with the District's procurement policy that competition is the cornerstone of the procurement process.

In the event the District issues bonds through a negotiated sale, the selection of underwriters will be based upon a mini-RFP process and will generally be for a single transaction. Underwriters may be selected for multiple transactions if multiple issuances are planned for the same project.

Whenever possible, members of the financing team for each specific transaction will be identified and presented to the Board as part of the financing transaction Board report or as a separate informative.

- ii. <u>General Financial Advisor</u>: The District will retain a general financial advisory team to provide general advice on the District's debt management program, financial condition, budget options and bond rating agency relations. Additionally, the general financial advisor will structure the District's General Obligation bond issuances and may be used on an as-needed basis to structure bond issuances that do not fall into the other categories of District debt obligations.
- iii. <u>As-Needed Bond Counsel</u>: The District will select a bond counsel team to be used on an as-needed basis to structure bond issuances which do not fall into the other

- categories of District debt obligations. Additionally, one or more of the firms will be selected to provide general legal advice on debt financing.
- iv. Other District Bond Programs: Financial advisory and bond counsel teams will be selected for the District's general lease financings, TRANs, Mello-Roos, special revenue bonds and any other bond program which may be created. Depending on particular expertise and consultant availability, some firms may be used on more than one program. However, efforts will be made to establish different teams to provide a number of firms the opportunity to participate in District contracts.
- B. Use of Independent Financial Advisors
 - i. <u>Use of Independent Financial Advisors on Competitive Sales</u>: The District will strive to hire financial advisors who do not participate in the underwriting or trading of bonds or other securities. Under certain circumstances, however, it may be in the District's interests to hire an investment banking firm to act as financial advisor on specific bond issues. In the event that a financial advisor working for the District does underwrite, the firm will, under no circumstances, be permitted to lead a syndicate which is bidding on the project for which the firm is acting as financial advisor. In some circumstances, such as a very routine financing and financings for which the financial advisor did not play a lead role in structuring the transaction and upon request of the firm, the District may allow the firm to participate in a bidding syndicate in a non-book running role.
 - ii. <u>Use of Independent Financial Advisors on Negotiated Sales</u>: In recognition of the fact that in a negotiated sale the goals of the underwriters and the issuer are inherently in conflict, the District will hire financial advisors who do not participate in the underwriting or trading of bonds or other securities to represent the District. The only exception to this policy would be that if all independent financial advisory firms which responded to the RFP are found to be unqualified. In this event, the District may hire an underwriter to act as financial advisor to the District. However, the underwriter would be prevented from participating in the underwriting of the transaction, and no firm which had any profit sharing or other type of agreement with any member of the underwriting team for the transaction in question or any other transaction for any issuer would be allowed to serve as financial advisor.
 - iii. <u>Use of Investment Advisors for Investment Advice</u>: Although, in most instances, the Office of the Chief Financial Officer will make all investment decisions relative to temporary investments pending the expenditure of bond proceeds, a registered investment advisor may provide investment advice on refundings and other transactions with specialized investment needs.
- C. Disclosure by Financing Team Members; Ethics

All financing team members will be required to provide full and complete disclosure, under penalty of perjury, relative to any and all agreements with other financing team members and outside parties. The extent of the disclosure may vary depending on the nature of the transaction. However, in general terms, no agreements will be permitted which would compromise a firm's ability to provide independent advice which is solely in the best interests of the District, or which could reasonably be perceived as a conflict of interest. All financing team members shall abide by the Board's code of ethics.

Section 4.13 **Special Situations**

Changes in the capital markets, District programs and other unforeseen circumstances may from time to time produce situations that are not covered by the Policy. These situations may require modifications or exceptions to achieve policy goals. Management flexibility is appropriate and necessary in such situations, provided specific authorization is received from the Board.

Appendix J

CAPITAL BUDGET

For up-to-date information about the District's major capital programs, please visit the following District websites:

Existing and New Facilities: www.laschools.org/efsep

Information Technology Division: visit www.lausd.net and select ITD division under Offices

APPENDIX K

NOTES

NOTE 1 - LONGER SCHOOL DAY

The annual minimum number of instructional minutes required are as follows:

Grade Level	State Minutes Offered <u>Requirement</u>	District Actual Minutes Offered
Kindergarten	35,000	35,000
Grades 1 to 3	49,000	53,505
Grades 4 to 5/6	52,500	53,505
Grades 6 to 8	60,434	60,434
Grades 9 to 12	63,000	63,344 *

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF ALL FUNDS

Interfund Adjustments	2006-07 Actual Revenue and Expenditures	2007-08 Actual Revenue and Expenditures	2008-09 Actual Revenue and Expenditures	2009-10 Third Interim Revenues and Expenditures	2010-11 Budgeted Revenues and Expenditures
General Fund	\$ 60,900,465	\$ 133,093,379	79,016,313	\$ 71,954,191	\$ 4,781,061
Cafeteria Fund	288,174	8,213,651	16,587,485	29,732,865	17,417,657
Adult Education Fund	4,198,892	-	6,871	-	135,689,943
Child Development Fund	7,132,535	-	-	-	2,806,374
Deferred Maintenance Fund	30,188,398	31,048,373	30,000,000	940,905	
Special Reserve Fund	70,475,787	23,166,381	16,134,328	27,634,486	-
Special Reserve Fund - FEMA	-	618,154	469,424	-	-
Building Fund - Measure Y	-	8,908,714	383,670	1,765,317	-
Building Fund - Measure R	2,562,162	36,734,638	93,246,459	47,723,137	-
Building Fund - Measure K	140,589,469	102,891,720	52,904,396	11,778,566	-
Building Fund - Bond Proceeds	1,153,058	58,604,745	45,209,627	20,006,509	-
County School Facilities Fund	7,699,711	4,058,015	3,293,702	9,685,245	-
County School Facilities Fund - Prop 47	-	1,345,707	2,931,454	1,547,825	-
County School Facilities Fund - Prop 55	-	9,027,337	26,223,373	5,578,070	-
County School Facilities Fund - Prop 1D			616,515	3,703,755	-
State School Building Lease/Purchase Fund	2,601,475	21,711,622	226,285	283,754	-
Capital Facilities Fund	-	2,085,395	274,198	347,879	-
Capital Services Fund	35,141,736	58,439,202	208,315,396	118,809,721	49,028,185
Workers' Compensation Fund	185,919,650	85,938,179	48,904	107,062,762	49,558,900
Health & Welfare Benefits Fund	758,486,592	831,647,735	880,325,784	950,583,574	981,238,341
Liability Self-Insurance Fund	15,673,705	25,647,951	19,853,019	42,305,176	21,058,065
Total Interfund Adjustments	\$ 1,323,011,809	\$ 1,443,180,898	1,476,067,203	\$ 1,451,443,737	\$ 1,261,578,526

NOTE 3 - GENERAL FUND

The following designated balances included in the 2010-11 Beginning Balance represent resources set aside for a specific future use, either by law or District policy, and are therefore available only for appropriation or expenditure for the designated purpose:

	Amount
Designated For Restricted Programs	\$ 243,008,490
Designated For Carryovers	48,745,660
Total Designated Balances	\$ 291,754,150

NOTE 4 - GENERAL FUND

The following reserved amounts are portions of the General Fund ending balance which are set aside for a specific use and are therefore not available for appropriation or expenditure:

	Amount	
Imprest and Revolving Cash Funds (A)	\$ 2,786,942	
Maintain Stock in District Warehouse (B)	8,664,851	
General Reserve (C))	1,000	
Total Reserved Amounts	\$ 11,452,793	

- (A) Under established accounting policy, the value of these funds is fully reserved to prevent the over-appropriation of available resources.
- (B) Under established accounting policy, the year-end value of Stores Inventory is fully reserved to prevent the over-appropriation of available resources.
- (C) The Board has established this reserve at \$1,000.

NOTE 5 – ADULT EDUCATION FUND

Under the provisions of Education Code Section 52501.5 (b), \$4,258,974 for 1995-96; \$8,404,976 for 1996-97; \$4,538,552 for 1997-98; \$2,651,411 for 1998-99; \$2,228,768 for 1999-2000; \$4,907,913 in 2000-01; and \$10,600,000 each fiscal year from 2001-02 through 2010-11.

NOTE 6 – CAFETERIA FUND

	Number of	Reimbursement	2010-11
	Meals Served	Rate	Amount
<u>Federal Revenue</u>			
Special Summer			
Lunch	199,739	0.3161	\$ 63,137
	199,739	3.0096	601,134
Breakfast	61,886	0.1724	10,669
	61,886	1.7243	106,710
Snack	18,821	0.0862	1,622
	18,821	0.7002	13,178
			\$ 796,450
Special Assistance Program			
Lunch			
Free	54,555,623	2.8215	153,928,690
Reduced-price	4,832,723	2.4035	11,615,450
Full Price	7,945,818	0.2822	2,242,310
National School Breakfast (Regular)			
Free	666,579	1.5257	1,017,000
Reduced-price	83,530	1.2122	101,255
Full Price	414,197	0.2717	112,537
Needy Breakfast			
Free	29,364,480	1.8183	53,393,434
Reduced-price	2,743,277	1.5048	4,128,083
Full Price	3,226,146	0.2717	876,544
Snacks			
Free	10,720,268	0.7733	8,289,983
Reduced-price	19,763	0.3867	7,642
Full Price	99,794	0.0627	6,257
			\$ 235,719,185
Child and Adult Care Food Program			
Lunch	545,528	2.2103	\$ 1,205,781
	1,799,102	2.3098	4,155,566
Breakfast	481,917	1.2183	587,119
	1,657,619	1.2731	2,110,315
Snack	509,835	0.5841	297,795
	1,661,038	0.6104	1,013,898
			\$ 9,370,474
Cash In-lieu of Commodities	2,344,630	0.2038	\$ 477,836
Donated Commodities			13,123,570
Total Federal Revenue			\$ 259,487,515

NOTE 6 – CAFETERIA FUND (continued)

	Number of	Reimbursement	2010-11
	Meals Served	Rate	Amount
State Revenue			
National School Lunch Program			
Lunch: Free			\$ 10,104,102
Lunch: Reduced-price			892,657
Breakfast (Regular): Free			122,596
Breakfast (Regular): Reduced-price			15,421
Breakfast (Needy): Free			5,446,713
Breakfast (Needy): Reduced-price			506,562
			\$ 17,088,051
Child and Adult Care Food Program			
Lunch	545,528	0.1344	\$ 73,319
	1,799,102	0.1404	252,594
Breakfast	481,917	0.1344	64,770
	1,657,619	0.1404	232,730
			\$ 623,413
Total State Revenue			\$ 17,711,464

Note: Effective 2001-02, Cafeteria Fund revenues for fiscally-independent charter schools are excluded from this fund.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL SERVICES FUND

Other Uses

The following table shows the source of funds for repayment of Certificates of Participation (COPs) and other long-term obligations, their purposes, the requirements in 2010-11, and the year in which these obligations will be fully repaid.

	Beginning Date	Ending Date	2010-11 Payment	
2000A COPs-QZAB 2000B COPs-Multiple Properties 2001B COPs-Beaudry 2002C COPs-Beaudry 2003B COPs-Capital Project 2004A COPs-Refi/Refunding 2005 COPs-QZAB-Repay/Int 2007A COPs-Information Technology Projects 2008A COPs-Refunding of 2005A 2008B COPs-Refunding of 2005B	Date 1999-2000 2000-01 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03 2003-04 2004-05 2006-07 2008-09 2008-09	Date 2011-12 2010-11 2031-32 2031-32 2028-29 2014-15 2011-12 2016-17 2023-24 2030-31	\$	Payment 3,139,510 1,130,982 3,445,000 603,184 2,155,088 2,386,832 20,000 12,570,675 8,378,655 1,519,862
2008D COPs-Cafeteria Project	2008-09	2017-18		4,963,957
•				, ,
2010A COPs-Refunding of 1997A & 1998A	2009-10	2016-17	\$	9,593,440 49,907,185

APPENDIX L

GLOSSARY OF BUDGET TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Budget Terms

Abatement – A complete or partial cancellation of an expenditure or revenue item.

AB 825 Block Grants – In 2005, the State combined more than two dozen categorical programs into six block grants for purposes of flexibility. The six block grants are: (1) the "Protected Pair" – The Pupil Retention Block Grant and the Teacher Credentialing Block Grant; and (2) the "Flexible Four" – The Professional Development Block Grant, the School Safety Consolidated Competitive Grant, the Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant, and the School and Library Improvement Block Grant. The "Flexible Four" allow districts to transfer a maximum of 15% of program funds from the block grant into other block grants or other State categorical programs, or 20% in from other block grants; the "Protected Pair" allows transfers of up to 20% in but no transfers out.

<u>Academic Performance Index</u> – The API scale measures student achievement on certain standardized tests. Schools' scores on the API scale, and their improvement as reflected by API scores, form the basis for funding in several Governor's Initiative programs.

<u>Accounts Payable</u> – Amounts due and owed to private persons, business firms, governmental units, or others for goods received and/or services rendered. Includes amounts billed but not yet paid.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u> - Amounts due and owed from private persons, business firms, governmental units, or others for goods received and/or services rendered. Includes amounts billed but not received.

<u>Accrual Basis of Accounting</u> – An accounting method in which revenues are recorded when earned, and expenditures when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the receipt or payment of cash takes place. School districts use the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds such as the Cafeteria and Self-Insurance funds, and fiduciary funds such as the Annuity Reserve Fund. (See also <u>Cash Basis of Accounting</u> and <u>Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting</u>).

<u>Administered Budget</u> – An administered budget refers to resources managed by a division but spent elsewhere. For example, Facilities Division manages the utilities budget for schools and offices, but the expenditures should be attributed to schools and offices, not the Facilities Division.

<u>Administrative Services Credit</u> – A credit (negative) amount budget to reflect indirect Administrative Services costs charged to certain programs. This is necessary to eliminate duplication of the cost in the total District budget.

Ad Valorem Tax – A tax based on a percentage of the value of goods or services.

<u>American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA)</u> – Also known as the federal stimulus bill, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act was signed into law in February, 2009. The legislation is designed to stimulate the U.S. economy and provides additional funding for education nationwide from 2009 to 2011.

<u>Appropriation</u> — An authorization, granted by the governing board, to make expenditures and to incur obligations for special purposes. An appropriation is usually limited in purpose, amount, and the time period during which it may be expended.

<u>Audit</u> – An examination of documents, records, and accounts for the purpose of (1) determining the propriety of transactions; (2) ascertaining whether transactions are recorded properly; and (3) determining whether statements drawn from accounts reflect an accurate picture of financial operations and financial status for a given period of time.

<u>Authorized Positions</u> – Positions, both filled and vacant, for which authority is provided in the budget. All positions are budgeted as full positions, even if they provide service on a part-time basis.

<u>Average Daily Attendance</u> – A measure of pupil attendance used as the basis for providing revenue to school districts and as a measure of unit costs. Only in-seat attendance is counted in computing ADA.

<u>Base Revenue Limit</u> – The basic State funding to K-12 education. It is expressed either as an amount per ADA or as a dollar amount. The District's most important funding source, Base Revenue Limit funding is comprised of a combination of State tax revenues and local property tax allocations.

<u>Block Grant</u> – A funding methodology in which the granting authority (e.g., the State) groups multiple programs into one entity for funding purposes. This is usually done for purposes of improving funding flexibility; districts may choose to increase or decrease funding for programs within the block grant, depending upon the perception of the individual district regarding the relative value of the individual programs.

<u>Bond</u> – A certificate containing a written promise to pay a specified amount of money, called the face value, at a fixed time in the future, called the date of maturity, and specifying interest at a fixed rate, usually payable periodically.

<u>Budget</u> – A plan of financial operation consisting of an estimate of proposed revenue and expenditures for a given period and purpose. The term usually indicates a financial plan for a single fiscal year.

Budget Adjustment (or "Budget Transfer") - A change among budgeted items.

<u>California State Lottery</u> – Implemented through Proposition 37, passed by the voters in November, 1984, the lottery distributes funds to local districts for instructional purposes. Lottery funds cannot be used for purchase or construction of facilities, for land, or research. Because the initiative does not define "instructional," local districts have wide latitude in the use of lottery funds. Districts are required to utilize 50% of any increased funding above the 1997-1998 base year for instructional materials.

<u>Capital Expenditures</u> – According to the <u>California School Accounting Manual</u>, capital expenditures are those "for sites, buildings, books, and equipment, including leases with option to purchase, that meet the LEA's threshold for capitalization." Among the categories of expenses recorded as capital expenditures are: land, buildings, site improvements, and some types of equipment; this category also covers library books, as well as the costs of project management that can be clearly assigned to an individual capital project.

<u>Capital Outlay</u> – Amounts paid for fixed assets or additions to fixed assets, including land or existing buildings, improvement of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to buildings, remodeling of buildings, or initial and additional equipment.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – District Funds dedicated to facilities construction and repair.

<u>Carryover (or Carryforward)</u> – Unexpended balances that are carried forward from one fiscal year to the next in accordance with programmatic or District guidelines. Funds may carry forward at a particular location or may be carried forward and redistributed as part of a new year's allocation, depending on program guidelines.

<u>Cash Basis of Accounting</u> – An accounting method in which revenues are recorded when cash is received and expenditures (or expenses) when cash is disbursed. School districts do not use the cash basis of accounting. (See <u>Accounting Accounting and Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting</u>).

<u>Categorical Mega-Item</u> – Refers to a variety of categorical programs grouped into one funding item in the State Budget by legislative action in order to avoid possible vetoes of specific programs. Districts are given authority to transfer a percentage of Mega-Item funding between programs comprising the Mega-Item.

<u>Categorical Programs</u> – Programs funding activities are supplemental to the District's basic instructional program. These programs may be included in the General Fund, Regular Program, SFP, or in a number of Special Funds.

Certificated Salaries – Salaries paid for services that require a credential.

<u>Certificates of Participation (COPs)</u> – A financing technique which provides funding through the sale of papers, backed by a specific capital asset, for capital cost items.

<u>Charter School</u> – A school that under State law operates semi-autonomously of the District. A "fiscally independent" charter school receives funding from the State and utilizes the funds to best serve the needs of its students; an "affiliated" charter school continues to receive funding from the District but develops curriculum that may differ from that of the District.

<u>Charter-Like School</u>. A school that is budgeted on the basis of per-pupil allocations rather than norms, similar to a charter school, but does not become a charter school.

<u>Child Days of Enrollment</u> – Children's Centers generate revenue on the basis of Child Days of Enrollment, an alternative to the ADA calculations used for schools.

<u>Civic Center Rentals</u> - Rental of space at school sites during non-school hours by designated groups. The District is required to charge an appropriate amount for the use of the facilities. These charges become part of the District's General Fund revenues.

<u>Classified Salaries</u> – Salaries for services that do not require a credential.

<u>Community Day School</u> – A school site for service to students who have been expelled, referred by SARB, or denied attendance at a regular school site. By law, CDSs must be located on sites separated from regular District campuses.

<u>Compensatory Education</u> – Comprised of ESEA – Title I, Economic Impact Aid, and School Improvement Programs; provides supplementary funding for schools with a specified percentage of students who qualify for funding under program guidelines.

Concept 6 Calendar – A 3-track, year-round calendar calling for students to attend 163 days with 6.6 daily hours of instruction.

<u>Concurrently Enrolled</u> – Students enrolled simultaneously in a K-12 school and in a Regional Occupational Center or Adult Education Program.

Continuous – See "Ongoing."

<u>Current Expense of Education</u> – The current General Fund operating expenditures for kindergarten through grade twelve, excluding expenditures for food services, community services, non-agency activities, fringe benefits for retired persons, and acquisition and construction of facilities, and other outgo items.

<u>**Debt Limit**</u> – The maximum amount of legally permitted debt.

<u>Debt Service</u> – Expenditures for retirement of debt and interest on debt (e.g., COPS and bonds).

<u>Deficit Factor</u> – A percentage deduction from a funding source such as the revenue limit.

<u>Deficit Spending</u> – The excess of actual expenditures over actual revenues (also referred to as an operating deficit).

<u>Designated Balance</u> – The portion of the previous year's ending balance committed by statute or by District policy and therefore unavailable for general purpose allocations.

<u>Developer Fees</u> – District revenue resulting from fees levied upon new residential, commercial, or industrial development projects within the District's boundaries in order to obtain additional funds for the construction of schools.

<u>Direct Services</u> – Services that are delivered at the school site where the student is the direct recipient or beneficiary of the services. Examples include personnel that provide direct, hands-on instruction to students.

<u>District Defined Programs</u> – Programs within the General Fund that are summarized as distinct programs within the budget document. District Defined Programs are selected for increased recognition in the budget because they have significant financial implications or because the Board has indicated a desire that financial information about the program be reflected in the budget document.

Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) - In 1965, President Lyndon B. Johnson passed the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as a part of the "War on Poverty." ESEA emphasizes equal access to education and establishes high standards and accountability. The law authorizes federally funded education programs that are administered by the states. In 2002, Congress amended ESEA and reauthorized it as the No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB).

<u>Employee Benefits</u> – Expenditures for employer contributions to retirement plans, for social security, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, health and medical benefits, and other employee "fringe benefits."

Encroachment – Costs of a District Defined Program such as Special Education that exceed the program's earned income. Encroachment is covered through Interprogram Adjustments, usually from General Program resources.

Encumbrance – An obligation such as a salary, purchase order, contract, or other commitment to spend, that has been recognized in the accounting records but not yet finalized as a formal expenditure.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Funds used to account for activities of an LEA that, because of their income-producing character, are similar to those found in the private sector.

Entitlement – An apportionment that is based on specific qualifications or a formula defined in statute.

<u>Equalization Aid</u> – Funds provided by the State to improve the revenue equity between districts receiving relatively low revenue limit amounts per-ADA and districts receiving relatively higher amounts. Equalization aid is typically provided on the basis of type and size of school districts; small elementary district revenue limits are compared with other small elementary districts; large unified districts such as LAUSD are compared with other large unified districts, etc.

Expenditure – The cost of goods delivered or services rendered.

<u>Federal Emergency Management Act</u> – A funding source for building repairs related to the January 17, 1994 earthquake, and for hazard mitigation measures. FEMA funds may also be allocated for other natural disasters.

Fees – Amounts collected from or paid to individuals or groups for services or for use of a facility.

Fiduciary Funds – District Funds utilized as holding accounts for amounts owed to employees under various agreements.

<u>Final Budget</u> – The Final Budget is the District's official operating budget upon Board adoption, which must occur prior to June 30 of the preceding budget year. The Final Budget is submitted to the Los Angeles County Office of Education (LACOE) for approval in accordance with guidelines provided in the Education Code.

<u>Fiscal Year</u> – A period of one year, the beginning and ending dates of which are fixed by statute. The fiscal year for California school districts begins July 1 and ends on June 30.

<u>Function</u> – Under the Standardized Account Code Structure (SACS), function refers to activities or services performed to accomplish a goal.

<u>Fund</u> – Defined as "a sum of money or other resources set aside for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives."

<u>Fund Balance</u> – According to the <u>California School Accounting Manual</u> (Procedure No. 207), the fund balance is determined by subtracting the fund's total liabilities from the total assets. The difference is the fund balance.

<u>General Fund</u> – The Fund used to summarize costs of the District's basic operations. The District's General Fund includes both Regular Program and Specially Funded Program activities.

<u>Gifted and Talented Education</u> – A State-funded program within the General Fund which provides supplementary funding for identified qualifying students.

<u>Goal</u> – Under SACS, a goal defines an objective or set of objectives for the LEA. It is used to account for the cost of instruction and other services by the instructional goals and objectives of an LEA.

<u>Governor's Budget</u> – The Governor's Proposed State Budget, or "Governor's Budget," is published each January, and represents his initial public disclosure of his financial assumptions and spending priorities for the coming fiscal year.

<u>Grant</u> – A contribution, either in money or material goods, made by one governmental agency to another. Grants may be for specific or, rarely, for general purposes.

<u>Hourly Programs</u> – Programs funded by the State on the basis of hours of attendance rather than ADA. Refers primarily to summer and intersession classes, but also applies to programs such as after-school intervention, Saturday School, etc.

<u>Implemented Budget</u> – Budget for Specially Funded Programs that has been allocated to specific appropriations for expenditure.

<u>Indirect Cost</u> – Elements of cost necessary in the operation of a district or in the performance of a service that are of such nature that the amount applicable to each accounting unit cannot be determined readily. It consists of those business and administrative costs (e.g., accounting, budgeting, personnel, purchasing) that benefit the entire district.

<u>Indirect Cost Rate</u> – A method for claiming reimbursement of indirect costs from federal and state categorical funds. It is the ratio (expressed as a percentage) of the indirect costs to direct base costs.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u> – Income and expenditures initially recorded in the General Fund and then transferred, in accordance with accounting requirements, to a Special Fund.

<u>Interim Reports</u> – Accounting reports prepared as of a date or a period during the fiscal year. They include budgetary estimates, financial transactions during current year-to-date, and end-of-year projections. California school districts are required to publish a first interim report in December based upon October data, and a second interim report in March based on January data. A third interim report may be required by the County Office of Education if it has significant concerns regarding the financial viability of a district.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – Funds to the District dedicated to self-insurance of such costs as employee health and medical benefits, liability insurance, and worker's compensation.

<u>Interprogram</u> – Costs of a District Defined Program that exceed the program's income must be covered from other General Fund revenues. Such costs are covered through "interprogram" transfers from the General Program.

<u>Least Restrictive Environment (Special Education Program)</u> – A term used to describe the placement requirements for identified students with special needs into schools and programs.

Limited - See "Onetime."

<u>Mandated Cost Reimbursements</u> – The California Constitution requires that the State reimburse local governmental entities, including school district, for the cost of complying with State or court mandates. The reimbursement is known as a Mandated Cost Reimbursement.

<u>May Revision (or "May Revise")</u> – Published each May, this State document updates the Governor's Budget published in January with regard to the Governor's State revenue projections and spending priorities for the coming fiscal year.

<u>Measure K</u> – A local school facilities bond measure, passed by the voters on November 5, 2002. Measure K proceeds may be used to repair, renovate, acquire, construct or lease school buildings, including classrooms, libraries, restrooms, science laboratories, and other capital projects. Proceeds may also be used: to acquire instructional materials (including library books); upgrade fire/security systems; perform earthquake retrofitting; install lighting, plumbing, and heating; remove asbestos and lead paint; upgrade wiring for computers; and build new neighborhood schools to relieve overcrowding. Funds may not be used for non-Measure K-related administrative salaries.

Budget Terms (Continued):

<u>Measure Q</u> – Passed by voters in November of 2008; provides additional funding to continue repair/upgrade of aging classrooms.

<u>Measure R</u> – Passed by the voters in March of 2004; provides additional funding for reduction of overcrowding, construction of schools, repair and upgrade of aging classrooms, and other facilities-related purposes.

Measure \underline{Y} – Passed by the voters in November of 2005; provides additional funding to return all schools to a two-semester calendar, end involuntary busing, focus on critically needed schools for younger students, and ensure that every community receives its fair share of new schools and classrooms. Measure Y will continue repair and upgrade of aging and deteriorating classrooms and restrooms, build new schools, upgrade fire and safety and emergency response equipment, and eliminate asbestos and lead paint hazards.

<u>Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting</u> – In the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period when they become available and measurable, and expenditures when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the receipt or payment of cash takes place. School districts use the modified accrual basis of accounting for operating funds such as the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.

<u>Multiyear Financial Plan</u> – A plan that presents financial estimates of programs in tabular form for a period of years. These estimates reflect the future financial impact of current decisions. California school districts are required to publish three-year financial plans reflecting estimates for the budget year and two subsequent fiscal years.

<u>Ninety/Thirty (90/30) Calendar</u> – A year-round calendar in which students are assigned for 90 schools days, off for 30, then on for 90.

Norms – Most District schools receive their base allocations of teachers, school administrators, school clerical positions, and various resources, on the basis of Board-approved "norms," which determine the resources to be allocated to individual schools. Most norms are based on numbers of students on "norm day," which is generally the Friday of the fourth week of school, but other factors may be used in norm allocations (e.g., the allocation of custodians is based on a complex formula that includes the size of the school). The District norms are published in the form of "norm tables" which describe the factors utilized in determining the individual norms.

<u>Objects of Expenditure</u> – California school districts are required to develop their budgets and report expenditures by "Object of Expenditure," which reflects specific categories of cost such as Teachers' Salaries, Textbooks, etc.

Onetime – Revenue or expenditure line-items not expected to continue into the subsequent year.

Ongoing - Revenue or expenditure line-items that are expected to continue into the subsequent year.

<u>Operational Budget</u> – The positions and other resources which enable an operating unit to perform the functions for which it is responsible. Distinguished from administered budgets in that the unit controlling and benefiting from the resources are one and the same.

<u>Overdraft</u> – The amount by which expenditures and encumbrances exceed the budget available for them.

<u>Pending Distribution</u> – Accounts in the budget held for distribution to expendable appropriations during the course of the fiscal year. Generally, funds are placed in a Pending Distribution account because of funding uncertainty or because no spending plan has been received. Funds must be transferred from the Pending Distribution account to expendable accounts before spending may occur.

<u>Position Control</u> – A system developed to control salary and benefit costs by comparing budgeted positions to assignments and payroll so that only employees with budgeted positions and active assignments can be paid.

<u>Preliminary Budget</u> – The first budget published by the District annually (usually in March or April), it is intended to provide to Board Members and the public information regarding available revenues and expenditure requirements for the coming fiscal year, in order to assist in financial planning. The Preliminary Budget is based on information from the Governor's Proposed (January) Budget, and from the First Interim Financial Report, as well as from other sources.

Budget Terms (Continued):

<u>Program Code</u> – Four-digit code used in budgeting and controlling of expenditures. Use of program codes facilitates tracking and identification of specific expenditures. Also referred to as *Appropriation Code*.

<u>Proposition 20</u> – 50% of lottery funding above the 1997-98 funding level must be used for purchase of instructional materials, in accordance with Proposition 20, passed by the voters in March, 2000.

<u>Proposition 47</u> - The passage of Proposition 47 in November 2002 authorized the sale of bonds to provide funding for the State School Facilities Fund, which provides for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants.

<u>Proposition 49</u> – Passed by the voters in 2002, a program providing for major expansion of existing before- and after-school programs beginning with the 2006-07 school year.

<u>Proposition 55</u> – The State Kindergarten-University Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 2004 was passed by the voters in March of 2004. Provides funds for locally approved bond measures for the purpose of building new schools and classrooms to relieve overcrowding.

<u>Proposition 98</u> – Passed by the voters in 1988, Proposition 98 provides the formula by which the amount of money to be allocated to statewide K-14 education in California is determined.

Proposition BB – LAUSD facilities bond measure passed by the voters in April of 1997.

<u>Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> – Unless exempted by state law, classified employees, their district, and the State contribute to this retirement fund.

<u>Quality Education Investment Act</u> – Funds approved as part of the settlement of the *CTA v. Schwarzenegger* lawsuit, intended to improve education, primarily through class-size reduction, at Decile 1 and 2 schools. Funds are provided over a seven-year period, with participating schools determined through a random lottery. Schools must meet achievement criteria in order to remain eligible for funding. Funding for this program begins in 2007-08.

Regional Occupational Centers – Provide classes in a variety of occupations leading to employment of adults and high school youth.

<u>Regular Program</u> – Generally refers to funds related to the basic activities of the District. "Regular Program" and "Specially Funded Programs" comprise the totality of the General Fund.

<u>Requisition</u> – A document submitted initiating a purchase order to secure specified articles, services, or issuance of materials from stores, a warehouse, or a vendor.

Reserve – An account used to earmark a portion of a Fund, to indicate that it is not currently available for expenditure or is set aside for future use at the Board's discretion. Amounts held in reserve cannot be expended without the Board's formal approval.

<u>Reserve for Economic Uncertainties</u> – The District is required to maintain a 1% reserve to offset the potential impact of unanticipated overexpenditures or revenue shortfalls.

<u>Restricted</u> – Program funding that is limited to specific students or types of expenditure. E.g., Gifted and Talented, Title I, etc. See *Categorical*. Also see *Unrestricted*.

Revenue Limit – The revenue limit is the largest and most important revenue source to the General Fund. The revenue limit is funded from a combination of State funds and local property taxes, and is allocated on the basis of a rate per A.D.A. multiplied by the District's P2 A.D.A. The State COLA provides the basis for increasing the revenue limit.

<u>Revenues</u> – The funding available to an organization from outside sources. Revenues are the primary financial resource of a Fund.

Routine Repair and General Maintenance Program – Provides for the repair of District buildings, equipment, and grounds, as well as for planning and implementation of alterations and improvements of existing structures. Districts are required to commit 3% of their budgeted General Fund amount for purposes of routine repair and general maintenance as a condition of participating in the State building program. The General Fund transfer to the Deferred Maintenance Fund can comprise ½%; maintenance costs to other funds such as the Adult Education Fund or Child Development Fund can also be applied toward the 3% requirement.

<u>SACS-2000</u> – The form used by local school districts to report financial information to the County Office of Education. Replaced the J-200 reporting form. "SACS" is the abbreviation commonly used for "Standardized Account Code Structure."

<u>Special Education Program</u> – Provides instructional and other services to students who have special needs resulting from physical, emotional, intellectual or learning disabilities.

<u>Special Education – Incidence Factor</u> – A State special education component that provides funding to SELPAs with unusually high proportions of high-cost special education students. Also known as the Special Disability Allowance (SDA).

Special Education Local Plan Area (SELPA) – In 1977, all California school districts and county offices were required to form geographical regions of sufficient size and scope to provide the federal mandated special education programs and services to meet the unique needs of individual children residing within the region's boundaries. Each region, or SELPA, develops and maintains a local plan describing how the SELPA will guarantee and provide special education programs and services. Because of its size, Los Angeles Unified is a single-district SELPA.

<u>Special Education – Low Incidence</u> – A separate funding stream within the Special Education Program intended for purchase of equipment needed for instruction of identified students with specified disabilities.

<u>Special Education Mandate Settlement</u> – Funding received as a result of a settlement related to the State's special education requirements exceeding federal requirements.

<u>Special Funds</u> – Separate financial entities within the budget which provide for specified activities, as defined in the California Education Code. Examples are Adult Education Fund, Building Fund, Cafeteria Fund, etc.

<u>Specially Funded Programs</u> – Programs that are "restricted" or "categorical" in nature and generally require separate reporting to a granting agency. Examples are NCLB-Title I (federal) and Economic Impact Aid (state).

<u>Standardized Account Code Structure (SACS)</u> – Statewide standardization of school district budgeting and accounting codes, in order to increase uniformity of accounting and facilitate statewide data collection and analysis.

<u>State Mandated Cost Reimbursements</u> – Revenue received by the District in reimbursement for programs or activities resulting from State mandates or court orders. The California State Constitution requires that the State reimburse local governmental agencies for mandated activities.

<u>State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)</u> – State law requires certificated employees, school districts, and the state to contribute to this retirement fund.

Stimulus – See American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

<u>Statutory COLA</u> – The cost of living adjustment (COLA) calculated based on the percentage change in the annual average value of the Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Purchases of Goods and Services for the United States, as published by the United States Department of Commerce (Education Code §42238.1[a][2].

<u>Student Body Fund</u> – An agency fund to control the receipts and the disbursements of student association activities. Student body funds are not the property of the school district and are not reflected in the District budget or accounts.

<u>Student Integration Program</u> – Combined the Court-Ordered and Voluntary Desegregation Programs to create a wide variety of programs to address the harms of racial isolation in District schools. Was formally created by the <u>Crawford v. LAUSD</u> legal decision.

Budget Terms (Continued):

<u>Targeted Instructional Improvement Grant</u> – Provides funding to cover costs of ongoing desegregation efforts and, if funds remain, to meet the needs of underachieving schools. Replaces Student Integration funding in the 2002-03 State Budget.

<u>Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes</u> – Short-term notes issued in anticipation of receipt of revenues, typically for cash flow purposes.

<u>Teachers As A Priority</u> – State-funded program intended to enhance the ability of low-performing schools to attract and retain quality teaching staffs.

<u>The "Deal"</u> – In 2004-05, in order to bring the State Budget into better balance, the Governor agreed with the Education Coalition that public education would receive \$2 billion less than its Proposition 98 entitlement. The Governor indicated that public education would continue to receive its fair share of any unanticipated revenues. In 2005-06, despite substantial State revenue increases in both 2004-05 and 2005-06, the Governor did not provide additional funding to public education, leading to the *CTA and O'Connell v. Schwarzenegger* lawsuit. In the 2006-07 State budget, the lawsuit is settled out-of-court, and the Governor agrees to provide the additional funds.

<u>Tier I Program</u> – Refers to categorical programs which were not reduced in the State Budget that was approved by the legislature and signed by the Governor in February 2009. School districts cannot redirect funding for these programs to other educational purposes.

<u>Tier II Program</u> – Refers to categorical programs for which funding was reduced in the State Budget that was approved by the legislature and signed by the Governor in February 2009. School districts cannot redirect funding for these programs to other educational purposes.

<u>Tier III Program</u> – Refers to categorical programs for which funding was reduced in the State Budget that was approved by the legislature and signed by the Governor in February 2009. School districts can redirect funding for these programs to any other educational purpose over a five-year period ending July 1, 2013.

<u>Undesignated Balance</u> – The portion of the previous year's ending balance that is uncommitted and available for discretionary use. All balances are onetime in nature.

<u>Ungraded</u> – Some programs, such as special education, group children into classes based on ability level rather than grade level. Such programs are reflected in the "Ungraded" section of attendance/enrollment reports.

<u>Unimplemented Budget</u> – Reflects Specially Funded Program income that has not yet been received but is anticipated in the budget. As grants are received during the year, the budgets of these programs will be implemented, or placed into expendable appropriations.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – Refers to programs which provide funding that may be used for any educational purpose at the discretion of the Board of Education.

Budget Abbreviations

<u>A&I</u> – Alterations and Improvements of Buildings or Sites.

ARRA – American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

AB - Assembly Bill. Applies to State legislation (e.g., Assembly Bill 602 would be abbreviated as AB 602).

ABE - Adult Basic Education Program.

ACA – Assembly Concurrent Amendment.

ACR – Assembly Concurrent Resolution.

ADA – Average Daily Attendance.

<u>AEWC</u> – Alternative Education and Work Center.

AFDC – Aid for Dependent Children.

AP – Advanced Placement.

<u>API</u> – Academic Performance Index.

AYP – Adequate Yearly Progress

BA – Budget Adjustment ("Budget Transfer")

BRASS – Budget Reporting and Analysis Support System.

<u>BTS</u> – Business Tools for Schools

BTSA – Beginning Teacher Support and Assessment

C – Certificated Salaries.

<u>CAHSEE</u> – California High School Exit Examination.

<u>CalWORKS</u> – California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids

<u>CAP (TIIG/Student Integration Program)</u> – Capacity Adjustment Program.

<u>CBEDS</u> – California Basic Education Data System.

CBEST – California Basic Education Skills Test

CBET – Community-Based English Tutoring Program.

<u>CDE</u> – Child Days of Enrollment (used in Child Development Fund).

<u>CDE</u> – California Department of Education.

CDS – Community Day Schools.

COLA – Cost of Living Adjustment.

Comp Ed. – Compensatory Education.

<u>COPs</u> – Certificates of Participation.
<u>CPI</u> – Consumer Price Index
<u>CPR</u> – California Performance Review
<u>CRA</u> – Community Redevelopment Agency.
<u>CSR</u> – Class Size Reduction
<u>CSR</u> – Comprehensive School Reform.
<u>CST</u> – California Standards Test
<u>CTA</u> – California Teachers' Association
<u>CY</u> – Current year.
<u>DDP</u> - District Defined Program.
<u>DIS (Special Education Program)</u> – Designated Instructional Services (or Designated Instruction and Services).
<u>DOF</u> – California Department of Finance.
<u>DRS (THG/Student Integration Program)</u> – Designated Receiver Schools.
<u>EIA</u> – Economic Impact Aid. This program has two components: EIA-Bilingual and EIA-Compensatory Education.
ELAP – English Language Acquisition Program.
ELL – English Language Literacy Program.
ERAF – Education Revenue Augmentation Fund.
ERP – Enterprise Resource Planning
<u>ESEA</u> – Elementary and Secondary Education Act.
<u>ESL</u> – English as Second Language.
<u>FEMA</u> – Federal Emergency Management Act, or Federal Emergency Management Agency.
<u>FSEP</u> – Federal and State Education Programs
<u>FTE</u> – Full-time Equivalent
<u>GAAP</u> – Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GASB – Governmental Accounting Standards Board
<u>GAIN (Adult Education Program)</u> – Greater Avenues for Independence.
<u>GATE</u> – Gifted and Talented Education Program.
<u>GED</u> – General Educational Development

 $\textbf{Budget Abbreviations} \ (Continued):$

GFOA – Government and Financial Officers' Association

Budget Abbreviations (Continued):

GO – General Obligation (Bond)

<u>HPSGP</u> – High Priority Schools Grant Program

<u>IASA</u> – Improving America's Schools Act.

<u>IAU</u> – Independent Analysis Unit.

IDEA – Individuals with Disabilities Education Act

IEP – Individualized Education Program

<u>II/USP</u> – Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools Program

IMA – Instructional Materials (or "Materiel").

ITD - Information Technology Division.

JTPA – Job Training Partnership Act.

<u>KLCS – TV</u> – The District-owned and operated television station.

LAAMP – Los Angeles Annenberg Metropolitan Project.

<u>LACOE</u> – Los Angeles County Office of Education.

LAEP – Los Angeles Educational Partnership.

LAO – Legislative Analyst's Office

LCI – Licensed Children's Institution

<u>LEA</u> – Local Educational Agency (generally refers to a local school district).

<u>LEP</u> – Limited English Proficient or Proficiency.

LRE (Special Education Program) – Least Restrictive Environment.

MTYRE - Multi-Track Year-Round Education

NC – Non-Certificated (Classified) Salaries.

NCLB - No Child Left Behind

NPA (**Special Education Program**) – Nonpublic Agency.

NPS (Special Education Program) – Nonpublic School.

<u>NSF</u> – National Science Foundation.

OASDHI - Old Age, Survivors', Disability and Health Insurance (Social Security).

OPEB – Other Post-Employment Benefits.

<u>P1</u> – The First Principal Apportionment (for attendance accounting and State allocation purposes)

Budget Abbreviations (Continued):

P2 – The Second Principal Apportionment (for attendance accounting and State allocation purposes)

PAR – Peer Assistance and Review.

PD – Pending Distribution.

PERS – Public Employees' Retirement System.

PHBAO (TIIG/Student Integration Program) – Primarily Hispanic, Black, Asian and Other Non-White.

PI – Program Improvement

<u>PL</u> – Public Law. Applies to federal legislation (e.g., Public Law 94-142 would be abbreviated as PL 94-142).

PSP (TIIG/Student Integration Program) – Priority Staffing Program.

PWT (TIIG/Student Integration Program) – Permits With Transportation.

PYA – Prior Year Adjustment.

QEIA – Quality Education Investment Act

QZAB – Qualified Zone Academy Bonds.

RIF – Reduction in force.

ROC/P – Regional Occupational Centers/Programs.

ROC/SC – Regional Occupational Centers/Skills Centers.

RRGM – Routine Repair and General Maintenance.

RSP (Special Education Program) – Resource Specialist Program.

SACS – Standardized Account Code Structure.

SARB – School Attendance Review Board.

SARC - School Accountability Report Card

SB – Senate Bill. Applies to State legislation (e.g., Senate Bill 602 would be abbreviated SB 602).

SBE – State Board of Education.

SCA – Senate Constitutional Amendment.

SDC (Special Education Program) – Special Day Class.

SELPA – Special Education Local Plan Area

SFP (or SFEP) – Specially Funded Programs (or Specially Funded Educational Programs).

SFSF – State Fiscal Stabilization Fund

SI – School Improvement Program.

SRLDP (TIIG/Student Integration Program) – School Readiness Language Development Program.

STAR – Standardized Testing and Reporting

STRS – State Teachers' Retirement System.

$\textbf{Budget Abbreviations} \ (\textit{Continued}) :$

<u>**TAP** (or **TAAP**)</u> – Teachers As A Priority.

<u>TIIG</u> – Targeted Instructional Improvement Grant.

 \underline{TRANS} – Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes.

<u>**TUPE**</u> – Tobacco Use Prevention Education.

<u>UCTP (TIIG/Student Integration Program)</u> – Urban Classroom Teacher Program.

WIA – Workforce Investment Act.

YRS - Year-Round Schools.